

Supplementary Document 1. R scripts to perform spatial point process analysis and covariate processing.

##### Script to Perform Spatial Point Process Analysis Presented in:

##### Sympatry and resource partitioning between the largest krill consumers around the Antarctic Peninsula

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##### Elements of this analysis have been adapted from a script developed by Devin Johnson

##### for analyses presented in:

##### Hooten et al. 2017. Animal movement: statistical models for telemetry data

##### Script developed by Trevor Joyce

##### Version 3.0 (May 6, 2021)

##### TAGS #####

#Import TAGS from ARGOSPRD.mdb queries

```
TAGS=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
                  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",  
                  "Deployment Table.csv",sep = ""),stringsAsFactors=F)
```

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time

```
TAGS$Deploy.date = as.POSIXct(TAGS$Deploy.date,format="%m/%d/%y %H:%M",tz="GMT")
```

##### ARGOS #####

```
ARGOS = data.frame()
```

#### Import killer whale ARGOS data from .diag files provided by John (data on WC portal is not complete)

#### both were tagged in the pre-2012 field seasons (this data has been concatenated and seconds have been lost from time stamps)

```
for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
                        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",  
                        "Killer Whale Data/DIAG_kalman filter", sep = ""))[1:2])
```

```
{ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
                          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",
```

```
"Killer Whale Data/DIAG_kalman filter/",i,sep = ""),stringsAsFactors = F)

#rename columns to match the structure of Wildlife Computers Location.csv output files
colnames(ARGOS_temp)[which(colnames(ARGOS_temp)%in%c("PTT","Location.date","Location
.class",
                "Semi.major.axis","Semi.minor.axis",
                "Ellipse.orientation"))] = c("Ptt","Date","Quality",
                "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                "Error.Semi.minor.axis",
                "Error.Ellipse.orientation")
#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = ""
ARGOS_temp$Comment = ""
#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(strptime(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%m/%d/%Y
%H:%M",tz="GMT"))

ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt","SPP","Date","Quality","Latitude","Longitude",
                "Error.radius","Error.Semi.major.axis",
                "Error.Semi.minor.axis","Error.Ellipse.orientation",
                "Comment")]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS,ARGOS_temp)
}

##### Import killer whale ARGOS data from .diag files provided by John (data on WC portal is not
complete)
##### both were tagged in the 2012-present field seasons

for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",
                "Killer Whale Data/DIAG_kalman filter", sep = ""))[-c(1:2)])
{ARGOS_temp=try(read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",
                "Killer Whale Data/DIAG_kalman filter/",i,sep = "")),stringsAsFactors = F))

#handle an error (duplicated row names) that arises from inconsistent formatting of Kalman
filter DIAG message files
```

```
if(class(ARGOS_temp)=="try-error")
{ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",
                          "Killer Whale Data/DIAG_kalman filter/",i,sep = ""),stringsAsFactors =
F,row.names = NULL)

#shift column names over by one (column names erroneously shifted by row.names = NULL
above)
colnames(ARGOS_temp) = c(colnames(ARGOS_temp)[-1],"X32")

#handle an error (duplicated row names) that arises from inconsistent formatting of Kalman
filter DIAG message files
if(nrow(ARGOS_temp)==1)
{ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",
                          "Killer Whale Data/DIAG_kalman filter/",i,sep = ""),stringsAsFactors =
F,row.names = NULL)

#shift column names over by one (column names erroneously shifted by row.names = NULL
above)
colnames(ARGOS_temp) = c(colnames(ARGOS_temp)[-1],"X32")

#rename columns to match the structure of Wildlife Computers Location.csv output files
colnames(ARGOS_temp)[which(colnames(ARGOS_temp)%in%c("PTT","Location.date","Location
.class",
                                                    "Semi.major.axis","Semi.minor.axis",
                                                    "Ellipse.orientation"))] = c("Ptt","Date","Quality",
                                                    "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                                                    "Error.Semi.minor.axis",
                                                    "Error.Ellipse.orientation")

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = ""
ARGOS_temp$Comment = ""

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%Y/%m/%d
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt","SPP","Date","Quality","Latitude","Longitude",
                          "Error.radius","Error.Semi.major.axis",
```

```
      "Error.Semi.minor.axis", "Error.Ellipse.orientation",
      "Comment" ] ]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS, ARGOS_temp)
}

#remove non-Antarctic data included in DIAG Kalman folder
ARGOS = ARGOS[ARGOS$Ptt%in%TAGS$PTT,]

#assign species code (SPP) from TAGS to unlabeled datarows from DIAG Kalman folder
for(i in unique(ARGOS$Ptt))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$Ptt == i, c("SPP")] = TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i, c("SPP")]}

##### Import O. orca (KW-C) ARGOS data from -Location.csv files provided by Giancarlo and
Enrico
##### these are LIMPET tags) deployed by Giancarlo and Enrico in the 2014-15 field season
for(i in c(143823, 143824, 143825, 143826, 143828, 143830,
          143831, 143832, 143833, 143834))
{ARGOS_temp = read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                             "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Killer Whale Data/",
                             i, "/", i, "-Locations.csv", sep = ""), stringsAsFactors = F)

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = "KWC"

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date, format="%H:%M:%S %d-%b-
%Y", tz="GMT")

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[, c("Ptt", "SPP", "Date", "Quality", "Latitude", "Longitude",
                             "Error.radius", "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                             "Error.Semi.minor.axis", "Error.Ellipse.orientation",
                             "Comment" ) ] ]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]
```

```
#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS,ARGOS_temp)
}

##### Import B. bonarensis ARGOS data from WC portal -Location.csv files provided by Gin
##### these are implant (as opposed to LIMPET tags) deployed by Ari's group 2012-13 and 2016-
17 field seasons
for(i in c(112731, 112732, 112733, 112734, 112736, 112741,
          112745, 112747, 112748, 112750, 166115, 166116, 166118))
{ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Minke Data/",i,"/",
                           i,"-Locations.csv",sep = ""),stringsAsFactors = F)

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = "Bb"

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%H:%M:%S %d-%b-
%Y",tz="GMT")

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt","SPP","Date","Quality","Latitude","Longitude",
                           "Error.radius","Error.Semi.major.axis",
                           "Error.Semi.minor.axis","Error.Ellipse.orientation",
                           "Comment")]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS,ARGOS_temp)
}

##### Import B. bonarensis ARGOS data from .diag files provided by John (data on WC portal is
not complete)
##### both were tagged in the 2013-14 field season
for(i in c(131101,131107))
{#handle an error (duplicated row names) that arises from inconsistent formatting of Kalman
filter DIAG message files
  ARGOS_temp = read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking",
```

```
"/Data/Minke Data/" ,i,"/","i",".csv",sep = ""),header = T,sep =
";",stringsAsFactors = F,row.names = NULL)

#shift column names over by one (column names erroneously shifted by row.names = NULL
above)
colnames(ARGOS_temp) = c(colnames(ARGOS_temp)[-1],"X32")

#rename columns to match the structure of Wildlife Computers Location.csv output files

colnames(ARGOS_temp)[which(colnames(ARGOS_temp)%in%c("PTT","Location.date","Location
.class",
                "Semi.major.axis","Semi.minor.axis",
                "Ellipse.orientation"))] = c("Ptt","Date","Quality",
                "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                "Error.Semi.minor.axis",
                "Error.Ellipse.orientation")

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = "Bb"
ARGOS_temp$Comment = ""

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%Y/%m/%d
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt","SPP","Date","Quality","Latitude","Longitude",
                "Error.radius","Error.Semi.major.axis",
                "Error.Semi.minor.axis","Error.Ellipse.orientation",
                "Comment")]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS,ARGOS_temp)
}

#### Import B. bonarensis ARGOS data from WC portal -Location.csv files provided by Gin
#### this includes the following PTT numbers (131108, 131117, 131118, 131120, 154184)
#### these are LIMPET tags deployed by John and Bob 2014-15 field season and by Ari's group
2015-16 field season
```

```
ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/Minke Data/",
                        "WAP_minke_2015-16.csv",sep = ""),stringsAsFactors = F)

#rename columns to match the structure of Wildlife Computers Location.csv output files
colnames(ARGOS_temp)[which(colnames(ARGOS_temp)%in%c("Platform.ID.No.", "Loc..quality"
,
                        "Loc..date", "Semi.major.axis",
                        "Semi.minor.axis",
                        "Ellipse.orientation"))] = c("Ptt", "Quality", "Date",
                        "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                        "Error.Semi.minor.axis",
                        "Error.Ellipse.orientation")

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = "Bb"
ARGOS_temp$Comment = ""

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%Y-%m-%d
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt", "SPP", "Date", "Quality", "Latitude", "Longitude",
                        "Error.radius", "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                        "Error.Semi.minor.axis", "Error.Ellipse.orientation",
                        "Comment")]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS,ARGOS_temp)

#### Import M. novaeangliae ARGOS data from WC portal -Location.csv files provided by Gin
#### these are LIMPET tags deployed by Ari's group 2015-16 and 2016-17 field seasons
for(i in c(131111,131115,131116,131127,131128,131130,131132,131133,
          131134,131136,131142,131156,131158,131159,131162,154187))
{ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Humpback Data/",i,"/",
                          i,"-Locations.csv",sep = ""),stringsAsFactors = F)

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
```

```
ARGOS_temp$SPP = "Mn"

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%H:%M:%S %d-%b-
%Y",tz="GMT")

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt","SPP","Date","Quality","Latitude","Longitude",
"Error.radius","Error.Semi.major.axis",
"Error.Semi.minor.axis","Error.Ellipse.orientation",
"Comment")]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS,ARGOS_temp)
}

remove(ARGOS_temp)

##### Import additional M. novaeangliae ARGOS data from files provided by Ben Weinstein
##### these are LIMPET tags deployed by Ari's group 2012 - 2016 field seasons
##### (some overlap with individual files from Gin so need to remove duplicates)
ARGOS_temp=read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Humpback Data/",
"Humpback.csv",sep = ""),
stringsAsFactors = F)

colnames(ARGOS_temp) <- c("X","Date","Time","Longitude","Latitude","Quality",
"Error.Ellipse.orientation","Error.Semi.major.axis",
"Error.Semi.minor.axis","Ptt","Ptt.1","Common.Name","Species")

#assign a species id column (SPP) and Comment column where missing
ARGOS_temp$SPP = "Mn"

#read date-time stamp from character string and reformat as POSIXct date time
ARGOS_temp$Date <- paste(ARGOS_temp$Date, ARGOS_temp$Time, sep = " ")
ARGOS_temp$Date = as.POSIXct(ARGOS_temp$Date,format="%m/%d/%y
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")

#Add columns not included in this dataset
```



```
ARGOS_temp$error.radius <- NA
ARGOS_temp$comment <- NA

#remove records that duplicate information from PTTs directly imported from Location.csv files
above
ARGOS_temp =
ARGOS_temp[!ARGOS_temp$Ptt%in%c(131111,131115,131116,131127,131128,131130,13113
2,131133,
                                131134,131136,131142,131156,131158,131159,131162,154187),]

#remove rows where location or time-stamp information is missing
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Latitude),]
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[!is.na(ARGOS_temp$Date),]

#select a unified set of columns that are consistently found in all raw data formats
ARGOS_temp = ARGOS_temp[,c("Ptt", "SPP", "Date", "Quality", "Latitude", "Longitude",
                           "Error.radius", "Error.Semi.major.axis",
                           "Error.Semi.minor.axis", "Error.Ellipse.orientation",
                           "Comment")]

#append rows to overall ARGOS data.frame
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS, ARGOS_temp)

#Clean-up
remove(ARGOS_temp, i)

#Shift column names upper case and adjust DATE column name to match subsequent CTCRW
code
colnames(ARGOS) = toupper(colnames(ARGOS))
colnames(ARGOS)[which(colnames(ARGOS)%in%c("DATE"))] <- c("DATE_TIME")

#Order observations by PTT and then DATE_TIME (deals with mixed and unordered data from
DIAG files)
ARGOS = ARGOS[order(ARGOS$PTT, ARGOS$DATE_TIME),]

# Flag records from prior to deployment date
# (these have been rounded to day because of inconsistent reporting of deployment times)
for(i in unique(ARGOS$PTT))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i & ARGOS$DATE_TIME<lubridate::floor_date(TAGS[TAGS$PTT==i
, "Deploy.date"]), "DEPLOY"] <- "PRE-DEPLOYMENT"
ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i & ARGOS$DATE_TIME>lubridate::floor_date(TAGS[TAGS$PTT==i
, "Deploy.date"]), "DEPLOY"] <- "DEPLOYMENT"}
```

```

#assign a tagging REGION from TAGS to ARGOS records
for(i in unique(ARGOS$PTT))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,c("REGION")] = TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,c("Region")]}}

#Apply a pre-modeling Speed-Distance-Angle-filter (Freitas et al. 2008) to extract "erroneous"
values
#(vmax set to unrealistically high 28 m/s to remove only egregiously outlying points)
ARGOS$FILTERED = NA

for(i in unique(ARGOS[ARGOS$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT","PTT"]))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i &
  ARGOS$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT","FILTERED"] <- argosfilter::sdafilter(lat =
ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i &

ARGOS$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT","LATITUDE"],
                        lon = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i &

ARGOS$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT","LONGITUDE"],
                        dtime = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i &

ARGOS$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT","DATE_TIME"],
                        lc = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT==i &
                          ARGOS$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT","QUALITY"],
                        vmax = 28)}

ARGOS[,c("ln.sd.x","ln.sd.y","error.corr","diag.check")] = NA

# ARGOS[!is.na(ARGOS$ERROR.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS) & !is.na(ARGOS$ERROR.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS)
&
#   ARGOS$ERROR.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS==0 & ARGOS$ERROR.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS==0 ,
c("ERROR.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS",
#   "ERROR.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS",
#   "ERROR.ELLIPSE.ORIENTATION")] = NA

##### Calculate the variance-covariance matrix used in CTCRW models for ARGOS
##### records that contain Kalman filter error ellipse information

for(i in unique(ARGOS[!is.na(ARGOS$ERROR.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS),"PTT"]))
{## place Kalman filter error ellipse information in a model matrix that can be used by
## crawl::argosDiag2Cov to back out a variance-covariance matrix used in CTCRW model
## (rows with ERROR.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS and ERROR.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS values of 0 removed
## to avoid "faulty Argos error correlation" error)

```

```
DIAG_DATA_temp = stats::model.matrix(~ ERROR.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS +
ERROR.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS + ERROR.ELLIPSE.ORIENTATION,
      model.frame(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
        & !is.na(ARGOS$error.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS)
        & !is.na(ARGOS$error.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS)
        & ARGOS$error.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS!=0
        & ARGOS$error.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS!=0,], na.action =
na.pass))[, -1]

## calculate variance-covariance matrix used in CTCRW model
DIAG_DATA_temp =
crawl::argosDiag2Cov(DIAG_DATA_temp[,1],DIAG_DATA_temp[,2],DIAG_DATA_temp[,3])

## add variance and correlation information to ARGOS
ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
  & !is.na(ARGOS$error.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS)
  & !is.na(ARGOS$error.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS)
  & ARGOS$error.SEMI.MAJOR.AXIS!=0
  & ARGOS$error.SEMI.MINOR.AXIS!=0,c("ln.sd.x","ln.sd.y","error.corr","diag.check")] =
DIAG_DATA_temp

}

remove(DIAG_DATA_temp)

## Preserve LONGITUDE and LATITUDE in geographic coordinates that will not be overwritten
by CTCRW
ARGOS$LONGITUDE_RAW <- ARGOS$LONGITUDE
ARGOS$LATITUDE_RAW <- ARGOS$LATITUDE

## Preserve LONGITUDE and LATITUDE in geographic coordinates before transformation to
projected coordinates
ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS <- ARGOS$LONGITUDE
ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS <- ARGOS$LATITUDE

## Save as set of coordinates in 0:360 longitude for plotting across the dateline
ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS_360 <-
ifelse(ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS<0,ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS+360,ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS)
ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS_360 <- ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS

## convert to sp object and project to standard GPS/Argos projection
library(sp)
coordinates(ARGOS) <- ~ LONGITUDE + LATITUDE
```

```
proj4string(ARGOS) <- "+init=epsg:4326"

## separate West Antarctic Peninsular records from Ross Sea records
## which will be projected separately using locally specific projections
ARGOS_WAP_temp = ARGOS[ARGOS$REGION %in% c("WAP","Weddell"),]

## Create a custom Projected Coordinate system projection for movement modeling
## specific to the bounding dimensions of each study area
PROJ_WAP= paste("+proj=aea",
  "+lat_1=",-60,
  "+lat_2=",-70,
  "+lat_0=",-65,
  "+lon_0=",-60,
  "+x_0=0 +y_0=0 +ellps=GRS80 +datum=NAD83 +units=m",sep="")

## Transform coordinates to new custom projection
ARGOS_WAP_temp <- spTransform(ARGOS_WAP_temp, CRS(PROJ_WAP))

## separate Ross Sea records from West Antarctic Peninsular records
## which will be projected separately using locally specific projections
ARGOS_ROSS_temp = ARGOS[ARGOS$REGION == "Ross",]

## Create a custom Projected Coordinate system projection for movement modeling
## specific to the bounding dimensions of each study area
PROJ_ROSS= paste("+proj=aea",
  "+lat_1=",-70,
  "+lat_2=",-80,
  "+lat_0=",-75,
  "+lon_0=",165,
  "+x_0=0 +y_0=0 +ellps=GRS80 +datum=NAD83 +units=m",sep="")

## Transform coordinates to new custom projection
ARGOS_ROSS_temp <- spTransform(ARGOS_ROSS_temp, CRS(PROJ_ROSS))

## convert from a SpatialPointsDataFrame back to a dataframe (expected input for crwMLE)
ARGOS_WAP_temp <- as.data.frame(ARGOS_WAP_temp)
ARGOS_ROSS_temp <- as.data.frame(ARGOS_ROSS_temp)

## bring the two parts back together and clean up
ARGOS = rbind(ARGOS_WAP_temp,ARGOS_ROSS_temp)

remove(ARGOS_WAP_temp,ARGOS_ROSS_temp)
```

```

## create a time (hours) to next ARGOS fix column (TIME_DIFF) to identify duty cycle periods
for(i in unique(ARGOS$PTT))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"TIME_DIFF"] <- as.numeric(difftime(time1 = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT ==
i,"DATE_TIME"][c(2:nrow(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,]),
                                nrow(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,])),
                                time2 = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT ==
i,"DATE_TIME"][1:nrow(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,])],
                                units = "hours"))}

## Update TAGS data.frame with ARGOS transmission information

for(i in unique(ARGOS$PTT)){

  ## add DATE_TIME of first ARGOS transmission
  if(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"DATE_TIME"][1] > TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"Deploy.date"])
  {TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START"] <- ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"DATE_TIME"][1]}
  else {TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START"] <- TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"Deploy.date"]}

  ## add DATE_TIME of last ARGOS transmission
  TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"ARGOS_END"] <- rev(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"DATE_TIME"])[1]

  ## add start of duty cycling TAGS data.frame
  if(length(which(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"TIME_DIFF"]>24))>0)
  {TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START_DUTY"] <- ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i &
ARGOS$TIME_DIFF>24
                                & ARGOS$DATE_TIME > TAGS[TAGS$PTT ==
i,"Deploy.date"],"DATE_TIME"][1]}

  ## add start of migration to TAGS data.frame
  if(length(which(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"REGION"] %in% c("WAP","Weddell") &
ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"LATITUDE_GCS"]> -60))>0)
  {TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START_MIG"] <- ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i &
ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS> -60
                                & ARGOS$DATE_TIME > TAGS[TAGS$PTT ==
i,"Deploy.date"],"DATE_TIME"][1]}

  if(length(which(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"REGION"]=="Ross" & ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT ==
i,"LATITUDE_GCS"]> -71))>0)
  {TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START_MIG"] <- ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i &
ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS> -71
                                & ARGOS$DATE_TIME > TAGS[TAGS$PTT ==
i,"Deploy.date"],"DATE_TIME"][1]}

