

The following supplement accompanies the article

Marine open cage aquaculture in the eastern Mediterranean Sea: a new trophic resource for bottlenose dolphins

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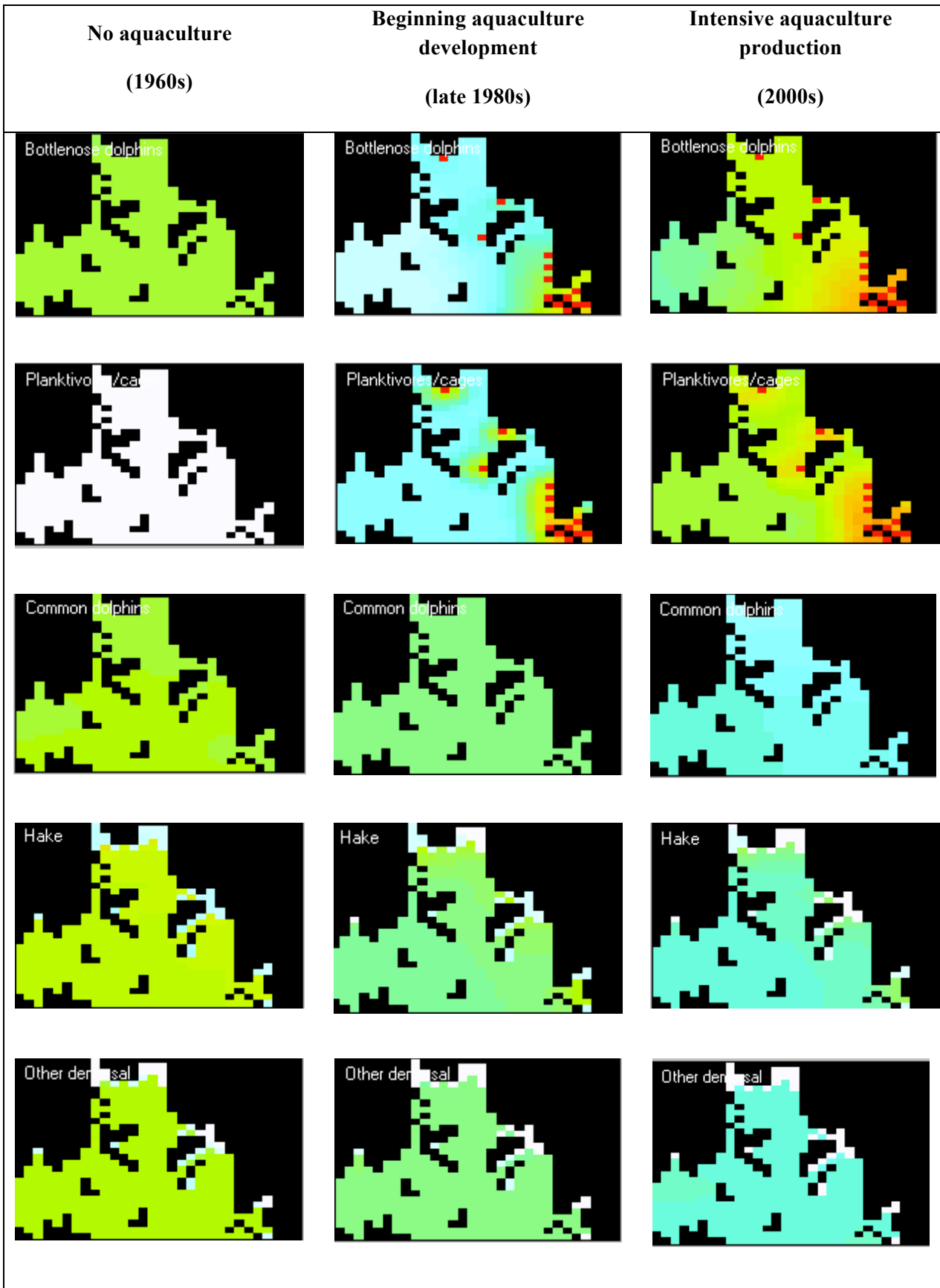
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SUPPLEMENT. Additional data



