Corrigendum

Testing for delayed mortality effects in the early marine life history of Columbia River Basin yearling Chinook salmon


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• In Fig. 2 on page 163, the release sites on the right-hand side of the figure were incorrect. The legend remains the same.
• In Fig. 4 on page 166, the two upper panels were shown as hatchery data only, but are actually hatchery and wild data combined. The legend has been changed accordingly.
• Furthermore, in the legend to Fig. 3 on page 165, ‘dotted black lines’ has been changed to ‘dashed black lines for consistency with the key and with Fig. 4.
• In the legend to Fig. 8 on page 174, the sentence ‘MCG-LIP is the cumulative survival estimate from McGousans Channel to Lippy Point.’ has been corrected to ‘MCG-LIP is the cumulative survival estimate from McGowans Channel to Lippy Point.’ This sentence has also been inserted into the legend to Fig. 9 on page 175.
• The revised Figs 2 & 4 and their legends are shown below and overleaf:

![Fig. 2. Oncorhynchus tshawytscha. Release dates for acoustic tagged Columbia River Basin yearling Chinook. STR: Snake transported; SIR: Snake in-river; CIR: Columbia in-river; MCIR: mid-Columbia in-river; UCIR: upper Columbia in-river; rel site: release site (abbreviations defined in Fig. 1)
Fig. 4. *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*. Run-timing of yearling smolts (kernel density estimates). The dotted black lines represent the general population of hatchery and wild smolts combined migrating through John Day (JDA) and Bonneville (BON) Dams. The solid and dashed black lines represent the general population of hatchery and wild smolts, respectively, migrating through Lower Granite (LGR; passage index data accessed from www.FPC.org, June 2013). Red dots represent in-river groups of acoustic tagged (AT) smolts and blue dots represent AT smolts transported from LGR. AT fish were captured 3 d before release in 2010 and 4 d before release in 2011.