```

```

}

TAGS$ARGOS_START <- crawl::intToPOSIX(TAGS$ARGOS_START)
TAGS$ARGOS_END <- crawl::intToPOSIX(TAGS$ARGOS_END)
TAGS$ARGOS_START_DUTY <- crawl::intToPOSIX(TAGS$ARGOS_START_DUTY)
TAGS$ARGOS_START_MIG <- crawl::intToPOSIX(TAGS$ARGOS_START_MIG)

# Create a date corresponding to the format of raster names (timestamps)
ARGOS$YEAR=as.numeric(as.character(lubridate::year(ARGOS$DATE_TIME)))
ARGOS$MONTH=sprintf("%02d",as.numeric(lubridate::month(ARGOS$DATE_TIME)))
ARGOS$DAY=sprintf("%02d",as.numeric(as.character(lubridate::day(ARGOS$DATE_TIME))))
ARGOS$RAST_DATE=paste("X",ARGOS$YEAR,"_",ARGOS$MONTH,"_",ARGOS$DAY,sep="")

Sys.setenv(TZ="GMT")
ARGOS$SUNRISE=maptools::sunriset(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS)),
                                as.POSIXct(ARGOS["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
                                direction="sunrise", POSIXct.out=TRUE)$time
#restore sunset to chron times object
ARGOS$SUNSET=maptools::sunriset(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS)),
                                as.POSIXct(ARGOS["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
                                direction="sunset", POSIXct.out=TRUE)$time
ARGOS$SUN_ELEV=maptools::solarpos(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS)),
                                  as.POSIXct(ARGOS["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
                                  direction="sunset", POSIXct.out=TRUE)[,2]
ARGOS$SUN_AZI=maptools::solarpos(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS$LATITUDE_GCS)),
                                  as.POSIXct(ARGOS["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
                                  direction="sunset", POSIXct.out=TRUE)[,1]

##### MIGRATION #####

#Import manually scored migration timing landmarks (departure, turning, return, end)

MIGRATION = read.csv(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/",
                          "MIGRATION_DATES.csv",sep = ""),stringsAsFactors=F)

MIGRATION$OUT_MIG= paste(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG_DATE,MIGRATION$OUT_MIG_TIME)
MIGRATION$TURN = paste(MIGRATION$TURN_DATE,MIGRATION$TURN_TIME)

```

```

MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N =
paste(MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N_DATE,MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N_TIME)
MIGRATION$IN_MIG = paste(MIGRATION$IN_MIG_DATE,MIGRATION$IN_MIG_TIME)
MIGRATION$END_MIG = paste(MIGRATION$END_MIG_DATE,MIGRATION$END_MIG_TIME)

MIGRATION$OUT_MIG = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG,format="%m/%d/%y
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")
MIGRATION$TURN = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$TURN,format="%m/%d/%y
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")
MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N,format="%m/%d/%y
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")
MIGRATION$IN_MIG = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$IN_MIG,format="%m/%d/%y
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")
MIGRATION$END_MIG = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$END_MIG,format="%m/%d/%y
%H:%M:%S",tz="GMT")

MIGRATION = subset(MIGRATION,select = -c(OUT_MIG_DATE, OUT_MIG_TIME, TURN_DATE,
TURN_TIME,
                FURTHEST_N_DATE, FURTHEST_N_TIME,
                IN_MIG_DATE, IN_MIG_TIME, END_MIG_DATE, END_MIG_TIME))

for(i in unique(MIGRATION$PTT)){

  ## add DATE_TIME of first ARGOS transmission
  if(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i,"DATE_TIME"][1] > TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"Deploy.date"])
  {MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START"] <- ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT ==
i,"DATE_TIME"][1]}
  else {MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i,"ARGOS_START"] <- TAGS[TAGS$PTT ==
i,"Deploy.date"]}

  ## add DATE_TIME of last ARGOS transmission
  MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i,"ARGOS_END"] <- rev(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT ==
i,"DATE_TIME"][1])

  Sys.setenv(TZ='GMT')
  MIGRATION$ARGOS_START = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$ARGOS_START,origin = "1970-01-01"
,tz="GMT")
  MIGRATION$ARGOS_END = as.POSIXct(MIGRATION$ARGOS_END,origin = "1970-01-01"
,tz="GMT")

  for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))
  {MIGRATION$J_ARGOS_START[i]=as.numeric(base::julian(MIGRATION$ARGOS_START[i],

```

```

origin =
as.POSIXct(paste(lubridate::year(MIGRATION$ARGOS_START[i]),
                  01,01,sep = "-"),
            tz = "GMT"))+1} #Calculate Day of Year - doesn't work
unless looped because origin only first value in DATES frame
MIGRATION$J_OUT_MIG = NA
for(i in which(!is.na(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG)))
{MIGRATION$J_OUT_MIG[i]=as.numeric(base::julian(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG[i],
        origin = as.POSIXct(paste(lubridate::year(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG[i]),
        01,01,sep = "-"),
        tz = "GMT")))+1} #Calculate Day of Year - doesn't work
unless looped because origin only first value in DATES frame

```

```

MIGRATION$DURATION_PRE_MIG =
as.numeric(difftime(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG,MIGRATION$ARGOS_START,
                    units = "days"))

```

```

MIGRATION$DURATION_OUT_MIG =
as.numeric(difftime(MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N,MIGRATION$OUT_MIG,
                    units = "days"))

```

```

MIGRATION$DURATION_IN_MIG =
as.numeric(difftime(MIGRATION$END_MIG,MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N,
                    units = "days"))

```

```

MIGRATION$DURATION_POST_MIG =
as.numeric(difftime(MIGRATION$ARGOS_END,MIGRATION$END_MIG,
                    units = "days"))

```

```

MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == 129722,"DURATION_PRE_MIG"][2] =
as.numeric(difftime(MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == 129722,"OUT_MIG"][2],
                    MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT ==
129722,"END_MIG"][1],
                    units = "days"))

```

```

MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == 129722,"DURATION_POST_MIG"][1] =
as.numeric(difftime(MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == 129722,"OUT_MIG"][2],
                    MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT ==
129722,"END_MIG"][1],
                    units = "days"))

```

```

# Assign MIGRATION status based on manually scored
# migration timing landmarks (departure, turning, return, end)

```



```

ARGOS$MIGRATION = "PRE_MIG"

for(i in which(!is.na(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG)))
{ ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
  & ARGOS$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$OUT_MIG[i], "MIGRATION"] = "OUT_MIG"

if(!is.na(MIGRATION$TURN[i]))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
  & ARGOS$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$TURN[i], "MIGRATION"] = "TURN_N"}

if(!is.na(MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N[i]))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
  & ARGOS$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N[i], "MIGRATION"] = "TURN_S"}

if(!is.na(MIGRATION$IN_MIG[i]))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
  & ARGOS$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$IN_MIG[i], "MIGRATION"] = "IN_MIG"}

if(!is.na(MIGRATION$END_MIG[i]))
{ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
  & ARGOS$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$END_MIG[i], "MIGRATION"] = "POST_MIG"}
}

# for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))
#
# {MIGRATION$DISTANCE_PRE_MIG[i]=sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%MIGRATION$PTT[i]
#   &
#   ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("PRE_MIG"), "DIST_GEO"], na.rm = T)}
# for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))
#
# {MIGRATION$DISTANCE_OUT_MIG[i]=sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%MIGRATION$PTT[i]
#   &
#   ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("OUT_MIG"), "DIST_GEO"], na.rm = T)}
# for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))
#
# {MIGRATION$DISTANCE_TURN_N[i]=sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%MIGRATION$PTT[i]
#   &
#   ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("TURN_N"), "DIST_GEO"], na.rm = T)}
# for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))

```

```

#
{MIGRATION$DISTANCE_TURN_S[i]=sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%MIGRATION$PTT[i]
#
      &
ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("TURN_S"),"DIST_GEO"],na.rm = T)}
# for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))
#
{MIGRATION$DISTANCE_IN_MIG[i]=sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%MIGRATION$PTT[i]
#
      &
ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("IN_MIG"),"DIST_GEO"],na.rm = T)}
# for(i in 1:nrow(MIGRATION))
#
{MIGRATION$DISTANCE_POST_MIG[i]=sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%MIGRATION$PTT[i]
#
      &
ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("POST_MIG"),"DIST_GEO"],na.rm = T)}
#
#
#

##### ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT #####

# List to house CTCRW model fit results
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT = list()

#### ELLIPSE: Fit CTCRW model on tags that have Kalman filter ellipse information

## Set input values for model in Johnson et al. (2008) Ecology 89:1208-1215
## Start values for theta come from the estimates in Johnson et al. (2008)

# Define which model parameters will be fixed a priori
# and which will be estimated (NA -> free)
FIX_PAR_ELLIPSE = c(1, #ln.sd.x: x location error parameter (known from Argos error ellipse
estimates so fixed at 1)
                    1, #ln.sd.y: y location error parameter (known from Argos error ellipse estimates so
fixed at 1)
                    NA, #ln sigma (intercept): velocity variance parameter (free parameter)
                    NA) #ln beta (intercept): velocity correlation parameter (free parameter)

# Establish starting estimates for free parameters
THETA_ELLIPSE = c(log(1.5*60*60), #ln sigma: starting estimate for velocity variance parameter
based on a 1.5 m/s velocity (transformed into m/hr)

```

-4) #ln beta: starting estimate for velocity correlation parameter (sigma of >=4 implies essentially Brownian motion)

# Define a Laplace prior (moderately peaked) for CTCRW model parameters

LAP\_PRIOR = function(PAR){-abs(PAR[2]-4)/1}

for(i in unique(ARGOS[!is.na(ARGOS\$ln.sd.x) & ARGOS\$DEPLOY=="DEPLOYMENT", "PTT"]))

{# Define initial state (position and velocity) for model

INIT\_ELLIPSE = list(a=c(ARGOS[ARGOS\$PTT == i

& !is.na(ARGOS\$ln.sd.x)

& ARGOS\$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"

& ARGOS\$FILTERED%in%"not", "LONGITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of initial x

position

0, #starting estimate of initial x velocity

ARGOS[ARGOS\$PTT == i

& !is.na(ARGOS\$ln.sd.x)

& ARGOS\$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"

& ARGOS\$FILTERED%in%"not", "LATITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of initial y

position

0), #starting estimate of initial y velocity

P=diag(c(5000^2,

10^2,

5000^2,

10^2))) #variance-covariance matrix for the initial location and velocity

print(paste(i, ARGOS[ARGOS\$PTT == i, "SPP"][1]))

# Set-up loop that will fit crwMLE

# and then will keep trying to refit crwMLE up to 10 times to see if it's possible to

# obtain a fit that does not contain model fitting errors ("try-errors") and

# where none of the parameter estimate standard errors are NaN

for(j in 1:10){

if(class(ARGOS\_CTCRW\_FIT[[paste("CTCRW\_FIT\_", i, sep="")]]) == "NULL" |

class(ARGOS\_CTCRW\_FIT[[paste("CTCRW\_FIT\_", i, sep="")]])=="try-error" |

any(is.nan(ARGOS\_CTCRW\_FIT[[paste("CTCRW\_FIT\_", i, sep="")]]\$se) == T)){

# Fit CTCRW model

ARGOS\_CTCRW\_FIT[[paste("CTCRW\_FIT\_", i, sep="")]] <- try(crawl::crwMLE(mov.model=~1,

err.model=list(x=~ln.sd.x-1,

y=~ln.sd.y-1,

rho=~error.corr),

```
data = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
  & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
  & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
  & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not",],
coord = c("LONGITUDE","LATITUDE"),
Time.name = "DATE_TIME",
initial.state=INIT_ELLIPSE,
fixPar = FIX_PAR_ELLIPSE,
theta=THETA_ELLIPSE,
prior=LAP_PRIOR,
control=list(REPORT=10, trace=1),
initialSANN=list(maxit=1000, attempts=5))
}
}
}
```

#### QUALITY: Fit CTCRW model on tags that lack Kalman filter ellipse information (hence based on location quality classes)

## Set input values for model in Johnson et al. (2008) Ecology 89:1208-1215  
## Start values for theta come from the estimates in Johnson et al. (2008)

# Define which model parameters will be fixed a priori  
# and which will be estimated (NA -> free)  
FIX\_PAR\_QUALITY = c(log(250), #location class 3 error parameters (fixed parameter)  
log(500), #location class 2 error parameters (fixed parameter)  
log(1500), #location class 1 error parameters (fixed parameter)  
rep(NA,3), #location class 0, A, B error parameters (free parameters)  
NA, #ln sigma: velocity variance parameter (free parameter)  
NA) #ln beta: velocity correlation parameter (free parameter)

# Establish starting estimates for free parameters  
THETA\_QUALITY = c(rep(log(2000),3), #starting estimates of location class 0, A, B error in m  
log(2\*60\*60), #ln sigma: starting estimate for velocity variance parameter based on a  
2m/s velocity (transformed into m/hr)  
0) #ln beta: starting estimate for velocity correlation parameter

# Provide constraints on free parameters  
CONSTR\_QUALITY=list(  
  
lower=c(rep(log(1500),3), #lower constraint for location class 0, A, B error in m

```

-Inf, #lower constraint for ln sigma (velocity variance parameter)
-Inf), #lower constraint for ln beta (velocity correlation parameter)

upper=c(rep(Inf,3), #upper constraint for location class 0, A, B error in m
  Inf, #upper constraint for ln sigma (velocity variance parameter)
  Inf) #upper constraint for ln beta (velocity correlation parameter)
)

# Define a Laplace prior (moderately peaked) for CTCRW model parameters
LAP_PRIOR = function(PAR){-abs(PAR[2]-4)/1}

ARGOS$QUALITY = factor(ARGOS$QUALITY, levels=c("3","2","1","0","A","B"))

for(i in
unique(ARGOS$PTT)[!unique(ARGOS$PTT)%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT),11,16)])
{# Define initial state (position and velocity) for model
  INIT_QUALITY = list(a=c(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
    & is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
    & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
    & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LONGITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of initial x
position
    0, #starting estimate of initial x velocity
  ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
    & is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
    & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
    & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LATITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of initial y
position
    0), #starting estimate of initial y velocity
  P=diag(c(5000^2,
    10^2,
    5000^2,
    10^2))) #variance-covariance matrix for the initial location and velocity

if(nrow(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
  & is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
  & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
  & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not",]) == 0){next}

print(paste(i, ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i, "SPP"][1]))

# Set-up loop that will fit crwMLE
# and then will keep trying to refit crwMLE up to 10 times to see if it's possible to
# obtain a fit that does not contain model fitting errors ("try-errors") and

```

```

# where none of the parameter estimate standard errors are NaN

for(j in 1:10){

  if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep="")]]) == "NULL" |
     class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep="")]])=="try-error"|
     any(is.nan(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep="")]])$se) == T){

    # Fit CTCRW model
    ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep="")]] <- try(crawl::crwMLE(mov.model=~1,
                                err.model=list(x=~QUALITY-1),
                                data = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == i
                                                & is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
                                                & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
                                                & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not",],
                                coord = c("LONGITUDE","LATITUDE"),
                                Time.name = "DATE_TIME",
                                initial.state=INIT_QUALITY,
                                fixPar = FIX_PAR_QUALITY,
                                theta=THETA_QUALITY,
                                constr = CONSTR_QUALITY,
                                prior=LAP_PRIOR,
                                control=list(REPORT=10, trace=1),
                                initialSANN=list(maxit=1000), attempts=5))

  }
}

##### Error Handling Routine: identify ARGOS records that produced NaNs in estimating CTCRW
process model parameters
##### and try re-fitting models with the beta parameter fixed at 4 indicating no autocorrelation
of velocity vectors

#ELLIPSE: re-run CTCRW model with fixed beta parameter on tags that have Kalman filter ellipse
information
for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT)){
  # for(i in c("CTCRW_FIT_112732","CTCRW_FIT_112733")){

  if(any(!is.na(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16),"ln.sd.x"]))) {

```

```

#print the PTT, SPP, and parameter standard errors for fit problematic fits
print(paste(i,ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16),"SPP"][1]))

# Set-up loop that will re-fit crwMLE using a fixed beta parameter (set to essentially Brownian
motion)
# and then will keep trying to refit crwMLE up to 10 times
# obtain a fit that does not contain model fitting errors ("try-errors") and
# where none of the parameter estimate standard errors are NaN
for(j in 1:10){

# Refit CTCRW model if there are try-errors from previous fit
if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[j]]) == "NULL" |
  class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[j]])=="try-error"){

# Define which model parameters will be fixed a priori
# and which will be estimated (NA -> free)
#Fix the ln.beta parameter at 4 indicating no autocorrelation of velocity vectors
FIX_PAR_ELLIPSE = c(1, #ln.sd.x: x location error parameter (known from Argos error ellipse
estimates so fixed at 1)
  1, #ln.sd.y: y location error parameter (known from Argos error ellipse
estimates so fixed at 1)
  NA, #ln sigma (intercept): velocity variance parameter (free parameter)
  4) #ln beta (intercept): velocity correlation parameter (free parameter)

# Establish starting estimates for free parameters
THETA_ELLIPSE = c(log(1.5*60*60)) #ln sigma: starting estimate for velocity variance
parameter based on a 1.5 m/s velocity (transformed into m/hr)

# Define initial state (position and velocity) for model
INIT_ELLIPSE = list(a=c(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
  & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
  & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
  & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not","LONGITUDE"][1],#starting estimate of
initial x position
  0,#starting estimate of initial x velocity
  ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
  & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
  & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
  & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not","LATITUDE"][1],#starting estimate of initial
y position
  0),#starting estimate of initial y velocity
P=diag(c(5000^2,
  10^2,
  5000^2,

```

```

10^2)))#variance-covariance matrix for the initial location and velocity
# Fit CTCRW model
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] <- try(crawl::crwMLE(mov.model=~1,
err.model=list(x=~ln.sd.x-1,
y=~ln.sd.y-1,
rho=~error.corr),
data = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
& !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
& ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
& ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not",],
coord = c("LONGITUDE","LATITUDE"),
Time.name = "DATE_TIME",
initial.state=INIT_ELLIPSE,
fixPar = FIX_PAR_ELLIPSE,
theta=THETA_ELLIPSE,
prior=LAP_PRIOR,
control=list(REPORT=10, trace=1),
initialSANN=list(maxit=1000), attempts=5))
}

# Refit CTCRW model if any parameter estimate standard errors are NaN
if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]])!="try-error"){
if(any(is.nan(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$se) == T)){
# Define which model parameters will be fixed a priori
# and which will be estimated (NA -> free)
#Fix the ln.beta parameter at 4 indicating no autocorrelation of velocity vectors
FIX_PAR_ELLIPSE = c(1, #ln.sd.x: x location error parameter (known from Argos error
ellipse estimates so fixed at 1)
1, #ln.sd.y: y location error parameter (known from Argos error ellipse
estimates so fixed at 1)
NA, #ln sigma (intercept): velocity variance parameter (free parameter)
4) #ln beta (intercept): velocity correlation parameter (free parameter)

# Establish starting estimates for free parameters
THETA_ELLIPSE = c(log(1.5*60*60)) #ln sigma: starting estimate for velocity variance
parameter based on a 1.5 m/s velocity (transformed into m/hr)

# Define initial state (position and velocity) for model
INIT_ELLIPSE = list(a=c(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
& !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
& ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
& ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LONGITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of
initial x position
0, #starting estimate of initial x velocity

```



```

ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
  & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
  & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
  & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LATITUDE"]][1], #starting estimate of
initial y position
  0), #starting estimate of initial y velocity
P=diag(c(5000^2,
  10^2,
  5000^2,
  10^2))) #variance-covariance matrix for the initial location and velocity
# Fit CTCRW model
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] <- try(crawl::crwMLE(mov.model=~1,
  err.model=list(x=~ln.sd.x-1,
    y=~ln.sd.y-1,
    rho=~error.corr),
  data = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
    & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
    & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
    & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", ],
  coord = c("LONGITUDE", "LATITUDE"),
  Time.name = "DATE_TIME",
  initial.state=INIT_ELLIPSE,
  fixPar = FIX_PAR_ELLIPSE,
  theta=THETA_ELLIPSE,
  prior=LAP_PRIOR,
  control=list(REPORT=10, trace=1),
  initialSANN=list(maxit=1000), attempts=5))
}
}
}
}
}
}
}

```

#QUALITY: re-run CTCRW model with fixed beta parameter on tags that lack Kalman filter ellipse information

```

for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT)){
  # for(i in c("CTCRW_FIT_112732", "CTCRW_FIT_112733")){

  if(any(!is.finite(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16), "ln.sd.x"]))) {

    #print the PTT, SPP, and parameter standard errors for fit problematic fits
    print(paste(i, ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16), "SPP"][1]))
  }
}

