

The following supplement accompanies the article

Diving ontogeny and lunar responses in a highly migratory mammal, the northern fur seal *Callorhinus ursinus*

Mary-Anne Lea^{1,2,*}, Devin Johnson¹, Sharon Melin¹, Rolf Ream¹, Tom Gelatt¹

¹National Marine Mammal Laboratory, AFSC, NOAA, 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Washington 98115, USA

²*Present address:* Marine Predator Unit, Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies, University of Tasmania, Private Bag 129, Hobart, Tasmania 7001, Australia

*Email: maryanne.lea@utas.edu.au

Marine Ecology Progress Series 419:233–247 (2010)

Supplement. Additional data

Fig. S1. *Callorhinus ursinus*. The sample sizes of northern fur seal pups for which dive data were received via satellite in 2005 and 2006

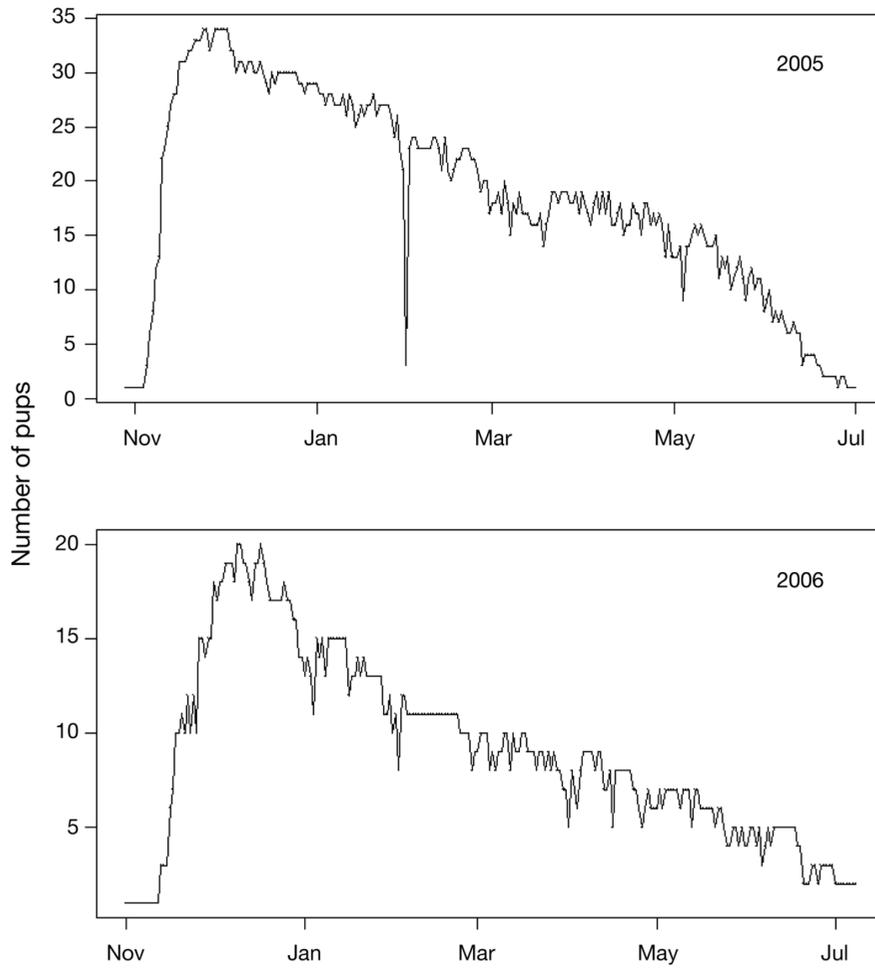


Table S1. *Callorhinus ursinus*. Dive depth (m) and duration bins (s) for northern fur seal pup dive data

Bin no.	Dive depth	Depth bin mid-point	Dive duration	Duration bin mid-point
1	1–2	1.5	0–15	7.5
2	2.5–5	3.5	16–30	22.5
3	5.5–10	7.5	31–60	45
4	10.5–20	15	61–90	75
5	20.5–35	27.5	91–120	105
6	35.5–50	42.5	121–150	135
7	50.5–75	62.5	151–180	165
8	75.5–100	87.5	181–210	195
9	100.5–125	112.5	211–240	225
10	125.5–150	137.5	241–270	255
11	150.5–175	162.5	271–300	285
12	175.5–200	187.5	301–330	315
13	200.5–225	212.5	331–360	345
14	>225	225	>360	360