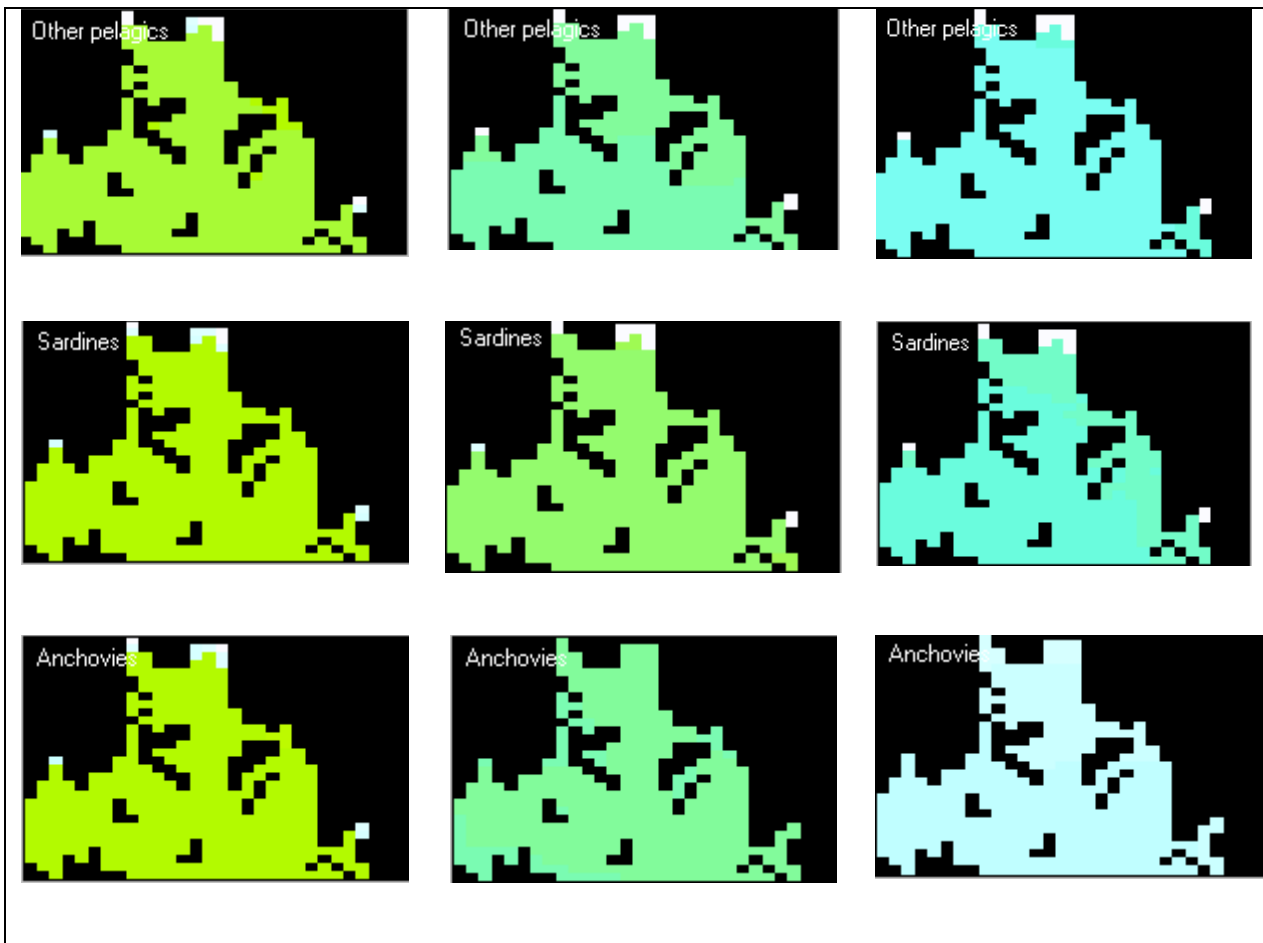


Fig. S1. *Ecospace* maps of the distributions of bottlenose dolphins *Tursiops truncatus*, their main prey sources, and common dolphins *Delphinus delphis* in 3 different time periods (no fish farms, early fish farm development, and intensive fish farming). The color range expresses relative biomass—blue: low biomass; green: average biomass of a given group in 1964 (*Ecopath* baseline); red: 2 or more times higher biomass; white: absence of biomass in those cells