```

```

# Set-up loop that will re-fit crwMLE using a fixed beta parameter (set to essentially Brownian
motion)
# and then will keep trying to refit crwMLE up to 10 times
# to obtain a fit that does not contain model fitting errors ("try-errors") and
# where none of the parameter estimate standard errors are NaN
for(j in 1:10){

  # Refit CTCRW model if there are try-errors from previous fit
  if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]) == "NULL" |
     class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]])=="try-error"){

    # Define which model parameters will be fixed a priori
    # and which will be estimated (NA -> free)
    #Fix the ln.beta parameter at 4 indicating no autocorrelation of velocity vectors
    FIX_PAR_QUALITY = c(log(250), #location class 3 error parameters (fixed parameter)
                       log(500), #location class 2 error parameters (fixed parameter)
                       log(1500), #location class 1 error parameters (fixed parameter)
                       rep(NA,3), #location class 0, A, B error parameters (free parameters)
                       NA, #ln sigma: velocity variance parameter (free parameter)
                       4) #ln beta: velocity correlation parameter (free parameter)

    # Establish starting estimates for free parameters
    THETA_QUALITY = c(rep(log(2000),3), #starting estimates of location class 0, A, B error in m
                     log(2*60*60)) #ln sigma: starting estimate for velocity variance parameter based
    on a 2m/s velocity (transformed into m/hr)

    # Provide constraints on free parameters
    CONSTR_QUALITY=list(

      lower=c(rep(log(1500),3), #lower constraint for location class 0, A, B error in m
             -Inf), #lower constraint for ln sigma (velocity variance parameter)

      upper=c(rep(Inf,3), #upper constraint for location class 0, A, B error in m
             Inf) #upper constraint for ln sigma (velocity variance parameter)
    )

    # Define initial state (position and velocity) for model
    INIT_QUALITY = list(a=c(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
                          & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
                          & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
                          & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LONGITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of
    initial x position
                        0, #starting estimate of initial x velocity
                        ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)

```

```

        & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
        & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
        & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LATITUDE"][1], #starting estimate of initial
y position
        0), #starting estimate of initial y velocity
P=diag(c(5000^2,
        10^2,
        5000^2,
        10^2))) #variance-covariance matrix for the initial location and velocity

# Fit CTCRW model
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] <- try(crawl::crwMLE(mov.model=~1,
        err.model=list(x=~QUALITY-1),
        data = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
        & is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
        & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
        & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", ],
        coord = c("LONGITUDE", "LATITUDE"),
        Time.name = "DATE_TIME",
        initial.state=INIT_QUALITY,
        fixPar = FIX_PAR_QUALITY,
        theta=THETA_QUALITY,
        constr = CONSTR_QUALITY,
        prior=LAP_PRIOR,
        control=list(REPORT=10, trace=1),
        initialSANN=list(maxit=1000, attempts=5))
}

# Refit CTCRW model if any parameter estimate standard errors are NaN
if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]])!="try-error"){
  if(any(is.nan(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$se) == T)){

    # Define which model parameters will be fixed a priori
    # and which will be estimated (NA -> free)
    #Fix the ln.beta parameter at 4 indicating no autocorrelation of velocity vectors
    FIX_PAR_QUALITY = c(log(250), #location class 3 error parameters (fixed parameter)
        log(500), #location class 2 error parameters (fixed parameter)
        log(1500), #location class 1 error parameters (fixed parameter)
        rep(NA,3), #location class 0, A, B error parameters (free parameters)
        NA, #ln sigma: velocity variance parameter (free parameter)
        4) #ln beta: velocity correlation parameter (free parameter)

    # Establish starting estimates for free parameters

```

```

    THETA_QUALITY = c(rep(log(2000),3), #starting estimates of location class 0, A, B error in
m
    log(2*60*60)) #ln sigma: starting estimate for velocity variance parameter
based on a 2m/s velocity (transformed into m/hr)

# Provide constraints on free parameters
CONSTR_QUALITY=list(

    lower=c(rep(log(1500),3), #lower constraint for location class 0, A, B error in m
    -Inf), #lower constraint for ln sigma (velocity variance parameter)

    upper=c(rep(Inf,3), #upper constraint for location class 0, A, B error in m
    Inf) #upper constraint for ln sigma (velocity variance parameter)
)

# Define initial state (position and velocity) for model
INIT_QUALITY = list(a=c(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
    & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
    & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
    & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LONGITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of
initial x position
    0, #starting estimate of initial x velocity
    ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
    & !is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
    & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
    & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", "LATITUDE"])[1], #starting estimate of
initial y position
    0), #starting estimate of initial y velocity
    P=diag(c(5000^2,
    10^2,
    5000^2,
    10^2))) #variance-covariance matrix for the initial location and velocity

# Fit CTCRW model
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] <- try(crawl::crwMLE(mov.model=~1,
    err.model=list(x=~QUALITY-1),
    data = ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT == substr(i,11,16)
    & is.na(ARGOS$ln.sd.x)
    & ARGOS$DEPLOY%in%"DEPLOYMENT"
    & ARGOS$FILTERED%in%"not", ],
    coord = c("LONGITUDE", "LATITUDE"),
    Time.name = "DATE_TIME",
    initial.state=INIT_QUALITY,
    fixPar = FIX_PAR_QUALITY,

```

```

        theta=THETA_QUALITY,
        constr = CONSTR_QUALITY,
        prior=LAP_PRIOR,
        control=list(REPORT=10, trace=1),
        initialSANN=list(maxit=1000), attempts=5))
    }
  }
}
}
}

```

#### Error Removal Routine: identify ARGOS records that still produce errors after fixing the beta parameter at 4 and trying to re-fit the models. Record these errors in a table and remove from ARGOS\_CTCRW\_FIT

```

ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS = data.frame()
for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT))
{ if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]])=="try-error")
{ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS,data.frame(PTT =
as.numeric(substr(i,11,16)),
                                ERROR_TYPE = ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]][1]))
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] = NULL}

  if(any(is.nan(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$se) == T))
  {ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS,data.frame(PTT =
as.numeric(substr(i,11,16)),
                                ERROR_TYPE = "S.E. NaN"))
  ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] = NULL}

  if(any(is.na(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$se[(length(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$se)-
1):length(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$se)]) == T))
  {ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS,data.frame(PTT =
as.numeric(substr(i,11,16)),
                                ERROR_TYPE = "S.E. NA"))
  ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]] = NULL}
}

#Add Species information to ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS
ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS <-
merge(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT_ERRORS,TAGS[,c("PTT","Species","SPP")],by = "PTT",all.x = T)

# Clean-up
remove(i)

```

```
##### PRED_TIME #####
## we'll setup our predTimes based on the date_hour
## column in the fit$data
PRED_TIME = list()
for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT))
{# set up a sequence of POSIXct times, starting by rounding up to the nearest hour
  # from the first time-stamp used in CTCRW model fit and ending with the nearest hour
  # rounding down from the last time-stamp used in CTCRW model fit
  PRED_TIME[[i]] <- seq(from =
lubridate::ceiling_date(min(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$data$DATE_TIME, na.rm = TRUE), unit =
"hours"),
                        to = lubridate::floor_date(max(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]$data$DATE_TIME, na.rm =
TRUE), unit = "hours"),
                        by = '30 min')
  #      by = '10 min')
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED #####

ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED = list()
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR = data.frame()

# returns numeric to a POSIXct vector
for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT)){
  ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] <- try(crawl::crwPredict(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]], predTime =
PRED_TIME[[i]]))

  if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]) == "try-error"){
    ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR,data.frame(PTT =
substr(i,11,16),ERROR_TYPE = "crwPredict"))
    ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] <- NULL
    next
  }

  # returns internal TimeNum in numeric format to a POSIXct vector

ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$DATE_TIME=crawl::intToPOSIX(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$TimeNum,
tz = "GMT")

# save projected coordinates
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$LATITUDE = ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$mu.y
```

```
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$LONGITUDE = ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$mu.x

# turn ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] briefly into a SpatialPointsDataFrame to change
# projection of CTCRW MLE predictions
coordinates(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]) <- ~ mu.x + mu.y

# project ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] SpatialPointsDataFrame to appropriate local projection
if(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$REGION[1] %in% c("WAP","Weddell")){
  proj4string(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]) <- CRS(PROJ_WAP)
}

if(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$REGION[1] == "Ross"){
  proj4string(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]) <- CRS(PROJ_ROSS)
}

## Transform coordinates back to GCS_WGS84
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] <- try(spTransform(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]],
CRS("+init=epsg:4326")))

if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]) == "try-error"){
  ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR,data.frame(PTT =
substr(i,11,16),ERROR_TYPE = "spTransform"))
  ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] <- NULL
  next
}

# turn ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] back into a data frame
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]] <- as.data.frame(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]],stringsAsFactors = F)

# assign LATITUDE_GCS and LONGITUDE_GCS
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$LATITUDE_GCS = ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$mu.y
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$LONGITUDE_GCS = ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED[[i]]$mu.x

}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

#Add Species information to ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR
ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR <-
merge(ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED_ERROR,TAGS[,c("PTT","Species","SPP")],by = "PTT",all.x = T)

##### ARGOS_CTCRW #####
```

```

# Concatenate data.frames in ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED list into a single data.frame
ARGOS_CTCRW = do.call("rbind",ARGOS_CTCRW_PRED)

# Assign MIGRATION status based on manually scored
# MIGRATION timing landmarks (departure, turning, return, end)
ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION = "PRE_MIG"

for(i in which(!is.na(MIGRATION$OUT_MIG))){
  ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
    & ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$OUT_MIG[i],"MIGRATION"] =
"OUT_MIG"

  if(!is.na(MIGRATION$TURN[i]))
  {ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
    & ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$TURN[i],"MIGRATION"] = "TURN_N"}

  if(!is.na(MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N[i]))
  {ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
    & ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$FURTHEST_N[i],"MIGRATION"] =
"TURN_S"}

  if(!is.na(MIGRATION$IN_MIG[i]))
  {ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
    & ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$IN_MIG[i],"MIGRATION"] = "IN_MIG"}

  if(!is.na(MIGRATION$END_MIG[i]))
  {ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == MIGRATION$PTT[i]
    & ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_TIME >= MIGRATION$END_MIG[i],"MIGRATION"] =
"POST_MIG"}
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

# Create a date corresponding to the format of raster names (timestamps)
ARGOS_CTCRW$YEAR=as.numeric(as.character(lubridate::year(ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_TIME)))
ARGOS_CTCRW$MONTH=sprintf("%02d",as.numeric(lubridate::month(ARGOS_CTCRW$DATE_T
IME)))
ARGOS_CTCRW$DAY=sprintf("%02d",as.numeric(as.character(lubridate::day(ARGOS_CTCRW$D
ATE_TIME))))
ARGOS_CTCRW$RAST_DATE=paste("X",ARGOS_CTCRW$YEAR,"_",ARGOS_CTCRW$MONTH,"_",
ARGOS_CTCRW$DAY,sep="")

```



```

#Calculate astronomical values based on location and time (sunrise, sunset, solar elevation,
solar azimuth)
Sys.setenv(TZ="GMT")
ARGOS_CTCRW$SUNRISE=maptools::sunriset(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS_CTCRW$LATITUDE_GCS)),
      as.POSIXct(ARGOS_CTCRW["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
      direction="sunrise", POSIXct.out=TRUE)$time
ARGOS_CTCRW$SUNSET=maptools::sunriset(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS_CTCRW$LATITUDE_GCS)),
      as.POSIXct(ARGOS_CTCRW["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
      direction="sunset", POSIXct.out=TRUE)$time
ARGOS_CTCRW$SUN_ELEV=maptools::solarpos(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS_CTCRW$LATITUDE_GCS)),
      as.POSIXct(ARGOS_CTCRW["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
      direction="sunset", POSIXct.out=TRUE)[,2]
ARGOS_CTCRW$SUN_AZI=maptools::solarpos(as.matrix(cbind(ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS,ARGOS_CTCRW$LATITUDE_GCS)),
      as.POSIXct(ARGOS_CTCRW["DATE_TIME"],tz="GMT"),
      direction="sunset", POSIXct.out=TRUE)[,1]

# Add time since last locType=="o" column to remove duty cycle periods from predictions
ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType=="o", "OBS_TIME"]=ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType=="o", "DATE_TIME"]
ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType=="o", "OBS_TIME_1"]=ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType=="o", "DATE_TIME"][c(2:nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType=="o",]),nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType=="o",]))]
ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME=zoo::na.locf(ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME)
ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_1=zoo::na.locf(ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_1)
ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME = crawl::intToPOSIX(ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME)
ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_1 = crawl::intToPOSIX(ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_1)
ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_DIFF=as.numeric(difftime(ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_1,ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME,units = "hours"))

# ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP=="KWC", "BATHY"] <- raster::extract(BATHY_ROSS,
#
# ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP=="KWC",c("LONGITUDE_GCS_360",
#                                     "LATITUDE_GCS_360")]])
# ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP!="KWC", "BATHY"] <- raster::extract(BATHY,
#
# ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP!="KWC",c("LONGITUDE_GCS",
#                                     "LATITUDE_GCS")]])

```

```
# Save a copy of full data.frame before removing locType = "o" rows
ARGOS_CTCRW_FULL <- ARGOS_CTCRW

#Remove locType == "o" rows to leave just the regular predicted locations
ARGOS_CTCRW = ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$locType == "p",]

## Save as set of coordinates in 0:360 longitude for plotting across the dateline
ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS_360 <- ifelse(ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS<0,
    ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS+360,
    ARGOS_CTCRW$LONGITUDE_GCS)
ARGOS_CTCRW$LATITUDE_GCS_360 <- ARGOS_CTCRW$LATITUDE_GCS

# Calculate the distance between sequential CTCRW predicted locations
# within each PTT in kilometers
for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT))
{ ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"DIST_GEO"] = 0
  ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"DIST_GEO"][2:nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW
  [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,])] <-
  geosphere::distGeo(p1 = ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT ==
  i,c("LONGITUDE_GCS","LATITUDE_GCS")][1:(nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,])-
  1),],
    p2 = ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT ==
  i,c("LONGITUDE_GCS","LATITUDE_GCS")][2:nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT ==
  i,]),])/1000
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

# Calculate the predicted velocity (actually speed) in km/h
# based on a 0.5 hour interval between sequential predictions
ARGOS_CTCRW$VEL_GEO = ARGOS_CTCRW$DIST_GEO/0.5

# ARGOS_CTCRW$DIST_GEO_2H = NA
# for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT))
# {
#   ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"INDEX_2H"] = rep(1:100000,each = 4,length.out =
  nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW [ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,]))
#
#   for(j in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"INDEX_2H"]))
#   {
```

```

# ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i & ARGOS_CTCRW$INDEX_2H ==
j,"DIST_GEO_2H"] = sum(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i &
ARGOS_CTCRW$INDEX_2H == j,"DIST_GEO"])
# }
# }
#
# ARGOS_CTCRW$VEL_GEO_2H = ARGOS_CTCRW$DIST_GEO_2H/2
#
## Clean-up
# remove(i,j)

# Calculate the animal's CTCRW predicted DIRECTION of travel in 0:360 degrees
ARGOS_CTCRW$DIRECTION = -1 * (-90+atan2(ARGOS_CTCRW$nu.y,ARGOS_CTCRW$nu.x) *
180/pi)
ARGOS_CTCRW$DIRECTION = ifelse(ARGOS_CTCRW$DIRECTION<0,
360+ARGOS_CTCRW$DIRECTION,
ARGOS_CTCRW$DIRECTION)

#Calculate the change in direction between sequential CTCRW segments
for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT))
{
  ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"DIRECTION_DIFF"] =
c(0,ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT ==
i,"DIRECTION"][1:(nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,])-1)]-
ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT ==
i,"DIRECTION"][2:nrow(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,])])
  # for(j in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"INDEX_2H"]))
  # {
  # ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i & ARGOS_CTCRW$INDEX_2H ==
j,"DIRECTION_VAR_2H"] = var(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i &
ARGOS_CTCRW$INDEX_2H == j,"DIRECTION_DIFF"])
  # }
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

# ARGOS_CTCRW$DIRECTION_VAR_2H = NA
# for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT))
# {
# for(j in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i,"INDEX_2H"]))

```

```

# {
# ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i & ARGOS_CTCRW$INDEX_2H ==
j,"DIRECTION_VAR_2H"] = var(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT == i &
ARGOS_CTCRW$INDEX_2H == j,"DIRECTION_DIFF"])
# }
# }
#
## Clean-up
# remove(i,j)

##### ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM #####

ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM = list()
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_ERROR = data.frame()

for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT)){

  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM[[i]] <- try(crawl::crwSimulator(ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]], predTime =
PRED_TIME[[i]]))

  if(class(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM[[i]]) == "try-error"){

    ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_ERROR = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_ERROR,data.frame(PTT =
substr(i,11,16),
                                ERROR_TYPE = "crwSimulator"))

    ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM[[i]] <- NULL
    next
  }

}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS #####

## Use crwPostIS to generate a random draw from the posterior and save in a list
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS <- list()

for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM))
{# create a list within a list to house each track stored as a SpatialPointsDataFrame
  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[i]] <- list()

  for(j in 1:20)
  {## Use crwPostIS to generate a random draw from the posterior of ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]

```

```

SIM_TRACKS_temp <- crawl::crwPostIS(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM[[i]])

#convert crwIS simulation objects to dataframes
SIM_TRACKS_temp <- data.frame(Time = SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time,
                              SIM_TRACKS_temp$alpha.sim,
                              locType = SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType)
SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time = crawl::intToPOSIX(SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time)
SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time_Elapsed =
as.numeric(difftime(SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time,SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time[1],units = "days"))

#label and convert dataframes to SpatialPointsDataFrames
coordinates(SIM_TRACKS_temp) <- c("mu.x","mu.y")

# project SpatialPointsDataFrame to appropriate local projection
if(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT%in%substr(i,11,16), "REGION"][1] %in% c("WAP","Weddell"))
{proj4string(SIM_TRACKS_temp) <- CRS(PROJ_WAP)}

if(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT%in%substr(i,11,16), "REGION"][1] == "Ross")
{proj4string(SIM_TRACKS_temp) <- CRS(PROJ_ROSS)}

# store track
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[i]][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]] <- SIM_TRACKS_temp
}

remove(SIM_TRACKS_temp)

# Clean-up
remove(i,j)

# Simulate up to 100 tracks from CTCRW tracks of "Bb","Mn","KWA","KWB","KWG" in Peninsula
region (for UD calculation)
for(i in
paste("CTCRW_FIT_",unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb","Mn","KWA","K
WB","KWG")
                                & !ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR$PTT
                                &
ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM),11,16)
                                &
ARGOS_CTCRW$REGION%in%c("WAP","Weddell"),"PTT"]),sep="")){
  for(j in 21:100){

    ## Use crwPostIS to generate a random draw from the posterior of ARGOS_CTCRW_FIT[[i]]

