

Ecosystem effects of contemporary life-history changes are comparable to those of fishing

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Supplement 1. Details of the Atlantis ecosystem model and fisheries selectivity curve parameters.

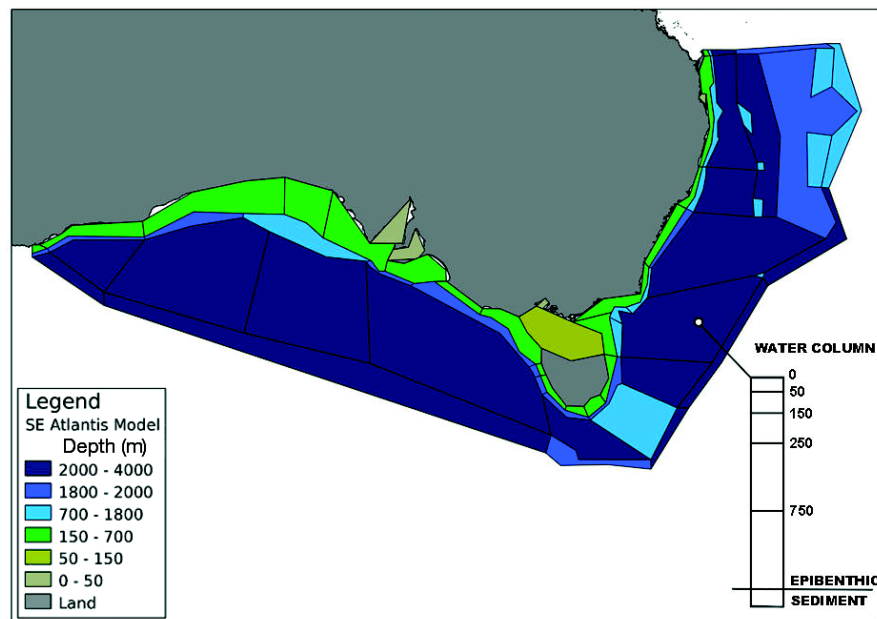


Fig. S1. Map of the Atlantis-SE model domain. The polygons indicate individual geographic boxes, each with its own vertical structure (one example column is provided for reference). Detailed descriptions of the processes are given in Fulton et al. (2004; operational equations given in Supplements for that article) and Fulton et al. (2007) chapters 2.1 to 2.3

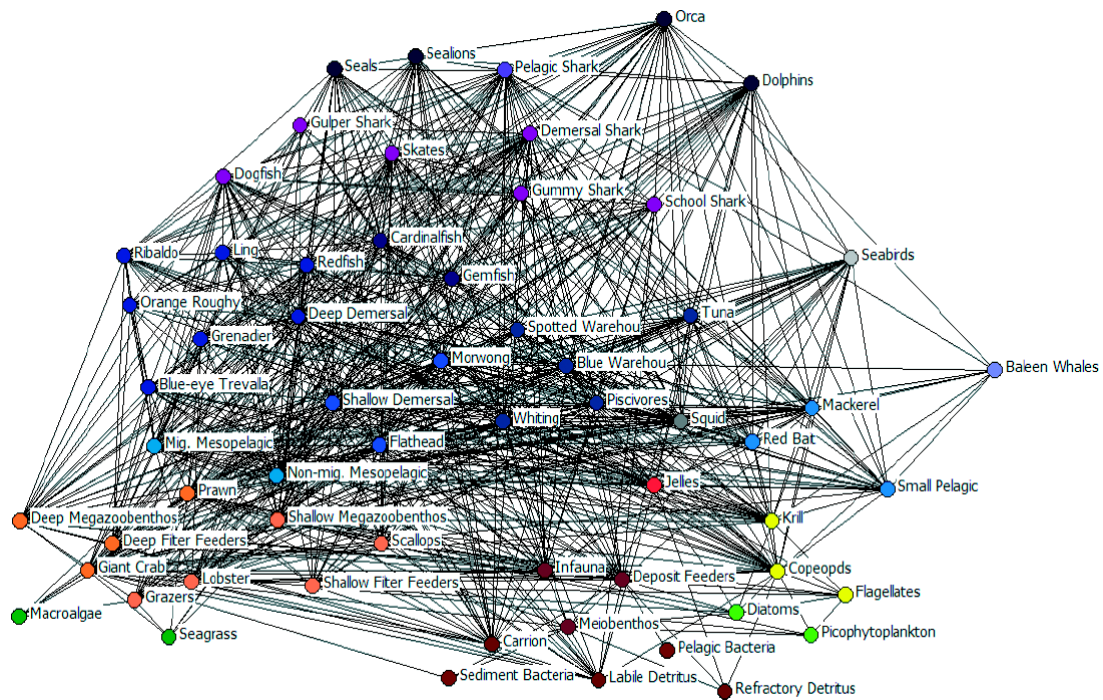


Fig. S2. Food-web diagram indicating links among the functional groups in the Atlantis model

Table S1. List of biological groups in Atlantis-SE and whether they are represented as biomass pools, age structured biomass pool (i.e. biomass pools for juveniles separate to adults) or full age-structured populations (where the size and numbers per age class are followed). Species that were fished and decreasing in body size are highlighted in **bold**

