

Susceptibility of Pacific white snook *Centropomus viridis* to *Vibrio* species

S. A. Soto-Rodriguez*, R. Lozano-Olvera, S. M. Abad-Rosales, J. M. Martínez-Brown,
L. Ibarra-Castro

*Corresponding author: ssoto@ciad.mx

Diseases of Aquatic Organisms 134: 189–195 (2019)

Table S1. Growth of the test strains on TSA and TCBS at several serial dilutions. Mean of CFU ml⁻¹ and the standard deviation in parenthesis. in: innumerable colonies; (-) <100 CFU ml⁻¹; nd: not determined

Strain	Growth after dilution				
	10 ⁻¹	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻³	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻⁵
TSA + 2.0 % NaCl					
CAIM 1622	in	in	9.53E+05 (9.07E+04)	9.33E+05 (1.53E+05)	–
CAIM 1508	1.50E+04 (1.45E+03)	1.57E+04 (2.08E+03)	3.33E+04 (3.21E+04)	nd	1.33E+06 (1.53E+05)
CAIM 1751	in	in	in	3.50E+06 (6.24E+04)	–
CAIM 8	nd	nd	nd	in	3.57E+08 (1.04E+07)
TCBS					
CAIM 1622	3.21E+04 (5.78E+03)	2.33E+04 (5.13E+03)	6.00E+04 (1.00E+04)	2.67E+05 (5.77E+04)	3.33E+05 (5.77E+04)
CAIM 1508	7.99E+04 (7.92E+03)	1.93E+04 (1.47E+04)	1.33E+04 (1.15E+04)	3.33E+04 (5.77E+03)	–
CAIM 1751	in	1.72E+05 (1.51E+04)	1.77E+05 (1.53E+04)	2.33E+05 (2.31E+04)	–
CAIM 8	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd

Table S2. Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of *Vibrio harveyi* CAIM 1508, *Vibrio ponticus* CAIM 1751 and *E. coli* reference strain. TSX: trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole.

Antibiotic	MIC ($\mu\text{g ml}^{-1}$)		
	CAIM 1508	CAIM 1751	<i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922
Oxytetracycline	500	<5	10
Enrofloxacin	20	10	<5
Florfenicol	50	50	100
Norfloxacin	20	20	<5
TSX	>1000	>1000	>1000
Amoxicillin	>1000	>1000	100
Ampicillin	>1000	>1000	20