```

```
SIM_TRACKS_temp <- crawl::crwPostIS(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM[[i]])

#convert crwIS simulation objects to dataframes
SIM_TRACKS_temp <- data.frame(Time = SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time,
                              SIM_TRACKS_temp$alpha.sim,
                              locType = SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType)
SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time = crawl::intToPOSIX(SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time)
SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time_Elapsed =
as.numeric(difftime(SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time,SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time[1],units = "days"))

#label and convert dataframes to SpatialPointsDataFrames
coordinates(SIM_TRACKS_temp) <- c("mu.x","mu.y")

# project SpatialPointsDataFrame to appropriate local projection
if(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT%in%substr(i,11,16), "REGION"][1] %in% c("WAP","Weddell"))
{proj4string(SIM_TRACKS_temp) <- CRS(PROJ_WAP)}

if(ARGOS[ARGOS$PTT%in%substr(i,11,16), "REGION"][1] == "Ross")
{proj4string(SIM_TRACKS_temp) <- CRS(PROJ_ROSS)}

# store track
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[i]][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]] <- SIM_TRACKS_temp
}

remove(SIM_TRACKS_temp)

# Clean-up
remove(i,j)

# Save model fit as an .rds file in case of crashes
saveRDS(object = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS,
        file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
                    "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS.rds",sep=""))

# Reconstitute STPP_SIM_TRACKS from saved copy
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
                    "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS.rds",sep=""))
```

```

for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb","Mn","KWA","KWB","KWG")
  & !ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR$PTT
  & ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM),11,16)
  & ARGOS_CTCRW$REGION%in%c("WAP","Weddell"),"PTT"]){
for(j in c(1:100)){

  #Pull each simulated track from ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
  SIM_TRACKS_temp <- ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep =
""))][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]]

  #Convert simulated tracks into GCS_WGS84
  SIM_TRACKS_temp <- sp::spTransform(SIM_TRACKS_temp,
    CRS("+init=epsg:4326"))

  # Save unprojected (GCS_WGS84) coordinates
  SIM_TRACKS_temp$LONG <- SIM_TRACKS_temp$mu.x
  SIM_TRACKS_temp$LAT <- SIM_TRACKS_temp$mu.y

  # convert to data.frame to allow diff and na.locf functions (don't work with
  SpatialPointsDataFrame)
  SIM_TRACKS_temp <- as.data.frame(SIM_TRACKS_temp)

  # Define TRACK for later multiple imputation implementation
  SIM_TRACKS_temp$TRACK <- paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")

  # Create variables to house LAND corrected values
  SIM_TRACKS_temp[,c("LAND","LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED")] <- NA

  # Select a subset of fields for merging back to ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
  SIM_TRACKS_temp <-
  SIM_TRACKS_temp[,c("TRACK","LONG","LAT","LAND","LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED")]

  # Convert ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS from SpatialPointsDataFrame to data.frame
  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")]][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]]
<- as.data.frame(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep =
""))][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]])

  # Append SIM_TRACKS_temp information the data.frames in ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")]][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]]
<- cbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep =
""))][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]]],

    SIM_TRACKS_temp)

```

```

}
}

remove(SIM_TRACKS_temp,i,j)

# Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
# (avoids having to re-run calculations)
saveRDS(object = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS,
  file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
    "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS.rds",sep=""))

# Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
# (avoids having to re-run calculations)
saveRDS(object =
  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS)%in%paste("CTCRW_FIT_",
  unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb","Mn","KWA","KWB","KWG")
    &
  !ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR$PTT
    &
  ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM),11,16)
    &
  ARGOS_CTCRW$REGION%in%c("WAP","Weddell"),"PTT")],sep = "")],
  file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
    "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS_SUB.rds",sep=""))

#
## Loop through each CTCRW_FIT in ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS to run FIX_SIM_TRACKS
function
## which LAND corrects simulated TRACKS
# for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb","Mn","KWA","KWB")
#   & !ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR$PTT
#   & ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM),11,16)
#   & ARGOS_CTCRW$REGION%in%c("WAP","Weddell"),"PTT"]){
#
# print(i)
# PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
#
# # run FIX_SIM_TRACKS function which on each simulated TRACK within i CTCRW_FIT point
# # that falls within the bbox of COVAR
# SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp <- try(parallel::mclapply(X = c(1:100),

```



```

#           DATA = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_", i,
sep = "")]],
#           LAND_RAST = LAND_RAST_temp,
#           TRANS_MATRIX = TRANS_MATRIX_temp,
#           FUN = FIX_SIM_TRACKS,
#           mc.cores = 2))
# # Error-handling
# if(class(SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp) == "try-error"){
#   print(SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp[1])
#   next
# }
#
# # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME associated with specific PTT and TRACK
# print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)
#
# for (j in c(1:100)){
#   ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_", i, sep =
#   "")]][[paste("TRACK_", j, sep = "")]][,c("LAND", "LONG_FIXED", "LAT_FIXED")] <-
#   SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp[[j]][,c("LAND", "LONG_FIXED", "LAT_FIXED")]
# }
#
# remove(SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp, PROCESSING_TIME_temp); gc()
#
# # Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
# # (avoids having to re-run calculations)
# saveRDS(object = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS,
#   file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
#     "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED.rds", sep = ""))
# }
#
#
# for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb", "Mn", "KWA", "KWB")
#   & !ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR$PTT
#   & ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM), 11, 16)
#   & ARGOS_CTCRW$REGION%in%c("WAP", "Weddell"), "PTT"])){
#   for(j in c(1:100)){
#     # Pull each simulated track from ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
#     SIM_TRACKS_temp <- ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_", i, sep =
#     "")]][[paste("TRACK_", j, sep = "")]]
#
#     # calculate the time difference between observed Argos fixes

```

```

# SIM_TRACKS_temp[SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType=="o","OBS_TIME_DIFF"] <-
c(as.numeric(diff(SIM_TRACKS_temp[SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType=="o","Time"],
#                               units = "secs")),0)
# # copy down OBS_TIME_DIFF to locType=="p" rows
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF <- zoo::na.locf(SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF)
#
# # convert OBS_TIME_DIFF to units of hours
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF <- SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF/(60*60)
#
# # Define TRACK for later multiple imputation implementation
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$TRACK <- paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")
#
# # Define CRW_FIT for later multiple imputation implementation
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$CTCRW_FIT <- paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")
#
# # Define PTT
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$PTT <- i
#
# # Define SPP
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$SPP <- TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"SPP"][1]
#
# # Define a WEDDELL_SEA polygon
# WEDDELL_SEA <- data.frame(LONG = c(-57.3,-56.4,-45.5,-14.0,-06.0,-28.0,-58.0,-65.0,-64.0,-
57.3),
#                           LAT = c(-63.25,-63.0,-61.1,-63.5,-71.0,-78.0,-77.0,-73.0,-66.0,-63.25))
#
# # Determine which points fall within WEDDELL_SEA polygon
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$REGION <- sp::point.in.polygon(point.x = SIM_TRACKS_temp$LONG,
#                                               point.y = SIM_TRACKS_temp$LAT,
#                                               pol.x = WEDDELL_SEA$LONG,
#                                               pol.y = WEDDELL_SEA$LAT)
#
# # Convert binary 0 or 1 to REGION lable
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION <- ifelse(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION >= 1, "WEDD","WAP")
#
#
# # Label predictions as falling before (PRE_MIG) or after (MIG) the OUT_MIG date in
MIGRATION table
# SIM_TRACKS_temp$MIGRATION <- "PRE_MIG"
#
# if(!is.na(MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i, "OUT_MIG"])){
#   SIM_TRACKS_temp[SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time >= MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i,
"OUT_MIG"],"MIGRATION"] <- "MIG"
# }

```

```

#
# #Select a subset of fields for merging back to ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
# SIM_TRACKS_temp <-
SIM_TRACKS_temp[,c("OBS_TIME_DIFF","TRACK","CTCRW_FIT","PTT","SPP","REGION","MIGRA
TION")]
#
# # Append SIM_TRACKS_temp data fields to each ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
SpatialPointsDataFrame
# ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep =
"")]][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]] <-
cbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep =
"")]][[paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")]],
#
#                               SIM_TRACKS_temp)
#
# }
#
# }
#
# remove(SIM_TRACKS_temp,i,j)
#
#

# Reconstitute STPP_SIM_TRACKS from saved copy
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
#                               "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
#                               "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED.rds",sep=""))

##### ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD #####

ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD <- list()
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR = data.frame()

## Generate Simulated UD for PTT from the West Antarctic Peninsula (WAP) region

for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED)){

  FIXED_TRACKS_temp <- do.call("rbind",ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED[[i]])
  FIXED_TRACKS_temp <- FIXED_TRACKS_temp[FIXED_TRACKS_temp$locType ==
"p",c("LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED")]

  SIM_UD_temp<- try(raster::rasterize(x = FIXED_TRACKS_temp,
#                               y = raster::raster(ext = raster::extent(-71,-51,-70,-60),

```

```

        nrow=500,ncol=450,
        crs = sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")),
        fun = "count")[[1]])
if(class(SIM_UD_temp) == "try-error"){

  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR,data.frame(PTT =
substr(i,11,16),
                                ERROR_TYPE = "rasterize"))
  next
}

ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] <- SIM_UD_temp
}

# Clean-up
remove(i, SIM_UD_temp, FIXED_TRACKS_temp)

### Generate Simulated UD for PTT from the Ross Sea (Ross) region
#
# for(i in names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM)[which(substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM),11,16) %in%
TAGS[TAGS$Region == "Ross", "PTT"])])
# { SIM_UD_temp<- try(raster::rasterize(x =
spTransform(do.call("rbind",ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[i]]),
#
#           CRS("+init=epsg:4326")),
#
#           y = raster::raster(ext = raster::extent(160,180,-79,-69),
#
#           nrow=500,ncol=450,
#
#           crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326")),
#
#           fun = "count")[[1]])
# if(class(SIM_UD_temp) == "try-error")
# {ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR = rbind(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR,data.frame(PTT =
substr(i,11,16),
#
#           ERROR_TYPE = "spTransform"))
# next}
#
# ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] <- SIM_UD_temp
# }
#
## Clean-up
# remove(i, SIM_UD_temp)

#Aggregate ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD by species (SPP)
for(i in c("KWA", "KWB", "KWG", "Mn", "Bb")){

```

```

ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] =
raster::brick(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD),11,16)%in%TAG
S[TAGS$SPP == i
                                & TAGS$Region %in%
c("WAP", "Weddell"), "PTT"]])
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] = sum(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]], na.rm = T)
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]][ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] == 0] <- NA
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

# for(i in c("KWC")){
# ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] =
raster::brick(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD),11,16)%in%TAG
S[TAGS$SPP == i
                                & TAGS$Region %in%
c("Ross"), "PTT"]])
# ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] = sum(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]], na.rm = T)
# ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]][ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[i]] == 0] <- NA
# }

# Clean-up
remove(i)

#Aggregate ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD by species (SPP)
for(i in c("Mn", "Bb")){
  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[paste(i,2013,sep="_")] =
raster::brick(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD),11,16)%in%uniq
ue(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == i
                                &
lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) == 2013
                                &
lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <= 8, "PTT"]])
  ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[paste(i,2013,sep="_")] =
sum(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[paste(i,2013,sep="_)], na.rm = T)
  #
ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[paste(i,2013,sep="_)]] [ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[paste(i,2013,sep="
_")]] == 0] <- NA

  raster::writeRaster(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[[paste(i,2013,sep="_)],
                        filename=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",

```

```
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
        "ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_",i,"_",2013,".tif",sep=""),
format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)
}

##### SIM_UD_QUANTILE_VALUE #####

# Function to calculate the UD cell values (i.e., counts of simulated points)
# containing a specified quantile of the simulated locations

SIM_UD_QUANTILE_VALUE <- function(SIM_UD,QUANTILE){

  # Transform UD cell values into a dataframe ordered from largest to smallest values
  # and calculate the cumulative sum of those values from largest to smallest values
  SIM_UD_DF= data.frame(VALUEs = rev(sort(as.vector(SIM_UD))),
                        CUM_SUM = cumsum(rev(sort(as.vector(SIM_UD)))))

  # Calculate the sum of all UD cell values
  SIM_UD_DF$TOTAL = sum(SIM_UD_DF$VALUEs)

  # Output the cell value of the first cell where the cumulative sum
  # is greater than or equal to specified quantile of the total
  return(SIM_UD_DF[SIM_UD_DF$CUM_SUM >= SIM_UD_DF$TOTAL[1]*QUANTILE
,"VALUEs"][1])
}

##### SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90 #####

# Calculate the UD cell value containing 90% of the simulated locations
SIM_UD_QUANTILE_VALUE(SIM_UD = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[["Mn_2013"]],QUANTILE = 0.9)
# [1] 52

# Import 90th percentile UD contour generated in ArcGIS as a SpatialLinesDataFrame
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90 <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
layer="SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90")

# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90 <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90))

# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90 <- sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

# Collapse overlapping polygons (one which should be holes)
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90 <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90)

# Import the holes in 90th percentile UD polygons (hand selected and exported in ArcGIS) as a
SpatialLinesDataFrame
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
          layer="SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES")

# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOL
ES))

# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

# Collapse overlapping polygons
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES)

# Take the geographic difference (non-overlapping areas) to create holes in 90th percentile UD
contour
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90 <-
rgeos::gSymdifference(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90,SIM_UD_Mn_2013_90_HOLES)

##### SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50 #####

# Calculate the UD cell value containing 50% of the simulated locations
```

```
SIM_UD_QUANTILE_VALUE(SIM_UD = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[["Mn_2013"]],QUANTILE = 0.5)
# [1] 412
```

```
# Import 50th percentile UD contour generated in ArcGIS as a SpatialLinesDataFrame
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50 <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
      layer="SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50")
```

```
# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50 <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50))
```

```
# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50 <- sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")
```

```
# Collapse overlapping polygons (one which should be holes)
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50 <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50)
```

```
# Import the holes in 50th percentile UD polygons (hand selected and exported in ArcGIS) as a
SpatialLinesDataFrame
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
      layer="SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES")
```

```
# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOL
ES))
```

```
# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
```

```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")
```

```
# Collapse overlapping polygons
```



```
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES)

# Take the geographic difference (non-overlapping areas) to create holes in 50th percentile UD
contour
SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50 <-
rgeos::gSymdifference(SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50,SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50_HOLES)

##### SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90 #####

# Calculate the UD cell value containing 90% of the simulated locations
SIM_UD_QUANTILE_VALUE(SIM_UD = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[["Bb_2013"]],QUANTILE = 0.9)
# [1] 39

# Import 90th percentile UD contour generated in ArcGIS as a SpatialLinesDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90 <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
                                   layer="SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90")

# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90 <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90))

# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90 <- sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

# Collapse overlapping polygons (one which should be holes)
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90 <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90)

# Import the holes in 90th percentile UD polygons (hand selected and exported in ArcGIS) as a
SpatialLinesDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
                                   layer="SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES")

# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
```

```
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES))

# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

# Collapse overlapping polygons
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES)

# Take the geographic difference (non-overlapping areas) to create holes in 90th percentile UD
contour
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90 <-
rgeos::gSymdifference(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90,SIM_UD_Bb_2013_90_HOLES)

##### SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50 #####

# Calculate the UD cell value containing 50% of the simulated locations
SIM_UD_QUANTILE_VALUE(SIM_UD = ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD[["Bb_2013"]],QUANTILE = 0.5)
# [1] 740

# Import 50th percentile UD contour generated in ArcGIS as a SpatialLinesDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50 <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
                                layer="SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50")

# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50 <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50))

# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50 <- sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

# Collapse overlapping polygons (one which should be holes)
```

```
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50 <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50)

# Import the holes in 50th percentile UD polygons (hand selected and exported in ArcGIS) as a
SpatialLinesDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model
Example/SIM_UD",sep=""),
          layer="SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES")

# Convert from SpatialLinesDataFrame to SpatialPolygons object
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES))

# Add a dataframe with polygon IDs based on SpatialPolygons object names to create a
SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES,data.frame(ID =
names(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES)))
raster::projection(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

# Collapse overlapping polygons
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES <- rgeos::gUnaryUnion(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES)

# Take the geographic difference (non-overlapping areas) to create holes in 50th percentile UD
contour
SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50 <-
rgeos::gSymdifference(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50,SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50_HOLES)

sp::plot(rgeos::gSymdifference(SIM_UD_Bb_2013_50,SIM_UD_Mn_2013_50),col = "green")

##### ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m #####

# Raster LAND_MASK at approximately 2000m resolution
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
          "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### WAP_MASK_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Raster LAND_MASK that also excludes the WEDDELL_SEA at approximately 2000m resolution
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
```

```
WAP_MASK_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
      "WAP_MASK_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Annual composite layers of ICE_MODIS concentration at approximately 2000m resolution
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
```

```
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
      "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Annual composite layers of ICE_MODIS concentration index at approximately 2000m
resolution
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
```

```
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
      "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
#### MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m ####
```

```
# Reconstitute MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m from saved raster
MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
      "MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
#### MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m ####
```

```
# Reconstitute MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m from saved raster
MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
```

```
"MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m #####

# Reconstitute COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m from saved raster
COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
      "COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m #####

# Reconstitute COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m from saved raster
COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
      "COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m #####

# Distances to contours (15% and 30%) of annual composite layers of ICE_MODIS
# concentration at approximately 2000m resolution
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)

# Reconstitute DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m from individual rasters

DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m<- raster::stack()

for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m/",sep=""))){

DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce
/Grad School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m/",i,sep="")))

names(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp) <- substr(i,26,33)

DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m <-
raster::stack(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m,DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp)
```

```
}
```

```
remove(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp,i)
```

```
##### BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Bathymetric depths from International Bathymetric Chart of the Southern Ocean  
# reprojected at an approximately 2000m resolution  
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
```

```
# Reconstitute BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m from saved raster  
BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",  
      "BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
##### SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Bathymetric slopes from International Bathymetric Chart of the Southern Ocean  
# reprojected at an approximately 2000m resolution  
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
```

```
# Reconstitute SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m from saved raster  
SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",  
      "SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
##### PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Bathymetric profile curvature from International Bathymetric Chart of the Southern Ocean  
# reprojected at an approximately 2000m resolution  
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)
```

```
# Reconstitute PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m from saved raster  
PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad  
School/Research/",  
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",  
      "PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
##### DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# Distance to the edge of the Continental Shelf (defined at 450m bathymetric depth contour)  
# based on the International Bathymetric Chart of the Southern Ocean.  
# This version includes internal structure within outer shelf boundaries (e.g., shelf deeps).
```

```
# This has been reprojected at 2000m resolution.
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.6.R)

# Reconstitute DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m from saved raster
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad
School/Research/",
               "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
               "DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m #####

# Distance to the edge of the Continental Shelf (defined at 450m bathymetric depth contour)
# based on the International Bathymetric Chart of the Southern Ocean.
# This version includes only outer shelf margin and valleys that cut into shelf.
# This has been reprojected at 2000m resolution.
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.6.R)

# Reconstitute DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m from saved raster
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m =
raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
                    "DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### DIST_LAND_RES_2000m #####

# Distance to a COAST outline file derived from the British Antarctic Survey Geodata Portal.
# This has been reprojected at 2000m resolution.
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)

# Reconstitute DIST_LAND_RES_2000m from saved raster
DIST_LAND_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
               "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
               "DIST_LAND_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m #####

# Seasonal composite layers of MODIS chlorophyll concentration
# reprojected at approximately 2000m resolution.
# (see calculation details in Minke_Humpback_STPP_Covariate_Processing_v2.3.4.R)

# Reconstitute CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m from individual saved rasters
CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m<- raster::stack()
```

```
for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
                        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m/",sep=""))){

CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevor.joyc
e/Grad School/Research/",
                        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m/",i,sep="")))

names(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp) <- substr(i,26,30)

CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m <-
raster::stack(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m,CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp)

}

remove(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR #####

STPP_COVAR <- raster::stack(DIST_LAND_RES_2000m)
names(STPP_COVAR) <- c("DIST_LAND")

STPP_COVAR[["DIST_LAND"]] <- DIST_LAND_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["DIST_SHELF"]] <- DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["DIST_SHELF_OUTER"]] <- DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["BATHY"]] <- BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["SLOPE"]] <- SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["PROFILE"]] <- PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["ICE_CONC_2013"]] <- ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["ICE_CONC_2016"]] <- ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m

STPP_COVAR[["DIST_ICE_2013_30"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2013_30"]]

STPP_COVAR[["DIST_ICE_2016_30"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2016_30"]]
```



```
STPP_COVAR[["DIST_ICE_2013_15"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2013_15"]]
STPP_COVAR[["DIST_ICE_2016_15"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2016_15"]]
STPP_COVAR[["CHL_2013"]] <- CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m[["X2013"]]
STPP_COVAR[["CHL_2016"]] <- CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m[["X2016"]]
STPP_COVAR[["COAST_CLASS"]] <- COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m
STPP_COVAR[["COAST_CLASS_GEN"]] <- COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m
STPP_COVAR[["ENCLOSURE_MEAN"]] <- 1 - MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m
STPP_COVAR[["ENCLOSURE_MED"]] <- 1 - MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m
STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]] <- ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]][!is.na(STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]])] <- 1
STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]][is.na(STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]])] <- 0
STPP_COVAR[["WAP"]] <- WAP_MASK_RES_2000m
STPP_COVAR[["INT"]] = STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]]
STPP_COVAR[["INT"]][] = 1
STPP_COVAR[["LONG"]] <- STPP_COVAR[["INT"]]
STPP_COVAR[["LONG"]][] <- sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,1]
STPP_COVAR[["LAT"]] <- STPP_COVAR[["INT"]]
STPP_COVAR[["LAT"]][] <- sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,2]
STPP_COVAR[["DIST_N"]] <- STPP_COVAR[["INT"]]
STPP_COVAR[["DIST_N"]][] <- ifelse(sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,2]>0,1,-1) *
geosphere::distGeo(p1 = data.frame(X = sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,1],
                                   Y = 0),
                   p2 = data.frame(X =
sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,1],
                                   Y = sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,2]))
STPP_COVAR[["DIST_E"]] <- STPP_COVAR[["INT"]]
STPP_COVAR[["DIST_E"]][] <- ifelse(sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,1]>0,1,-1) *
geosphere::distGeo(p1 = data.frame(X = 0,
                                   Y = sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,2]),
```

```

p2 = data.frame(X =
sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,1],
                Y = sp::coordinates(STPP_COVAR)[,2]))

##### FIX_SIM_TRACKS #####

#Function to LAND correct simulated track
FIX_SIM_TRACKS <- function(X, DATA, LAND_RAST, TRANS_MATRIX){

#Take a subset of DATA including only a single TRACK
DATA <- DATA[DATA$TRACK == paste("TRACK_",X,sep = ""),]

#Create a column that indicates whether each point in simulated TRACK intersects LAND
DATA$LAND <- raster::extract(x = LAND_RAST,
                             y = DATA[,c("LONG","LAT")])

# check if the simulated track does indeed cross LAND (raster::extract())
# will return a 1 if the track crosses land raster cells), and
# if it doesn't cross-land directly return original coordinates
# (avoids crawl::fix_path error when there are no segments to fix)
if(!1%in%DATA$LAND){

# If it doesn't cross land just return the original points
DATA <- DATA[,c("LAND","LONG","LAT")]
colnames(DATA) <- c("LAND","LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED")
return(DATA)

}

# if path does cross LAND -> run the crawl::fix_path algorithm and then merge the results back
to DATA
if(1%in%DATA$LAND){

# run the crawl::fix_path algorithm to find the shortest path around
# LAND_RAST cells using the TRANS_MATRIX calculated above
SIM_PATH_FIXED <- crawl::fix_path(xy = as.matrix(DATA[,c("LONG","LAT")]),
                                time = DATA[,c("Time")],
                                res_raster = LAND_RAST,
                                trans = TRANS_MATRIX)

colnames(SIM_PATH_FIXED) <- c("LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED", "Time")

# Occasionally crawl::fix_path will drop one or more records because of the following error
# "Path ends in restricted area, last 1 observations removed"