Group	Composition	Type
<i>Pelagic groups</i>		
Large phytoplankton	Diatoms	Biomass pool
Small phytoplankton	Picophytoplankton	Biomass pool
Small zooplankton	Heterotrophic flagellates	Biomass pool
Mesozooplankton	Copepods	Biomass pool
Large zooplankton	Krill and chaetognaths	Biomass pool
Gelatinous zooplankton	Salps (pyrosomes), coelenterates	Biomass pool
Pelagic bacteria	Pelagic attached and free-living bacteria	Biomass pool
Cephalopods	<i>Sepioteuthis australis</i> , <i>Notodarus gouldi</i>	Age structured biomass pool
<i>Benthic groups</i>		
Sediment bacteria	Aerobic and anaerobic bacteria	Biomass pool
Carnivorous infauna	Polychaetes	Biomass pool
Deposit feeders	Holothurians, echinoderms, burrowing bivalves	Biomass pool
Deep water filter feeders	Sponges, corals, crinoids, bivalves	Biomass pool
Other filter feeders	Mussels, oysters, sponges, corals	Biomass pool
Scallops	<i>Pecten fumatus</i>	Biomass pool
Herbivorous grazers	Urchins, <i>Haliotis laevis</i> , <i>Haliotis rubra</i> , gastropods	Biomass pool
Deep water megazoobenthos	Crustacea, asteroids, molluscs	Biomass pool
Shallow water megazoobenthos	Stomatopods, octopus, seastar, gastropod, and non-commercial crustaceans	Biomass pool
Rock lobster	<i>Jasus edwardsii</i> , <i>Jasus verreauxi</i>	Biomass pool
Meiobenthos	Meiobenthos	Biomass pool
Macroalgae	Kelp	Biomass pool
Seagrass	Seagrass	Biomass pool
Prawns	<i>Haliporoides sibogae</i>	Age structured biomass pool
<i>Fin-fish</i>		
Small pelagics	<i>Engraulis</i> , <i>Sardinops</i> , sprat	Age structured
Red bait	Emmelichthyidae (<i>Emmelichthys nitidus</i>)	Age structured
Mackerel	<i>Trachurus declivis</i> , <i>Scomber australis</i>	Age structured

Group	Composition	Type
Migratory mesopelagics	Myctophids	Age structured
Non-migratory mesopelagics	Sternophychids, cyclothene (lightfish)	Age structured
School whiting	<i>Sillago</i>	Age structured
Shallow water piscivores	Barracouta, <i>Arripis</i> , , <i>Seriola</i> , leatherjackets	Age structured
Blue warehou	<i>Seriolella brama</i>	Age structured
Silver warehou	<i>Seriolella punctata</i>	Age structured
Tuna and billfish	<i>Thunnus</i> , <i>Makaira</i> , <i>Tetrapturus</i> , <i>Xiphias</i>	Age structured
Gemfish	<i>Rexea solandri</i>	Age structured
Shallow water demersal fish	Flounder, <i>Pagrus auratus</i> , Labridae, <i>Chelidonichthys kumu</i> , <i>Pterygotrigla</i> , <i>Sillaginoides punctata</i> , <i>Zeus faber</i>	Age structured
Flathead	<i>Neoplatycephalus richardsoni</i>, <i>Platycephalus</i>	Age structured
Redfish	<i>Centroberyx</i>	Age structured
Morwong	<i>Nemadactylus</i>	Age structured
Ling	<i>Genypterus blacodes</i>	Age structured
Blue grenadier	<i>Macruronus novaezelandiae</i>	Age structured
Blue-eye trevalla	<i>Hyperoglyphe Antarctica</i>	Age structured
Ribaldo	<i>Mora moro</i>	Age structured
Orange roughy	<i>Hoplostethus atlanticus</i>	Age structured
Dories and oreos	Oreosomatidae, Macrouridae, <i>Zenopsis</i>	Age structured
Cardinalfish	Cardinalfish	Age structured
<i>Sharks and Seabirds</i>		
Gummy shark	<i>Mustelus antarcticus</i>	Age structured
School shark	<i>Galeorhinus galeus</i>	Age structured
Demersal sharks	<i>Heterodontus portusjacksoni</i> , Scyliorhinidae, Orectolobidae	Age structured
Pelagic sharks	<i>Prionace glauca</i> , <i>Isurus oxyrinchus</i> , <i>Carcharodon carcharias</i> , <i>Carcharhinus</i>	Age structured
Dogfish	Squalidae	Age structured
Gulper sharks	<i>Centrophorus</i>	Age structured
Skates and rays	Rajidae, Dasyatidae	Age structured
Seabirds	Albatross, shearwater, gulls, terns, gannets, penguins	Age structured
<i>Mammals</i>		
Seals	<i>Arctocephalus pusillus doriferus</i> , <i>Arctocephalus forsteri</i>	Age structured
Sea lion	<i>Neophoca cinerea</i>	Age structured
Dolphins	Delphinidae	Age structured
Orcas	<i>Orcinus orca</i>	Age structured
Baleen whales	<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i> , <i>Balaenoptera</i> , <i>Eubalaena australis</i>	Age structured

Selectivity curve and parameters

Fishing was done using logistic selectivity curve, where retention probability at length L is $1/(1 + \exp[-b \times (L - a)])$

Here **a** is the inflection point (or 50% selectivity) and **b** is the shape parameter. The parameter values for the 5 harvested species are:

	a	b
Morwong	28.0	0.5
Warehou	21.0	0.25
Blue grenadier	50.0	0.35
Flathead	33.2	0.5
Ling	50.0	0.35

LITERATURE CITED

- Fulton EA, Fuller M, Smith ADM, Punt A (2004) Australian Fisheries Management Authority Report R99/1546. CSIRO, Hobart
- Fulton EA, Smith ADM, Smith DC (2007) Alternative management strategies for southeast Australian Commonwealth fisheries: Stage 2: quantitative management strategy evaluation. Australian Fisheries Management Authority, Fisheries Research and Development Corporation. <http://atlantis.cmar.csiro.au>