```

```

# Implement merge based on "Time" to return a data.frame of the same length as the input
DATA
DATA <- merge(x = DATA[,c("Time", "LAND")],
              y = SIM_PATH_FIXED,
              by = "Time", all.x = T)

return(DATA[,c("LAND", "LONG_FIXED", "LAT_FIXED")])
}

```

```

}

```

```

##### STPP_SIM_TRACKS #####

```

```

## Create list that will house data.frames of simulated tracks
## processed for use in STPP_KERNEL_DF and STPP_COUNT
#
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS = data.frame()
#
# for(i in unique(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb", "Mn")
#                 & !ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_UD_ERROR$PTT
#                 & ARGOS_CTCRW$PTT%in%substr(names(ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM), 11, 16)
#                 & ARGOS_CTCRW$REGION%in%c("WAP", "Weddell"), "PTT"])){
#   for(j in 1:10){
#     # Pull each simulated track from ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS
#     STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp <- ARGOS_CTCRW_SIM_TRACKS[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_", i, sep =
# "")]][[paste("TRACK_", j, sep = "")]]
#     # Convert simulated tracks into GCS_WGS84
#     STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp <- sp::spTransform(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp,
#                                             CRS("+init=epsg:4326"))
#     # convert to data.frame to allow diff and na.locf functions (don't work with
# SpatialPointsDataFrame)
#     STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp <- as.data.frame(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp)
#     # calculate the time difference between observed Argos fixes
#     STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp[STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType=="o", "OBS_TIME_DIFF"] <-
# c(as.numeric(diff(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp[STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType=="o", "Time"],
#                  units = "secs")), 0)

```

```

# # copy down OBS_TIME_DIFF to locType=="p" rows
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF <-
zoo::na.locf(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF)
#
# # convert OBS_TIME_DIFF to units of hours
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF <-
STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$OBS_TIME_DIFF/(60*60)
#
# # Define TRACK for later multiple imputation implementation
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$TRACK <- paste("TRACK_",j,sep="")
#
# # Define CRW_FIT for later multiple imputation implementation
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$CTCRW_FIT <- paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep="")
#
# # Define PTT
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$PTT <- i
#
# # Define SPP
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$SPP <- TAGS[TAGS$PTT == i,"SPP"][1]
#
# # Label predictions as falling before (PRE_MIG) or after (MIG) the OUT_MIG date in
MIGRATION table
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$MIGRATION <- "PRE_MIG"
#
# if(!is.na(MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i, "OUT_MIG"])){
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp[STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$Time >=
MIGRATION[MIGRATION$PTT == i, "OUT_MIG"],"MIGRATION"] <- "MIG"
# }
#
# # select only the predictions (locType=="p")
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp <-
STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp[STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp$locType=="p",]
#
# # select predictions at a 2-hour interval
# # (i.e., every fourth prediction when original predictions are at 0.5 hour intervals)
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp <-
STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp[seq(1,nrow(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp), by = 4),]
#
# # Write projected track (STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp) to STPP_SIM_TRACKS
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS <- rbind(STPP_SIM_TRACKS, STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp)
#
# }
#
# }

```

```

#
# remove(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_temp,i,j)
#
# colnames(STPP_SIM_TRACKS)[colnames(STPP_SIM_TRACKS)%in%c("mu.x","mu.y")] <-
c("LONG","LAT")
#
#
# WEDDELL_SEA <- data.frame(LONG = c(-57.3,-56.4,-45.5,-14.0,-06.0,-28.0,-58.0,-65.0,-64.0,-
57.3),
#           LAT = c(-63.25,-63.0,-61.1,-63.5,-71.0,-78.0,-77.0,-73.0,-66.0,-63.25))
#
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION <- sp::point.in.polygon(point.x = STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG,
#           point.y = STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT,
#           pol.x = WEDDELL_SEA$LONG,
#           pol.y = WEDDELL_SEA$LAT)
#
#
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION <- ifelse(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION >= 1, "WEDD","WAP")
#
#
## Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
## (avoids having to re-run calculations)
# saveRDS(object = STPP_SIM_TRACKS,
#   file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
#     "STPP_SIM_TRACKS.rds",sep=""))
#
## Reconstitute STPP_SIM_TRACKS from saved copy
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
#   "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
#   "STPP_SIM_TRACKS.rds",sep=""))
#
## Extract a subset of TRACKS that will be used in STPP analysis
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP %in% c("Mn","Bb")
#   & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) %in% c(2013,2016)
#   & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <= 8
#   & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG > -78
#   & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG < -52
#   & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT > -71
#   & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT < -61,]
#
## Create transition matrix
# TRANS_MATRIX_temp <- gdistance::transition(STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]],
#   transitionFunction=prod, directions = 16)

```

```

#
# #Create LAND raster that is the opposite of OCEAN (LAND = 1, OCEAN = 0)
# LAND_RAST_temp <- abs(STPP_COVAR[["OCEAN"]]-1)
#
# # Create variables to house LAND corrected values
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS[,c("LAND","LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED")] <- NA
#
# # Loop through each CTCRW_FIT in STPP_SIM_TRACKS to run FIX_SIM_TRACKS function
# # which LAND corrects simulated TRACKS
# for(i in unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$CTCRW_FIT)){
#
#   print(i)
#   PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
#
#   # # run FIX_SIM_TRACKS function which on each simulated TRACK within i CTCRW_FIT point
#   # # that falls within the bbox of STPP_COVAR
#   STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp <- try(parallel::mclapply(X = 1:10,
#     DATA = STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$CTCRW_FIT ==
# i,],
#     LAND_RAST = LAND_RAST_temp,
#     TRANS_MATRIX = TRANS_MATRIX_temp,
#     FUN = FIX_SIM_TRACKS,
#     mc.cores = 4))
#   # # Error-handling
#   if(class(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp) == "try-error"){
#     print(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp[1])
#     next
#   }
#
#   # # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME associated with specific PTT and TRACK
#   print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)
#
#   for (j in 1:10){
#     STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$CTCRW_FIT == i
#       & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == paste("TRACK_",j,sep =
# ""),c("LAND","LONG_FIXED","LAT_FIXED")] <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp[[j]]
#   }
#
#   remove(STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED_temp,PROCESSING_TIME_temp); gc()
#
# }
#
# remove(TRANS_MATRIX_temp,LAND_RAST_temp,i,j); gc()
#

```

```
#
## Change class of calculated variables
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG_FIXED <- as.numeric(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG_FIXED)
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT_FIXED <- as.numeric(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT_FIXED)
# STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAND <- as.numeric(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAND)
#
## Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
## (avoids having to re-run calculations)
# saveRDS(object = STPP_SIM_TRACKS,
#   file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
#     "STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED.rds",sep=""))
#

# Reconstitute STPP_SIM_TRACKS from saved copy
STPP_SIM_TRACKS <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
  "STPP_SIM_TRACKS_FIXED.rds",sep=""))

# Save original coordinates
STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG_UNFIXED <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG
STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT_UNFIXED <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT

# Replace LONG and LAT with FIXED (land-corrected) coordinates for further analyses
STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG_FIXED
STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LAT_FIXED

# Remove any records where LONG and LAT (land-corrected) are NA
STPP_SIM_TRACKS <- STPP_SIM_TRACKS[!is.na(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$LONG),]

##### STPP_PHI #####

# Data.frame to house velocities (phi) constraining the movement kernel (in km/h)
STPP_PHI <- data.frame(SPP = c("Bb","Mn"), stringsAsFactors = F)

# Assign velocity as mean of measured speeds based on CTCRW predictions
STPP_PHI[STPP_PHI$SPP%in%c("Bb"),"MEAN_VEL"] <-
mean(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Bb")
  & ARGOS_CTCRW$YEAR%in%c(2013,2016)
  & ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("PRE_MIG",
"POST_MIG")])
```

```

& ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24,"VEL_GEO"], na.rm
=T)

STPP_PHI[STPP_PHI$SPP%in%c("Mn"),"MEAN_VEL"] <-
mean(ARGOS_CTCRW[ARGOS_CTCRW$SPP%in%c("Mn")
      & ARGOS_CTCRW$YEAR%in%c(2013,2016)
      & ARGOS_CTCRW$MIGRATION%in%c("PRE_MIG",
"POST_MIG")
      & ARGOS_CTCRW$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24,"VEL_GEO"], na.rm
=T)

```

# Assign velocity as maximum of 15km/h based on conservative maximum sustained speed from Ford et al. 2005, Noad and Cato 2007

```
STPP_PHI[STPP_PHI$SPP%in%c("Bb"),"MAX_VEL"] <- 15
```

```
STPP_PHI[STPP_PHI$SPP%in%c("Mn"),"MAX_VEL"] <- 15
```

```
##### STPP_KERNEL_DF_CALC #####
```

#Function to calculate the redistribution STPP\_KERNEL for each point in a simulated track

```
STPP_KERNEL_DF_CALC <- function(X, DATA, RAST, PHI){
```

```
  #pull the track coordinates at time [X-1]
```

```
  POINT = DATA[X-1,c("LONG","LAT")]
```

```
  # if point [i,j,X] does not fall within a duty cycle period (OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24)
```

```
  # calculate the kernel intensity availability surface (ln_k)
```

```
  if(DATA[X-1,c("OBS_TIME_DIFF")] < 24){
```

```
    #time separating previous [X-1] and current [X] location fixes (in sec)
```

```
    DELTA_T = as.numeric(difftime(DATA[X,"Time"],
      DATA[X-1,"Time"],
      units = "hours"))
```

```
    #squared distance in km of each coordinate in COVAR grid to SIM_TRACKS coordinate [X-1]
```

```
    DIST = geosphere::distGeo(p1 = POINT,
      p2 = as(RAST, "SpatialPoints"))/1000
```

```
    DIST = DIST^2
```

```
    #numerical approximation of integral in spatial point process intensity function (eq 4.48)
```

```
    #"similar in shape to a bivariate normal density centered on  $\mu$ " (Hooten et al. 2017)
```



```

#describes availability based on movement constraint
#xxx = delta*exp(-d2/(2*phi*delta)) - (d2/(2*phi))*gamma_inc(0, d2/(2*phi*delta))
KERNEL = DELTA_T * exp(-DIST / (2 * PHI * DELTA_T)) -
  (DIST / (2 * PHI))*gamma_inc(0, DIST / (2 * PHI * DELTA_T))

#change any division by 0 errors (NaN, for very small gamma_inc values) into 0
KERNEL[is.nan(KERNEL)] = 0

# temporarily convert KERNEL to a raster with the topology of the COVAR raster stacl
KERNEL_RAST <- RAST
KERNEL_RAST[] <- KERNEL

# Extract CELL and location information from raster and then convert to a data.frame
KERNEL_DF <- as.data.frame(as(KERNEL_RAST,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"),
  stringsAsFactors = F)
colnames(KERNEL_DF)[colnames(KERNEL_DF)%in%c("x","y")] <- c("LONG","LAT")
KERNEL_DF$CELL <- raster::cellFromXY(object = KERNEL_RAST,
  xy = KERNEL_DF[,c("LONG","LAT")])

# Add additional identifier information to data.frame records for later subsetting
KERNEL_DF$PTT <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"PTT"]
KERNEL_DF$SPP <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"SPP"]
KERNEL_DF$CTCRW_FIT <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"CTCRW_FIT"]
KERNEL_DF$TRACK <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"TRACK"]
KERNEL_DF$TIME <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"Time"]
KERNEL_DF$LONG_SIM <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"LONG"]
KERNEL_DF$LAT_SIM <- as.data.frame(DATA)[X,"LAT"]
KERNEL_DF$DELTA_T <- DELTA_T
KERNEL_DF$PHI <- PHI

# Select only the cells with an intensity value >0.00001
# to save in KERNEL_DF_Bb data.frame (cells with values <0.00001 will be treated as
essentially 0)
KERNEL_DF <- KERNEL_DF[KERNEL_DF$INT> 1e-5, ]

# return KERNEL_DF as a data.frame

return(KERNEL_DF)

}

}

##### STPP_KERNEL_DF #####

```

```

#
# STPP_KERNEL_DF <- list()
#
## Loop through each Bb CTCRW model fit
# for(i in unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb","PTT"])){
#
# # Create a list within STPP_KERNEL_DF list to house data.frames
# # of kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK
# STPP_KERNEL_DF[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")]] <- list()
#
# # Loop n = 10 simulated tracks drawn from CTCRW model fit
# for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){
#
# # Error handling: for cases where there is no PRE_MIG data to calculate a kernel surface
# if(nrow(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$PTT == i
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == j
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG",]) == 0){
#
# # print error message
# print("ERROR: no PRE_MIG data to calculate a kernel surface")
#
# # clear list object created above
# STPP_KERNEL_DF[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")]] <- NULL
#
# # move to the next track
# next
# }
#
# # Print information on PTT and TRACK to track progress
# print(paste("Bb", i, j))
# PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
#
# # Run STPP_KERNEL_DF_CALC to calculate the kernel intensity values
# # associated with each point in simulated TRACK.
# # mclapply is used to parallelize this calculation across multiple cores
# STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp <- parallel::mclapply(X = seq(2,
# nrow(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$PTT == i
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == j
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG",])),
# DATA = STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$PTT == i
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == j
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG",],
# RAST = STPP_COVAR$INT,
# PHI = STPP_PHI[STPP_PHI$SPP == "Bb","MAX_VEL"],

```

```

#           FUN = STPP_KERNEL_DF_CALC,
#           mc.cores = 6)
#
# # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME associated with specific PTT and TRACK
# print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)
#
# # Concatenate list of data.frames containing the kernel intensity values
# # associated with each point in simulated TRACK
# STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp <- do.call("rbind",STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp)
#
# ## Save kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK to a separate .csv
# ## (in case loop crashes or system times out)
# # write.csv(STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp,
# #           paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
# #                 "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Output Data/",
# #                 "STPP_KERNEL_DF_",i,"_TRACK_",j,".csv",sep=""))
#
# # Add resulting kernel intensity values to STPP_KERNEL_DF list
# STPP_KERNEL_DF[[ STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp$CTCRW_FIT[1 ]][[
STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp$TRACK[1 ] ]] <- STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp
#
# ## Clean up
# # remove(STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp, PROCESSING_TIME_temp); gc()
#
# }
#
# }
#
#
# ## Loop through each Mn CTCRW model fit
# for(i in unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn","PTT"])){
#
# # Create a list within STPP_KERNEL_DF list to house data.frames
# # of kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK
# STPP_KERNEL_DF[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")]] <- list()
#
# # Loop n = 10 simulated tracks drawn from CTCRW model fit
# for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){
#
# # Error handling: for cases where there is no PRE_MIG data to calculate a kernel surface
# if(nrow(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$PTT == i
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == j
# & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG",]) == 0){

```

```

#
# # print error message
# print("ERROR: no PRE_MIG data to calculate a kernel surface")
#
# # clear list object created above
# STPP_KERNEL_DF[[paste("CTCRW_FIT_",i,sep = "")]] <- NULL
#
# # move to the next track
# next
# }
#
# # Print information on PTT and TRACK to track progress
# print(paste("Mn", i, j))
# PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
#
# # Run STPP_KERNEL_DF_CALC to calculate the kernel intensity values
# # associated with each point in simulated TRACK.
# # mclapply is used to parallelize this calculation across multiple cores
# STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp <- parallel::mclapply(X = seq(2,
#                                     nrow(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$PTT == i
#                                     & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == j
#                                     & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG",])),
#                                     DATA = STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$PTT == i
#                                     & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == j
#                                     & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG",],
#                                     RAST = STPP_COVAR$INT,
#                                     PHI = STPP_PHI[STPP_PHI$SPP == "Mn","MAX_VEL"],
#                                     FUN = STPP_KERNEL_DF_CALC,
#                                     mc.cores = 6)
#
# # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME associated with specific PTT and TRACK
# print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)
#
# # Concatenate list of data.frames containing the kernel intensity values
# # associated with each point in simulated TRACK
# STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp <- do.call("rbind",STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp)
#
# ## Save kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK to a separate .csv
# ## (in case loop crashes or system times out)
# # write.csv(STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp,
# # # paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
# # # "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Output Data/",
# # # "STPP_KERNEL_DF_",i,"_TRACK_",j,".csv",sep=""))

```

```
#
# # Add resulting kernel intensity values to STPP_KERNEL_DF list
# STPP_KERNEL_DF[[ STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp$CTCRW_FIT[1] ]][[
STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp$TRACK[1] ]] <- STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp
#
# # Clean up
# remove(STPP_KERNEL_DF_temp, PROCESSING_TIME_temp); gc()
#
# }
#
# }
#
## Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
## (avoids having to re-run calculations)
# saveRDS(object = STPP_KERNEL_DF,
#   file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Output Data/",
#     "STPP_KERNEL_DF.rds",sep=""))

# Reconstitute STPP_KERNEL_DF from saved copy
STPP_KERNEL_DF <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
  "STPP_KERNEL_DF.rds",sep=""))
# remove(STPP_KERNEL_DF)

# Implement a post-hoc restriction of STPP_KERNEL_DF to values greater than 0.01
# (comparable to previous model run)
for(i in names(STPP_KERNEL_DF)){
  for(j in names(STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]])){
    STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]][j] <- STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]][j][STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]][j]$INT>1e-2,]
  }
}
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_KERNEL_CALC #####

# Function to sum intensity kernel values by raster cell numbers
# and then generate a raster of intensity kernel values
# for a simulated TRACK within an individual CTCRW_FIT

STPP_KERNEL_CALC <- function(X,DATA,RAST){

  # Calculate sums of INT column by CELL number within each TRACK
```

```
GROUPED_DATA <- as.data.frame(dplyr::mutate(dplyr::group_by(DATA[[X]],CELL),
      KERNEL_INT_SUM = sum(INT)),
  stringsAsFactors = F)

# Remove duplicated CELL numbers
GROUPED_DATA <- GROUPED_DATA[!duplicated(GROUPED_DATA$CELL), ]

# Set all values in template raster to NA
RAST[] <- NA

# Set values corresponding to raster CELL numbers
# to summed of kernel intensity values (KERNEL_INT_SUM)
RAST[GROUPED_DATA$CELL] <- GROUPED_DATA$KERNEL_INT_SUM

# Return a raster object
return(RAST)
}

##### STPP_KERNEL #####

# Sum intensity kernel values by raster cell numbers
# for each timesstep in STPP_KERNEL_DF at the level
# of each CTCRW_FIT and simulated TRACK.

# Generate a list of rasters that can then be summed accross
# individuals to produce the overall availability surfaces
# for each species and imputation.

# Create a placeholder list that will house kernel intensity availability surfaces
STPP_KERNEL <-list()

# Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_DF
for(i in names(STPP_KERNEL_DF)){

  # Create a list within STPP_KERNEL_DF list to house data.frames
  # of kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK
  STPP_KERNEL[[i]] <- list()

  # Print information on PTT and TRACK to track progress
  print(paste(i))
  PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
```

```
# Run STPP_KERNEL_CALC function over the objects within each list STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]].
# Returns a list of raster objects with values corresponding to the summed kernel intensity
values
# across the simulate locations within each TRACK within each individual CTCRW_FIT
STPP_KERNEL[[i]] <- parallel::mclapply(X = names(STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]]),
  FUN = STPP_KERNEL_CALC,
  DATA = STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]],
  RAST = STPP_COVAR$INT,
  mc.cores = 4)

names(STPP_KERNEL[[i]]) <- names(STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]])

# Print information on PROCESSING_TIME associated with specific PTT and TRACK
print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)

}

# Save a copy for being able to reconstitute directly without re-running algorithm
saveRDS(object = STPP_KERNEL,
  file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
    "STPP_KERNEL.rds",sep=""))

STPP_KERNEL <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
  "STPP_KERNEL.rds",sep=""))

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Mn

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Mn
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Mn" that will be populated
```

```

# by the jth TRACK from each "Mn" individual (i)
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- list()

# Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL
for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL)[names(STPP_KERNEL)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACK
S$SPP == "Mn","CTCRW_FIT"])]){

  # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL raster for the ith Mn individual
  STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]],
    STPP_KERNEL[[i]][[j]])

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Mn into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA
}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Mn and YEAR 2013

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Mn
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

```



```

# Create a list object for "Mn" that will be populated
# by the jth TRACK from each "Mn" individual (i)
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- list()

# Loop through each CTRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL
for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL)[names(STPP_KERNEL)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACK
S$SPP == "Mn"
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) == 2013
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <= 8
,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

  # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL raster for the ith Mn individual
  STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]],
                                STPP_KERNEL[[i]][[j]])

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Mn into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA

}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Mn and YEAR 2016

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Mn
STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]] <- list()

```

```

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Mn" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Mn" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL
  for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL)[names(STPP_KERNEL)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACK
S$SPP == "Mn"
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) == 2016
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <= 8
,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

  # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL raster for the ith Mn individual
  STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]],
                                STPP_KERNEL[[i]][[j]])

  }

  # Transform each TRACK list within Mn into a RasterStack
  STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]])

  # Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

  # Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA

  }

  # Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
  STPP_KERNEL[["Mn"]] <- NULL
  remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb #####

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters

```

```

# for each imputation within SPP Bb
STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Bb" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Bb" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL
  for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL)[names(STPP_KERNEL)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACK
S$SPP == "Bb","CTCRW_FIT"])]){

    # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL raster for the ith Bb individual
    STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]],
      STPP_KERNEL[[i]][[j]])

  }

  # Transform each TRACK list within Bb into a RasterStack
  STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]])

  # Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

  # Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_",j,sep =
"")]][[is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_",j,sep = "")]])]] <- NA
}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Bb and YEAR 2013

```

```

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Bb
STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Bb" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Bb" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL
  for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL)[names(STPP_KERNEL)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACK
S$SPP == "Bb"
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) == 2013
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <= 8
,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

    # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL raster for the ith Bb individual
    STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]],
                                STPP_KERNEL[[i]][[j]])

  }

  # Transform each TRACK list within Bb into a RasterStack
  STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]])

  # Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

  # Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA

}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 #####

```

```
## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Bb and YEAR 2016

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Bb
STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Bb" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Bb" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL
  for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL)[names(STPP_KERNEL)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACK
S$SPP == "Bb"
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) == 2016
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <= 8
,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

    # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL raster for the ith Bb individual
    STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]],
                                STPP_KERNEL[[i]][[j]])

  }

  # Transform each TRACK list within Bb into a RasterStack
  STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]])

  # Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

  # Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
  STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA

}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL[["Bb"]] <- NULL
```

```
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_KERNEL_WAP_CALC #####

# Function to sum intensity kernel values by raster cell numbers
# and then generate a raster of intensity kernel values
# for a simulated TRACK within an individual CTCRW_FIT

STPP_KERNEL_WAP_CALC <- function(X,DATA,SIM_TRACK,RAST){

  WEDDELL_SEA <- data.frame(LONG = c(-57.3,-56.4,-45.5,-14.0,-06.0,-28.0,-58.0,-65.0,-64.0,-
57.3),
                          LAT = c(-63.25,-63.0,-61.1,-63.5,-71.0,-78.0,-77.0,-73.0,-66.0,-63.25))

  WAP_DATA <- DATA[[X]]
  WAP_DATA$REGION <- sp::point.in.polygon(point.x = WAP_DATA$LONG_SIM,
                                         point.y = WAP_DATA$LAT_SIM,
                                         pol.x = WEDDELL_SEA$LONG,
                                         pol.y = WEDDELL_SEA$LAT)
  WAP_DATA <- WAP_DATA[WAP_DATA$REGION < 1,]

  # Calculate sums of INT column by CELL number within each TRACK
  GROUPED_DATA <- as.data.frame(dplyr::mutate(dplyr::group_by(WAP_DATA,CELL),
                                             KERNEL_INT_SUM = sum(INT)),
                               stringsAsFactors = F)

  # Remove duplicated CELL numbers
  GROUPED_DATA <- GROUPED_DATA[!duplicated(GROUPED_DATA$CELL), ]

  # Set all values in template raster to NA
  RAST[] <- NA

  # Set values corresponding to raster CELL numbers
  # to summed of kernel intensity values (KERNEL_INT_SUM)
  RAST[GROUPED_DATA$CELL] <- GROUPED_DATA$KERNEL_INT_SUM

  # Return a raster object
  return(RAST)

}
```

```
# ##### STPP_KERNEL_WAP #####

# Sum intensity kernel values by raster cell numbers
# for each timesstep in STPP_KERNEL_DF at the level
# of each CTCRW_FIT and simulated TRACK.

# Generate a list of rasters that can then be summed across
# individuals to produce the overall availability surfaces
# for each species and imputation.

# Create a placeholder list that will house kernel intensity availability surfaces
STPP_KERNEL_WAP <-list()

# Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP_DF
for(i in names(STPP_KERNEL_DF)){

  # Create a list within STPP_KERNEL_WAP_DF list to house data.frames
  # of kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]] <- list()

  # Print information on PTT and TRACK to track progress
  print(paste(i))
  PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()

  # Run STPP_KERNEL_WAP_CALC function over the objects within each list
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP_DF[[i]].
  # Returns a list of raster objects with values corresponding to the summed kernel intensity
  values
  # across the simulate locations within each TRACK within each individual CTCRW_FIT
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]] <- parallel::mclapply(X = names(STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]]),
      FUN = STPP_KERNEL_WAP_CALC,
      DATA = STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]],
      RAST = STPP_COVAR$INT,
      mc.cores = 4)

  names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]]) <- names(STPP_KERNEL_DF[[i]])

  # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME associated with specific PTT and TRACK
  print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)

}

# Clean-up
```

```
remove(i)

# Save a copy for being able to reconstitute directly without re-running algorithm
saveRDS(object = STPP_KERNEL_WAP,
  file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
    "STPP_KERNEL_WAP.rds",sep=""))

STPP_KERNEL_WAP <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",
  "STPP_KERNEL_WAP.rds",sep=""))

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Mn

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Mn
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Mn" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Mn" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP
  for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)[names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_
SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn","CTCRW_FIT"])]){

    # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL_WAP raster for the ith Mn individual
    STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]],
      STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]][[j]])

  }

# Transform each TRACK list within Mn into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]])
```



```

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA
}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Mn and YEAR 2013

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Mn
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

# Create a list object for "Mn" that will be populated
# by the jth TRACK from each "Mn" individual (i)
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- list()

# Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP
for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)[names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_
SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
& lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2013
& lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <=
8,"CTCRW_FIT"]])]{

# populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL_WAP raster for the ith Mn individual
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]],
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]][[j]])

```

```

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Mn into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_",j,sep =
"")]][[is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_",j,sep = "")]])]] <- NA
}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Mn and YEAR 2016

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Mn
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Mn" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Mn" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP
  for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)[names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_
SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
& lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2016
& lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <=
8,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

```

```

# populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL_WAP raster for the ith Mn individual
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]],
    STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]][[j]])

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Mn into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_",j,sep =
"")]][[is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_",j,sep = "")]])]] <- NA

}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Mn"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb #####

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Bb
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

# Create a list object for "Bb" that will be populated
# by the jth TRACK from each "Bb" individual (i)
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- list()

# Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP
for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)[names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_
SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb","CTCRW_FIT"])]){

# populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL_WAP raster for the ith Bb individual

```

```
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]],
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]][[j]])

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Bb into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_",j,sep =
"")]][[is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_",j,sep = "")]])]] <- NA

}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Bb and YEAR 2013

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Bb
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

  # Create a list object for "Bb" that will be populated
  # by the jth TRACK from each "Bb" individual (i)
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- list()

  # Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP
```

```

for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)[names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_
SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2013
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <=
8,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

  # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL_WAP raster for the ith Bb individual
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]],
    STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]][[j]])

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Bb into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA

}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016 #####

## Reorganize raster layers to calculate an STPP_COVAR layer
## for each imputation (TRACK) across all individuals within SPP Bb and YEAR 2016

# Create a list that will be populated with TRACK lists of rasters
# for each imputation within SPP Bb
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]] <- list()

# Loop through each simulated TRACK
for(j in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep = "")){

```

```

# Create a list object for "Bb" that will be populated
# by the jth TRACK from each "Bb" individual (i)
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- list()

# Loop through each CTCRW model fit in STPP_KERNEL_WAP
for(i in
names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)[names(STPP_KERNEL_WAP)%in%unique(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_
SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2016
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) <=
8,"CTCRW_FIT"])]){

  # populate the jth TRACK with the STPP_KERNEL_WAP raster for the ith Bb individual
  STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- c(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]],
    STPP_KERNEL_WAP[[i]][[j]])

}

# Transform each TRACK list within Bb into a RasterStack
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]] <- raster::stack(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]])

# Use calc to sum these raster layers to achieve a single STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_",j,sep = "")]] <-
log(raster::calc(STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]][[j]], sum, na.rm = T))

# Eliminate any -Inf (i.e., log(0)) values (messes up calculation of SUPPORT)
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_",j,sep =
"")]][is.infinite(STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_",j,sep = "")]])] <- NA
}

# Clean-up: free the disk space used to calculate STPP_COVAR layer
STPP_KERNEL_WAP[["Bb"]] <- NULL
remove(i,j)

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_1)),
  raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_2)),
  raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_3)),
  raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_4)),
  raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_5)),

```

```
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_6)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_7)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_8)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_9)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_TRACK_10)),na.rm =
T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn * STPP_COVAR$OCEAN

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013 #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_1)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_2)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_3)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_4)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_5)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_6)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_7)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_8)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_9)),

raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013 *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2013==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016 #####
```

```
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_1)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_2)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_3)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_4)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_5)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_6)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_7)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_8)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_9)),

raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016 *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Mn_2016==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_1)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_2)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_3)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_4)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_5)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_6)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_7)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_8)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_9)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_TRACK_10)),na.rm =
T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb * STPP_COVAR$OCEAN
```



```
# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013 #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_1)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_2)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_3)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_4)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_5)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_6)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_7)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_8)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_9)),

raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013 * STPP_COVAR$OCEAN

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2013==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016 #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_1)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_2)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_3)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_4)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_5)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_6)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_7)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_8)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_9)),

raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)
```

```
# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016 * STPP_COVAR$OCEAN

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_Bb_2016==0] <- NA
```

```
##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn #####
```

```
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_1)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_2)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_3)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_4)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_5)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_6)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_7)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_8)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_9)),
```

```
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)
```

```
# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn > 0] <- 1
```

```
# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN * STPP_COVAR$WAP
```

```
# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn==0] <- NA
```

```
##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013 #####
```

```
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_1)),
     raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_2)),
```

```
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_3)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_4)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_5)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_6)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_7)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_8)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_9)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013 *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN * STPP_COVAR$WAP

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016 #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_1)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_2)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_3)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_4)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_5)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_6)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_7)),
```

```
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_8)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_9)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016 *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN * STPP_COVAR$WAP

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_1)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_2)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_3)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_4)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_5)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_6)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_7)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_8)),
    raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_9)),

raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb * STPP_COVAR$OCEAN
* STPP_COVAR$WAP

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013 #####
```

```
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_1)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_2)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_3)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_4)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_5)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_6)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_7)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_8)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_9)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013 *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN * STPP_COVAR$WAP

# exclude areas off the continental shelf (different behavioral pattern, i.e. migration)
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013[STPP_COVAR$BATHY <= -2000] <- NA

# exclude areas S of Marguerite Bay (more polar climate, year round offshore sea ice)
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013[STPP_COVAR$LAT <= -69] <- NA

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016 #####

STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016 <-
sum(raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_1)),
```

```
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_2)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_3)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_4)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_5)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_6)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_7)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_8)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_9)),
raster::Which(!is.na(STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_TRACK_10)),na.rm = T)

# set all kernel intensity surface values to 1
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016 > 0] <- 1

# exclude raster grid cells where kernel intensity surface intersects land
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016 <- STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016 *
STPP_COVAR$OCEAN * STPP_COVAR$WAP

# exclude all areas where kernel intensity surface = 0
STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016[STPP_COVAR$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016==0] <- NA

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn #####

## Calculate residuals of kernel regressed on covariates (ln_k_ortho)

# Convert STPP_COVAR into a data.frame for the calculation orthogonal kernel intensity surface
for each TRACK
STPP_COVAR_DF_temp <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

# Convert COAST_CLASS ordinal variables from numeric to factor
STPP_COVAR_DF_temp$COAST_CLASS <- as.factor(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp$COAST_CLASS)
STPP_COVAR_DF_temp$COAST_CLASS_GEN <-
as.factor(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp$COAST_CLASS_GEN)
```

```

for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  # Take a copy of STPP_COVAR_DF_temp that will be used to calculate orthogonal kernel
  intensity surface
  # for each specific imputation (TRACK)
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp <- STPP_COVAR_DF_temp

  # Create a variable STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn representing the kernel intensity surface for
  TRACK[i] (a single imputation from CTCRW model)
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn <-
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_",i,sep = "")]

  # Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA <-
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2016 + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_Mn

  # Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
  (WAP region only)
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP <-
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn

  # Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn <- NA

  # Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
  ENCLOSURE_MED +
  SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
  DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,

```

```

                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),])

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),"STPP_L
N_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,
                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),]))

# Save the resulting orthogonal kernel intensity surface to a variable in STPP_COVAR
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn

STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn

}

# Clean-up
# remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp)
remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013 #####

## Calculate residuals of kernel regressed on covariates (ln_k_ortho)

## Convert STPP_COVAR into a data.frame for the calculation orthogonal kernel intensity
surface for each TRACK
# STPP_COVAR_DF_temp <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```



```
# Take a copy of STPP_COVAR_DF_temp that will be used to calculate orthogonal kernel
intensity surface
# for each specific imputation (TRACK)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp <- STPP_COVAR_DF_temp

# Create a variable STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 representing the kernel intensity surface for
TRACK[i] (a single imputation from CTCRW model)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_",i,sep = "")]

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2013_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_Mn_2013

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
(WAP region only)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2013_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                     SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2013 +
                                     DIST_ICE_2013_15 + CHL_2013,
```

```

                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),])

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),"STPP_L
N_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013 ~
DIST_SHELF + BATHY + ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2013 +
DIST_ICE_2013_15 + CHL_2013,
                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),])

# Save the resulting orthogonal kernel intensity surface to a variable in STPP_COVAR
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013

STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_",i,sep = "")]] <-
STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013

}

# Clean-up
# remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp)
remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016 #####

## Calculate residuals of kernel regressed on covariates (ln_k_ortho)

## Convert STPP_COVAR into a data.frame for the calculation orthogonal kernel intensity
surface for each TRACK
# STPP_COVAR_DF_temp <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```

```

# Take a copy of STPP_COVAR_DF_temp that will be used to calculate orthogonal kernel
intensity surface
# for each specific imputation (TRACK)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp <- STPP_COVAR_DF_temp

# Create a variable STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 representing the kernel intensity surface for
TRACK[i] (a single imputation from CTCRW model)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_",i,sep = "")]

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_Mn_2016

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
(WAP region only)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2016

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                                                    SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,

```

```

                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),])

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),"STPP_L
N_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016 ~
DIST_SHELF + BATHY + ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,
                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),])

# Save the resulting orthogonal kernel intensity surface to a variable in STPP_COVAR
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016

STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016_",i,sep = "")]] <-
STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016

}

# Clean-up
# remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp)
remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb #####

## Calculate residuals of kernel regressed on covariates (ln_k_ortho)

## Convert STPP_COVAR into a data.frame for the calculation orthogonal kernel intensity
surface for each TRACK
# STPP_COVAR_DF_temp <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

```

```
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  # Take a copy of STPP_COVAR_DF_temp that will be used to calculate orthogonal kernel
  intensity surface
  # for each specific imputation (TRACK)
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp <- STPP_COVAR_DF_temp

  # Create a variable STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb representing the kernel intensity surface for TRACK[i]
  (a single imputation from CTCRW model)
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb <-
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_",i,sep = "")]

  # Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA <-
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SCHL_2016 + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_Bb

  # Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
  (WAP region only)
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP <-
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SCHL_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb

  # Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb <- NA

  # Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
  ENCLOSURE_MED +
```

```

                                SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,
                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA,)]))

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),"STPP_L
N_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,
                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP,)]))

# Save the resulting orthogonal kernel intensity surface to a variable in STPP_COVAR
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb

STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_",i,sep = "")]][] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb

}

# Clean-up
# remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp)
remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013 #####

## Calculate residuals of kernel regressed on covariates (ln_k_ortho)

# # Convert STPP_COVAR into a data.frame for the calculation orthogonal kernel intensity
surface for each TRACK
# STPP_COVAR_DF_temp <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```

```

# Take a copy of STPP_COVAR_DF_temp that will be used to calculate orthogonal kernel
intensity surface
# for each specific imputation (TRACK)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp <- STPP_COVAR_DF_temp

# Create a variable STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 representing the kernel intensity surface for
TRACK[i] (a single imputation from CTCRW model)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_",i,sep = "")]

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2013_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_Bb_2013

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
(WAP region only)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2013_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2013 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                                                    SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2013 +
DIST_ICE_2013_15 + CHL_2013,

```

```

                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),])

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),"STPP_L
N_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013 ~ DIST_SHELF
+ BATHY + ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2013 +
DIST_ICE_2013_15 + CHL_2013,
                                data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),])

# Save the resulting orthogonal kernel intensity surface to a variable in STPP_COVAR
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013_",i,sep = "")]][,] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013

STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_",i,sep = "")]] <-
STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_",i,sep = "")]][,] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013

}

# Clean-up
# remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp)
remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016 #####

## Calculate residuals of kernel regressed on covariates (ln_k_ortho)

## Convert STPP_COVAR into a data.frame for the calculation orthogonal kernel intensity
surface for each TRACK
# STPP_COVAR_DF_temp <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```



```

# Take a copy of STPP_COVAR_DF_temp that will be used to calculate orthogonal kernel
intensity surface
# for each specific imputation (TRACK)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp <- STPP_COVAR_DF_temp

# Create a variable STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 representing the kernel intensity surface for
TRACK[i] (a single imputation from CTCRW model)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_",i,sep = "")]

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_Bb_2016

# Create a variable that filters for any cells where the response variable or any covariate is NA
(WAP region only)
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_SHELF + STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$BATHY +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ENCLOSURE_MED +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SLOPE +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$ICE_CONC_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$DIST_ICE_2016_15 +
  STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$CHL_2016 +
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2016

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY +
ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                                                    SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,

```

```

data =
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA),])

# Create empty variable to house residuals of kernel regressed on covariates
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016 <- NA

# Calculate the residuals of a regression of the kernel intensity surface against all covariates

STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016"] <- residuals(lm(STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016 ~ DIST_SHELF + BATHY + ENCLOSURE_MED +
                                                                    SLOPE + ICE_CONC_2016 +
                                                                    DIST_ICE_2016_15 + CHL_2016,
                                                                    data =
                                                                    STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$NON_NA_WAP),]))

# Save the resulting orthogonal kernel intensity surface to a variable in STPP_COVAR
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016_",i,sep = "")]] <- STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016_",i,sep = "")]][,] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016

STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016_",i,sep = "")]] <-
STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR[[paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016_",i,sep = "")]][,] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp$STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016

}

# Clean-up
# remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_temp)
remove(STPP_COVAR_DF_TRACK_temp,i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_Mn #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_",i,sep="")]] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG"
                                ],c("LONG","LAT")),
                                STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

```

```

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_",i,sep="")][]] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
      0,
      STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

```

```

# Clean-up
remove(i)

```

```

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_Mn_2013 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```

```

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")] <-
  raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2013
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

```

```

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")][]] <-
  ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
        0,

```

```

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

```

```

# Clean-up
remove(i)

```

```

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_Mn_2016 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```

```

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")] <-
  raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i

```

```

                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2016
                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")),
                STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

    STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")]][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
        0,
        STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
    }

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_Bb #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

    STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_",i,sep=")]] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION == "PRE_MIG"
,c("LONG","LAT")),
                STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

    STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_",i,sep=")]][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_",i,sep=")]]@data@values),
        0,
        STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_",i,sep=")]]@data@values)
    }

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_Bb_2013 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```

```

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                    & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2013
                    & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                    STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
        0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_Bb_2016 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                    & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time) ==
2016
                    & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                    STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
        0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

```

```

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_WAP_Mn #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_",i,sep="")]] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION == "WAP"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                  STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_",i,sep="")]][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_",i,sep="")]]@data@values),
       0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_",i,sep="")]]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_WAP_Mn_2013 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")]] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION == "WAP"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
== 2013
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                  STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")]][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")]]@data@values),

```

```

0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2013_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_WAP_Mn_2016 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Mn"
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION == "WAP"
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                        & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
== 2016
                        & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                        STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Mn_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_WAP_Bb #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_",i,sep="")] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION == "WAP"
                        & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24

```

```

                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT"]),
                                STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_",i,sep="")]][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_",i,sep="")]]@data@values),
        0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_",i,sep="")]]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_WAP_Bb_2013 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")]] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION == "WAP"
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                                & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
== 2013
                                & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
<= 8
                                & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT"]),
                                STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

  STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")]][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")]]@data@values),
        0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2013_",i,sep="")]]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR$COUNT_WAP_Bb_2016 #####
for(i in paste("TRACK_",1:10,sep="")){

```



```

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")] <-
raster::rasterize(STPP_SIM_TRACKS[STPP_SIM_TRACKS$SPP == "Bb"
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$TRACK == i
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$REGION == "WAP"
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$OBS_TIME_DIFF < 24
                    & lubridate::year(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
                    & lubridate::month(STPP_SIM_TRACKS$Time)
                    & STPP_SIM_TRACKS$MIGRATION ==
"PRE_MIG" ,c("LONG","LAT")],
                    STPP_COVAR$INT, fun="count")

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")][] <-
ifelse(is.na(STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values),
        0,

STPP_COVAR[[paste("COUNT_WAP_Bb_2016_",i,sep="")]@data@values)
}

# Clean-up
remove(i)

##### STPP_COVAR_DF #####

# Convert raster grid of covariates and response variable to dataframe (1 row per grid cell)

STPP_COVAR_DF <- as.data.frame(as(STPP_COVAR,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"), stringsAsFactors
= F)

STPP_COVAR_DF <- rbind(data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_1", stringsAsFactors =
F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_2", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_3", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_4", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_5", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_6", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_7", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_8", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_9", stringsAsFactors = F),
                      data.frame(STPP_COVAR_DF,TRACK = "TRACK_10", stringsAsFactors = F))

```

```

for(i in unique(STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK)){
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"COUNT_Bb"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("COUNT_Bb_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"COUNT_Bb_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("COUNT_Bb_2013_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2013_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2013_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2013_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"COUNT_Bb_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("COUNT_Bb_2016_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Bb_2016_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Bb_2016_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Bb_2016_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2016_", i, sep="")]
}

```

```

for(i in unique(STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK)){
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"COUNT_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("COUNT_Mn_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_",
i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_",
i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"COUNT_Mn_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("COUNT_Mn_2013_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2013_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2013_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2013_",
i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"COUNT_Mn_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("COUNT_Mn_2016_", i, sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_Mn_2016_", i,
sep="")]
  STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_WAP_Mn_2016_", i,
sep="")]

```

```

STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_Mn_2016_",
i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2016_", i, sep="")]
}

```

```

for(i in unique(STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK)){
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Bb"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Bb_",
i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Bb"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Bb_", i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Bb_2013"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Bb_2013_", i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Bb_2013"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Bb_2013_", i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Bb_2016"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Bb_2016_", i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Bb_2016"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Bb_2016_", i, sep="")]
}

```

```

for(i in unique(STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK)){
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Mn"] <-
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Mn_",
i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Mn"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Mn_", i, sep="")]
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Mn_2013"]
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Mn_2013_", i, sep="")]
}

```

```
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==  
i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Mn_2013"] <-  
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==  
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Mn_2013_", i, sep="")]  
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK == i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Mn_2016"]  
<- STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==  
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_Mn_2016_", i, sep="")]  
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==  
i,"STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Mn_2016"] <-  
STPP_COVAR_DF[STPP_COVAR_DF$TRACK ==  
i,paste("STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_CLASS_WAP_Mn_2016_", i, sep="")]  
}
```

```
# Clean-up  
remove(i)
```

```
# Convert COAST_CLASS ordinal variables from numeric to factor  
STPP_COVAR_DF$COAST_CLASS <- as.factor(STPP_COVAR_DF$COAST_CLASS)  
STPP_COVAR_DF$COAST_CLASS_GEN <- as.factor(STPP_COVAR_DF$COAST_CLASS_GEN)
```

```
# After consolidating per TRACK information into columns,  
# remove columns specific to each TRACK to reduce data.frame memory size  
STPP_COVAR_DF <- STPP_COVAR_DF[,colnames(STPP_COVAR_DF)[-1*grep("TRACK_",  
colnames(STPP_COVAR_DF))]]
```

```
# Save a copy for being able to reconstitute directly without re-running algorithm  
saveRDS(object = STPP_COVAR_DF,  
file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",  
"STPP_COVAR_DF.rds",sep=""))
```

```
STPP_COVAR_DF <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevor.joyce/Grad School/Research/",  
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Point Process Model Example/",  
"STPP_COVAR_DF.rds",sep=""))
```

```
##### STPP_FIT #####
```

```
STPP_FIT <- list()
```

```
##### STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH #####

#### Fit a Poisson generalized additive model (GAM) to the
#### counts of telemetry locations within each cell (yl)
#### with a log link function, kernel availability surface, and
#### spatially correlated random effect.

STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH <- mgcv::bam(COUNT_Bb_2013 ~
s(STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013)
      + s(DIST_SHELF, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(BATHY, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(ENCLOSURE_MED, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(SLOPE, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(ICE_CONC_2013, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(DIST_ICE_2013_15, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(CHL_2013, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(DIST_E,DIST_N),
      family = "poisson",
      weights=rep(1/10,

nrow(STPP_COVAR_DF[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013),])),

data=STPP_COVAR_DF[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF$SUPPORT_WAP_Bb_2013),],
      select = T)

# Print model summary information
mgcv::summary(STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH)

##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_FIT_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH #####

# Calculate the log KDE effect surface
STPP_COVAR$STPP_FIT_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH = STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR$STPP_FIT_ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH[] =
rowSums(mgcv::predict.bam(object = STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Bb_2013_SMOOTH,
                          newdata = STPP_COVAR_DF,
                          type = "terms",
                          terms =
c("s(DIST_SHELF)","s(BATHY)","s(ENCLOSURE_MED)",

"s(SLOPE)","s(ICE_CONC_2013)","s(DIST_ICE_2013_15)",
                                "s(CHL_2013)"))
##### STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH #####
```

```
##### Fit a Poisson generalized additive model (GAM) to the
##### counts of telemetry locations within each cell (yl)
##### with a log link function, kernel availability surface, and
##### spatially correlated random effect.
```

```
STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH <- mgcv::bam(COUNT_Mn_2013 ~
s(STPP_LN_KERNEL_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013)
      + s(DIST_SHELF, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(BATHY, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(ENCLOSURE_MED, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(SLOPE, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(ICE_CONC_2013, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(DIST_ICE_2013_15, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(CHL_2013, bs = "ts", k = 5)
      + s(DIST_E,DIST_N),
      family = "poisson",
      weights=rep(1/10,
```

```
nrow(STPP_COVAR_DF[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013),])),
```

```
data=STPP_COVAR_DF[!is.na(STPP_COVAR_DF$SUPPORT_WAP_Mn_2013),],
      select = T)
```

```
# Print model summary information
summary(STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH)
```

```
##### STPP_COVAR$STPP_FIT_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH #####
```

```
# Calculate the log KDE effect surface
STPP_COVAR$STPP_FIT_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH = STPP_COVAR$INT
STPP_COVAR$STPP_FIT_ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH[] =
rowSums(mgcv::predict.bam(object = STPP_FIT$ORTHO_WAP_Mn_2013_SMOOTH,
                          newdata = STPP_COVAR_DF,
                          type = "terms",
                          terms =
c("s(DIST_SHELF)","s(BATHY)","s(ENCLOSURE_MED)",
"s(SLOPE)","s(ICE_CONC_2013)","s(DIST_ICE_2013_15)",
"s(CHL_2013)"))))
```

##### Script to Prepare Covariates for Analyses Presented in:

##### Sympatry and resource partitioning between the largest krill consumers around the Antarctic Peninsula

##### Ari S. Friedlaender<sup>1\*</sup>, Trevor Joyce<sup>2</sup>, John W. Durban<sup>3</sup>, David W. Johnston<sup>4</sup>, Andrew J. Read<sup>4</sup>,

##### Douglas P. Nowacek<sup>4#</sup>, Jeremy A. Goldbogen<sup>5</sup>, and Nick Gales<sup>6</sup>

##### Script developed by Trevor Joyce

##### Version 3.0 (May 6, 2021)

##### COAST\_MED #####

# #Import a COAST outline file derived from the British Antarctic Survey Geodata Portal - Antarctic Digital Database server output

# #downloaded as a shapefile from

(<http://add.antarctica.ac.uk/repository/entry/show?entryid=f477219b-9121-44d6-afa6-d8552762dc45>)

# #that has been projected from its native Antarctic Polar Stereographic (ESPG: 3031) projected coordinate system

# #into GCS\_WGS84 (EPSG: 4326) in ESRI ArcGIS v10.3

```
COAST_MED=rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/Coastline/Coastline_medium_res_polygon",sep=""),
                        layer="Coastline_medium_res_polygon_GCS_WGS84")
```

##### COAST\_WAP #####

# #Import a COAST outline file derived from the British Antarctic Survey Geodata Portal - Antarctic Digital Database server output

# #downloaded as a shapefile from

(<http://add.antarctica.ac.uk/repository/entry/show?entryid=f477219b-9121-44d6-afa6-d8552762dc45>)

# #that has been projected from its native Antarctic Polar Stereographic (ESPG: 3031) projected coordinate system

# #into GCS\_WGS84 (EPSG: 4326) in ESRI ArcGIS v10.3

```
COAST_WAP=rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/",
                        "Data/Coastline/Coastline_high_res_polygon",sep=""),
                        layer="Coastline_high_res_polygon_GCS_WGS84")
```



```
# Crop polygons to the region of interest
COAST_WAP <- raster::crop(COAST_WAP,raster::extent(c(xmin = -78,
          xmax = -52,
          ymin = -71,
          ymax = -61)))

# Unify polygons to remove boundaries between Iceshelves and Land
COAST_WAP = rgeos::gUnaryUnion(COAST_WAP)

##### COAST_BUFFER_500m #####

#Import high resolution COAST layer to which a geodesic buffer has been added in ArcGIS 10.4
COAST_BUFFER_500m=rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/",
          "Data/Coastline",sep=""),
          layer="COAST_GCS_WGS4_Clippped_500m_Buffer")

COAST_BUFFER_500m = rgeos::gUnaryUnion(COAST_BUFFER_500m)

##### ICE_MODIS #####

ICE_MODIS <- raster::raster(paste("~/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/Ice Data/MODIS/MODIS_Aqua/",
          "MODIS_Aqua_TrueColor_", "2013_01_07", ".tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK #####

# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK = raster::rasterize(COAST_WAP,
#           ICE_MODIS)
#
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK[is.na(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK)] <- -500
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK[ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK>0] <- NA
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK[ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK<=0] <- 1
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK,
#           filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#           "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK.tif",sep=""),
#           format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)
```

```
ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
      "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK.tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m #####

#This will be used to exclude erroneous near shore values in ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP

# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m = raster::rasterize(COAST_BUFFER_500m,
#           ICE_MODIS)
#
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m[is.na(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m)] <- -
500
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m[ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m>0] <- NA
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m[ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m<=0] <- 1
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m,
#           filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#           "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m.tif",sep=""),
#           format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
      "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_BUFFER_500m.tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m #####

#This will be as the basis for CTMC analysis

# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from =
ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK,
#           res = c(0.040,0.020),crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
#           method = "bilinear")
#
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m[!is.na(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m)] <- 1
#
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m <-
raster::crop(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,raster::extent(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK))
#
```

```
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#                       filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                       "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#                                       "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#                       format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                                    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
                                                    "ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### WAP_MASK_RES_2000m #####

# #This will be used to exclude the WEDDELL_SEA
# WEDDELL_SEA <- data.frame(LONG = c(-57.3,-56.4,-45.5,-14.0,-06.0,-28.0,-58.0,-65.0,-64.0,-
57.3),
#                           LAT = c(-63.25,-63.0,-61.1,-63.5,-71.0,-78.0,-77.0,-73.0,-66.0,-63.25))
# WEDDELL_SEA <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(sp::SpatialPolygons(list(sp::Polygons(list(sp::Polygon(WEDDELL_
SEA)), ID = 1))),
#                               data = data.frame(ID = "WEDD"), match.ID = F)
# raster::projection(WEDDELL_SEA) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")
#
# WAP_MASK_RES_2000m = raster::rasterize(WEDDELL_SEA,
#                                       ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m)
#
#
#
# WAP_MASK_RES_2000m[is.na(WAP_MASK_RES_2000m)] <- -1
# WAP_MASK_RES_2000m[WAP_MASK_RES_2000m>0] <- NA
# WAP_MASK_RES_2000m[!is.na(WAP_MASK_RES_2000m)] <- 1
#
# WAP_MASK_RES_2000m <- WAP_MASK_RES_2000m * ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
#
# raster::writeRaster(WAP_MASK_RES_2000m,
#                       filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                       "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#                                       "WAP_MASK_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#                       format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

WAP_MASK_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
                                           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
                                           "WAP_MASK_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```

```
##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK #####

# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK = list()
#
# for(i in unique(substr(list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#                                     "MODIS_WAP_Ice_Concentration/Aqua",sep="")),1,39))){
#
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep="")] =
rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                         "1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#
"MODIS_WAP_Ice_Concentration/Aqua",sep=""),
#                         layer=i)
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep="")] =
sp::spChFIDs(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep=")]],
#             paste(paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep=""),
#
# rownames(as.data.frame(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep=")])]),s
ep="_"))
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep=")]]$ID =
paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep="")
#
# raster::projection(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,30,39),"_A",sep=")]]) <-
sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")
# }
#
#
# # Import shapefiles that define cloud free areas from Terra imagery
# for(i in unique(substr(list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#                                     "MODIS_WAP_Ice_Concentration/Terra",sep="")),1,40))){
#
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep=")] =
rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                         "1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#
"MODIS_WAP_Ice_Concentration/Terra",sep=""),
#                         layer=i)
```

```

# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep="")] =
sp::spChFIDs(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep=")]],
#
#           paste(paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep=""),
#
# rownames(as.data.frame(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep=")]])),s
ep="_")
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep=")]$ID =
paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep="")
#
# raster::projection(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[[paste("X",substr(i,31,40),"_T",sep=")]]) <-
sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")
# }
#
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK = do.call("rbind",ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK)
#
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$RASTER_DATES = substr(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$ID,1,11)
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$YEAR=as.numeric(substr(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$ID,2,5))
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$MONTH=as.numeric(substr(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$ID,7,8))
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$DAY=as.numeric(substr(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$ID,10,11))
#
# saveRDS(object = ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK,
#   file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#     "ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK.rds",sep=""))

ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
  "ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK.rds",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC #####

# ICE_MODIS_CONC <- raster::stack()
#
# for(i in unique(ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$ID)){
#
#   # ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK_temp <-
raster::rasterize(x=ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK[ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK$ID==i,],
#     y=ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_500m)
#   # ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK_temp>0] = 1
#
#   # if(substr(i,13,13) == "A")
#   # {ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp <- raster::raster(paste("~/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/MODIS/MODIS_Aqua/",

```

```
#             "MODIS_Aqua_TrueColor_",substr(i,2,11),".tif",sep=""))}
#
# if(substr(i,13,13) == "T")
# {ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp <- raster::raster(paste("~/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/MODIS/MODIS_Terra/",
#             "MODIS_Terra_TrueColor_",substr(i,2,11),".tif",sep=""))}
#
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp = ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp * ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK_temp *
ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_500m
#
# names(ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp) <- i
#
# ICE_MODIS_CONC <- raster::stack(ICE_MODIS_CONC,ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp)
# }
#
# remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp, ICE_MODIS_CONC_MASK_temp)
#
# # Save to individual raster files in common geotiff format (more secure and transferable than
.rds)
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC,
#             filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#             "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/ICE_MODIS_CONC/",
#             "ICE_MODIS_CONC.tif",sep=""),
#             format = "GTiff",bylayer = T,suffix = "names")

# Reconstitute ICE_MODIS_CONC from individual rasters

ICE_MODIS_CONC<- raster::stack()

for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/ICE_MODIS_CONC/",sep=""))){

  ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/ICE_MODIS_CONC/",i,sep="")))

  names(ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp) <- substr(i,16,28)

  ICE_MODIS_CONC <- raster::stack(ICE_MODIS_CONC,ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp)
}
```

```
remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_temp)

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP #####

# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP = ICE_MODIS_CONC
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP = (ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP-30)/(255-30)
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP<0] = 0

# Save to individual raster files in geotiff format (more secure and transferable than .rds)

# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP,
#                       filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                       "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP/",
#                                       "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP.tif",sep=""),
#                       format = "GTiff",bylayer = T,suffix = "names")

# Reconstitute ICE_MODIS_CONC from individual rasters

ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP<- raster::stack()

for(i in 1:64){

ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Gra
d School/Research/",
                                                             "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP/",
                                                             "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_layer.",i,".tif",sep="")))

names(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_temp) <- names(ICE_MODIS_CONC)[i]

ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP <-
raster::stack(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP,ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_temp)

}

remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_temp)

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL #####

# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL = calc(x = ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP,fun = mean, na.rm = T)
#
```

```
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL,
#     filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#     "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL.tif",sep=""),
#     format = "GTiff")
#

ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
        "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL.tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013 #####

# #Calculate mean ICE_MODIS_CONC sea ice concentration index from the cloud free areas
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013 = calc(x =
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP[[which(substr(names(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP),2,5)%in%"2013")]],f
un = mean, na.rm = T)
#
# #Replace any NA values in specific year with mean ICE_MODIS_CONC sea ice concentration
index values
# #across all years of sampling (mostly fills in open water areas off WAP)
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013[is.na(as.vector(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013))]<-
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL[is.na(as.vector(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013))]
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013,
#     filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#     "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013.tif",sep=""),
#     format = "GTiff",overwrite=TRUE)

ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013 = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
        "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013.tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016 #####

# #Calculate mean ICE_MODIS_CONC sea ice concentration index from the cloud free areas
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016 = calc(x =
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP[[which(substr(names(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP),2,5)%in%"2016")]],
```



```
#           fun = mean, na.rm = T)
#
# #Replace any NA values in specific year with mean ICE_MODIS_CONC sea ice concentration
index values
# #across all years of sampling (mostly fills in open water areas off WAP)
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016[is.na(as.vector(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016))]<-
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_ALL[is.na(as.vector(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016))]
#
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016,
#           filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#           "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016.tif",sep=""),
#           format = "GTiff")
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016 = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
           "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016.tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m #####

# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m <- raster::resample(x =
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013,
#           y = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#           method = "bilinear")
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m,
#           filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#           "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#           format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
           "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m <- raster::resample(x =
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016,
#           y = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#           method = "bilinear")
#
# raster::writeRaster(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m,
#           filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#           "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#           format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)
#

ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",
#           "ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR #####

# Calculate 30% and 15% contour lines from ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m
# and ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m
#
# arcpy.gp.ContourList_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2013_res_2000m_contour_30.shp",
#           "0.3")
#
# arcpy.gp.ContourList_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2013_res_2000m_contour_15.shp",
#           "0.15")
#
#
# arcpy.gp.ContourList_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2016_res_2000m_contour_30.shp",
```

```
#           "0.3")
#
#
# arcpy.gp.ContourList_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2016_res_2000m_contour_15.shp",
#           "0.15")

# Calculate path distance from 30% and 15% contour lines using fine resolution
# Antarctic Polar Stereographic grid (ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR projected in m)
# Note: important to extent to match ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR under
# Environments > Processing Extent > Extent > "Same as layer
ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2013_res_2000m_contour_30.shp",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_30_PathDist_POLAR.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
#           "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", "")
#
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2013_res_2000m_contour_15.shp",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_15_PathDist_POLAR.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
#           "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", "")
#
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2016_res_2000m_contour_30.shp",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_30_PathDist_POLAR.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
```

```

#           "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", ""
#
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ice_modis_conc_comp_2016_res_2000m_contour_15.shp",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_15_PathDist_POLAR.tif",
#           "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
#           "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", ""

DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR <- raster::stack()

for(i in c(2013,2016)){
  for(j in c(15,30)){

DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice Data/",

"ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_",i,"_RES_2000m_",j,"_PathDist_POLAR.tif",sep="")))
  names(DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR_temp) <- paste("X",i,"_",j,sep="")

  DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR <- raster::stack(DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR,
                                DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR_temp)
  }
}

remove(DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR_temp)

raster::projection(DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m #####
#
# DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from = DIST_ICE_MODIS_POLAR,
#           to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#           crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
#           method = "bilinear")
#
## Create a temporary layer to set ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP values greater

```

```
## than threshold (e.g, 0.15, 0.30) to negative
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp <-
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000
m_temp >= 0.15] <- -1
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000
m_temp > -1] <- 1
#
## Multiply DISTANCE raster by this raster so that distance
## within ice are negative and outside ice are positive
# DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2013_15"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2013_15"]]
*
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp
# remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp)
#
#
## Create a temporary layer to set ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP values greater
## than threshold (e.g, 0.15, 0.30) to negative
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp <-
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000
m_temp >= 0.30] <- -1
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000
m_temp > -1] <- 1
#
## Multiply DISTANCE raster by this raster so that distance
## within ice are negative and outside ice are positive
# DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2013_30"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2013_30"]]
*
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp
# remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2013_RES_2000m_temp)
#
#
## Create a temporary layer to set ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP values greater
## than threshold (e.g, 0.15, 0.30) to negative
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp <-
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000
m_temp >= 0.15] <- -1
```

```
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000
m_temp > -1] <- 1
#
## Multiply DISTANCE raster by this raster so that distance
## within ice are negative and outside ice are positive
# DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2016_15"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2016_15"]]
*
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp
# remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp)
#
#
## Create a temporary layer to set ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP values greater
## than threshold (e.g, 0.15, 0.30) to negative
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp <-
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000
m_temp >= 0.30] <- -1
#
ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp[ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000
m_temp > -1] <- 1
#
## Multiply DISTANCE raster by this raster so that distance
## within ice are negative and outside ice are positive
# DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2016_30"]] <- DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m[["X2016_30"]]
*
# ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp
# remove(ICE_MODIS_CONC_COMP_2016_RES_2000m_temp)
#
## Write external .tif raster copy of DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m,
# filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
# "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m/",
# "DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
# format = "GTiff",bylayer = T,suffix = "names")

# Reconstitute DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m from individual rasters

DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m<- raster::stack()

for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
```

```
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m/",sep=""))){

DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce
/Grad School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Ice
Data/DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m/",i,sep="")))

names(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp) <- substr(i,26,33)

DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m <-
raster::stack(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m,DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp)

}

remove(DIST_ICE_MODIS_RES_2000m_temp,i)

##### BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR #####

BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
                                "IBCSO_v1_is_PS71_500m_tif/", "ibcsco_v1_is_Clippped_Polar.tif", sep = "")))
raster::projection(BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

#remove land by setting raster values > 0 to NA
BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR[BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR>0] <- NA

##### BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK #####

BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK <- BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR

BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK[BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK<=0] <- 1

##### SLOPE_IBCSO_POLAR #####

SLOPE_IBCSO_POLAR=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
                                "IBCSO_v1_is_PS71_500m_tif/", "Slope_ibcsco_v1_PolarStereo_Clippped.tif", sep = "")))
raster::projection(SLOPE_IBCSO_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")
```

```
#remove land by multiplying by BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK

SLOPE_IBCSO_POLAR <- SLOPE_IBCSO_POLAR*BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK

##### PROFILE_IBCSO_POLAR #####

PROFILE_IBCSO_POLAR=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
              "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
              "IBCSO_v1_is_PS71_500m_tif/", "Profile_Curvature_ibscov1_PolarStereo_Clipped.tif", sep =
              "")))
raster::projection(PROFILE_IBCSO_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

#remove land by multiplying by BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK
PROFILE_IBCSO_POLAR <- PROFILE_IBCSO_POLAR*BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR_MASK

##### BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m #####

BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from = BATHY_IBCSO_POLAR,
              to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
              crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
              method = "bilinear")

# Write external .tif raster copy of BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m
raster::writeRaster(BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m,
              filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
              "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
              "BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif", sep=""),
              format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m from saved raster
BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
              "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
              "BATHY_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif", sep=""))

##### SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m #####

SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from = SLOPE_IBCSO_POLAR,
              to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
              crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
              method = "bilinear")
```



```
# Write external .tif raster copy of SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m
raster::writeRaster(SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m,
  filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
    "SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
  format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m from saved raster
SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
  "SLOPE_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m #####

PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from = PROFILE_IBCSO_POLAR,
  to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
  crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
  method = "bilinear")

# Write external .tif raster copy of PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m
raster::writeRaster(PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m,
  filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
    "PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
  format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m from saved raster
PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
  "PROFILE_IBCSO_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### CONTINENTAL_SHELF #####

# # Create a contour line at the 450m isobath
# arcpy.gp.ContourList_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Bathy/ibcso_v1_is_Clipped_Polar.tif",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Bathy/CONTINENTAL_SHELF_450m.shp",
# "-450")
#
```

```
CONTINENTAL_SHELF <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",sep =
""),
      layer="CONTINENTAL_SHELF_450m")

##### CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER #####

# # Manually dissect this contour line into inner (shelf deeps)
# # and outer (shelf margin and valleys) lines using Select and Export Data
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",sep =
""),
      layer="continental_shelf_450m_outer")
raster::projection(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER #####

# # Manually dissect this contour line into inner (shelf deeps)
# # and outer (shelf margin and valleys) lines using Select and Export Data
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
      "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",sep =
""),
      layer="continental_shelf_450m_inner")
raster::projection(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS #####

# Convert outer (shelf margin and valleys) contour lines into SpatialPolygons
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUT
ER))

# Run buffer = 0 command to deal with topology exception errors in later gSymdifference
command
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS <-
rgeos::gBuffer(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS,width = 0, byid = T,
      id = names(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS))

# Convert SpatialPolygons into SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
```

```
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS,
                             data.frame(ID =
names(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS)),
                             match.ID = F)

# Define projection
raster::projection(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS #####

# Convert inner (shelf deeps) contour lines into SpatialPolygons
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS <-
maptools::PolySet2SpatialPolygons(maptools::SpatialLines2PolySet(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNE
R))

# Run buffer = 0 command to deal with topology exception errors in later gSymdifference
command
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS <-
rgeos::gBuffer(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS,width = 0, byid = T,
               id = names(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS))

# Convert SpatialPolygons into SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS,
                             data.frame(ID =
names(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS)),
                             match.ID = F)

# Define projection
raster::projection(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS #####

# Create SpatialPolygons with holes to exclude inner contour lines (shelf deeps)
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS <-
rgeos::gSymdifference(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS,
                     CONTINENTAL_SHELF_INNER_POLYGONS)

# Convert SpatialPolygons into SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS <-
sp::SpatialPolygonsDataFrame(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS,
                             data.frame(ID = 1))
```

```
##### DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLAR #####
```

```
## Manually add a long tail off the end of the contour line
## to cover the range of projected easting longitudes (avoids an error
## where PathDistance function only calculates to the bounding box of the feature)
#
## Calculate the path distance to the 450m isobath (i.e. including internal structure within the
shelf)
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Bathy/continental_shelf_450m.shp",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Bathy/continental_shelf_450m_PathDist_POLAR.tif",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
# "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", "")
```

```
# Reconstitute DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLAR from saved raster
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLAR=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/
Grad School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric
Data/",
                                "continental_shelf_450m_PathDistance.tif",sep = "")))
raster::projection(DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")
```

```
##### DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLAR #####
```

```
## Manually add a long tail off the end of the contour line
## to cover the range of projected easting longitudes (avoids an error
## where PathDistance function only calculates to the bounding box of the feature)

## Calculate the path distance to the 450m isobath using the outer shelf margin and valleys
definition
## (i.e. ignoring internal structure within the shelf)
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Bathy/continental_shelf_450m_outer.shp",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Bathy/continental_shelf_450m_outer_PathDist_POLAR.tif",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
```

```

#           "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", ""
#

# Reconstitute DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLAR from saved raster
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLAR=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevo
rjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
                                "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric
Data/",
                                "continental_shelf_450m_outer_PathDistance.tif",sep =
"")))
raster::projection(DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m #####

DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from =
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLAR,
                  to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
                  crs = sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
                  method = "bilinear")

# Convert CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS into a raster that will be used to
# multiply DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF values inside CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS
# by negative numbers and exterior values by positive numbers
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp <-
raster::rasterize(sp::spTransform(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS,
                                sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")),
                  ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m)

# Values inside CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS = -1, outside = 1
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp[CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_RES_2
000m_temp > 0] <- -1
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp[is.na(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_
RES_2000m_temp)] <- 1

# Multiply DISTANCE raster by this raster so that distance
# within CONTINENTAL_SHELF are negative and outside CONTINENTAL_SHELF are positive
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m <- DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m *
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp
remove(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp)

# Write external .tif raster copy of DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m

```

```
raster::writeRaster(DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m,
  filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
    "DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
  format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m from saved raster
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
  "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
  "DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m #####

DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from =
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLAR,
  to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
  crs = sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
  method = "bilinear")

# Convert CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_OUTER_POLYGONS into a raster that will be used to
# multiply DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF values inside
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_OUTER_POLYGONS
# by negative numbers and exterior values by positive numbers
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp <-
raster::rasterize(sp::spTransform(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS,
  sp::CRS("+init=epsg:4326")),
  ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m)

# Values inside CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS = -1, outside = 1
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp[CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_P
OLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp > 0] <- -1
CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp[is.na(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUT
ER_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp)] <- 1

# Multiply DISTANCE raster by this raster so that distance
# within CONTINENTAL_SHELF are negative and outside CONTINENTAL_SHELF are positive
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m <-
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m *
  CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp
remove(CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_POLYGONS_RES_2000m_temp)

# Write external .tif raster copy of DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m
raster::writeRaster(DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m,
```

```

filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
              "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
              "DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m from saved raster
DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m =
raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
                    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Bathymetric Data/",
                    "DIST_CONTINENTAL_SHELF_OUTER_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### DIST_LAND_POLAR #####

# arcpy.Clip_management(in_raster="Coastline_high_res_polygon_P",
#                       rectangle="-3147000 432500.000000002 -1640500 1981000",
#                       out_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Coastline/Coastline_high_res_polygon/Coastline_high_res_polygon_Clipped.tif",
#                       in_template_dataset="ibcso_v1_is_Clipped_Polar.tif",
#                       nodata_value="0", clipping_geometry="NONE",
#                       maintain_clipping_extent="NO_MAINTAIN_EXTENT")
#
# arcpy.gp.PathDistance_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Coastline/Coastline_high_res_polygon/Coastline_high_res_polygon_Clipped.tif",
#                       "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Coastline/Coastline_high_res_polygon/Coastline_high_res_polygon_Clipped_PathDist_PO
LAR.tif",
#                       "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Ice/ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_POLAR.tif",
#                       "", "", "BINARY 1 45", "", "BINARY 1 -30 30", "", "", "", "", "", "")

DIST_LAND_POLAR=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                                    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
                                                    "Coastline_high_res_polygon_Clipped_PathDist_POLAR.tif",sep =
"")))
raster::projection(DIST_LAND_POLAR) <- sp::CRS("+init=epsg:3031")

##### DIST_LAND_RES_2000m #####

# DIST_LAND_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from = DIST_LAND_POLAR,

```

```
#           to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#           crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
#           method = "bilinear")
#
## Write external .tif raster copy of DIST_LAND_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(DIST_LAND_RES_2000m,
#           filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#           "DIST_LAND_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#           format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute DIST_LAND_RES_2000m from saved raster
DIST_LAND_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
           "DIST_LAND_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km #####
## Create a 100km buffer in OCEAN cells as defined by ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
#
## Convert OCEAN into NAs over water and 1s over LAND
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km <- ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km[!is.na(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km)]
# <- -1
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km[is.na(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km)]
# <- 1
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km[LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km<0] <-
# NA
#
## Calculate euclidean distances using built-in raster function
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km <-
# raster::distance(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km)
#
## Remove distance cell values >100km
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km[LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km >
# 100*1000] <- NA
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km[!is.na(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km)]
# <- 1
#
## Remove LAND cell values
# LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km <- LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km *
# ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
#
#
```



```
## Write external .tif raster copy of LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km
# raster::writeRaster(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km,
#                     filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#                                     "LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km.tif",sep=""),
#                     format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km from saved raster
LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                                         "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
                                                         "LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km.tif",sep=""))

##### COAST_MED_WAP #####

#Import a COAST outline file derived from the British Antarctic Survey Geodata Portal -
Antarctic Digital Database server output
#downloaded as a shapefile from
(http://add.antarctica.ac.uk/repository/entry/show?entryid=f477219b-9121-44d6-afa6-
d8552762dc45)
#that has been projected from its native Antarctic Polar Stereographic (ESPG: 3031) projected
coordinate system
#into GCS_WGS84 (EPSG: 4326) in ESRI ArcGIS v10.3
#
# COAST_MED_WAP=rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/",
#                                     "Data/Coastline/Coastline_medium_res_polygon",sep=""),
#                               layer="Coastline_medium_res_polygon_GCS_WGS84")
#
#
## Crop polygons to the region of interest
# COAST_MED_WAP <- raster::crop(COAST_MED_WAP,raster::extent(c(xmin = -78,
#                               xmax = -52,
#                               ymin = -71,
#                               ymax = -61)))
#
## Unify polygons to remove boundaries between Iceshelves and Land
# COAST_MED_WAP = rgeos::gUnaryUnion(COAST_MED_WAP)
#
# saveRDS(object = COAST_MED_WAP,
#         file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                       "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Output Data/",
#                       "COAST_MED_WAP.rds",sep=""))
#
```

```

# saveRDS(object = COAST_MED_WAP,
#   file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#     "COAST_MED_WAP.rds",sep=""))
#
## Import RDS files into local R environment in Ahi
# COAST_MED_WAP <- readRDS(file =
paste("/home/tjoyce/1_2016_Antarctic_Whale_Tracking/Data/Output_Data/",
#     "COAST_MED_WAP.rds",sep=""))
#
## Import RDS files into local R environment in Ahi
# COAST_MED_WAP <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Output Data/",
#     "COAST_MED_WAP.rds",sep=""))

# Import RDS files into local R environment in Ahi
COAST_MED_WAP <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
    "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
    "COAST_MED_WAP.rds",sep=""))

##### DIST_DIR_SL_CALC #####

#Function to convert each row of a section of DIST_DIR cell coordinates into a
#SpatialLinesDataFrame

DIST_DIR_SL_CALC <- function(X,DATA){
  DATA_DF <- rbind(DATA[[X]][,c("lon","lat")],
    geosphere::destPointRhumb(p = DATA[[X]][,c("lon","lat")],
      b = DATA[[X]][,c("BEARING")],
      d = DATA[[X]][,c("DISTANCE")]))
  sp::coordinates(DATA_DF) <- ~ lon + lat
  DATA_SL <- as(DATA_DF,"SpatialLines")
  DATA_SLDF <- sp::SpatialLinesDataFrame(DATA_SL,
    data.frame(CELL = X,
      LONG = DATA[[X]][,c("lon")],
      LAT = DATA[[X]][,c("lat")],
      BEARING = DATA[[X]][,c("BEARING")],
      stringsAsFactors = F),
    match.ID = F)
  return(DATA_SLDF)
}

##### MIN_DIST_DIR_CALC #####

```

```
# Function that calculates the point intersections (if they exist) between the lines defined above
# and a coastline geometry (COAST_MED_WAP), then calculates the minimum distance
# between these intersections and each DIST_DIR point
```

```
MIN_DIST_DIR_CALC <- function(X, LINES, COAST){
```

```
  # find intersections between the line and a coastline geometry (COAST)
  INTERSECTIONS_POINTS = rgeos::gIntersection(COAST,LINES[LINES$CELL == X,])
```

```
  # return NA if there are no intersections
  if(is.null(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS)){
```

```
    LINES_DF <- as.data.frame(LINES[LINES$CELL == X,])
    LINES_DF[,c("MIN_DIST_INT","LONG_INT","LAT_INT")] <- NA
    return(LINES_DF)
  }
```

```
  # if there are intersections
  if(!is.null(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS)){
```

```
    INTERSECTIONS_POINTS = as(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS,"SpatialPoints")
    INTERSECTIONS_POINTS = sp::SpatialPointsDataFrame(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS,
      data.frame(LONG_INT =
sp::coordinates(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS)[,1],
      LAT_INT = sp::coordinates(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS)[,2]))
```

```
    #calculate the geodesic distance between origin point and each intersection
    INTERSECTIONS_POINTS$DIST_INT = geosphere::distGeo(p1 =
as.data.frame(LINES[LINES$CELL == X,c("LONG","LAT")])),
      p2 = INTERSECTIONS_POINTS)
```

```
    LINES_DF = as.data.frame(LINES[LINES$CELL == X,])
```

```
    LINES_DF$MIN_DIST_INT <- min(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS$DIST_INT)
    LINES_DF[,c("LONG_INT","LAT_INT")] <-
as.data.frame(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS[which.min(INTERSECTIONS_POINTS$DIST_INT),],c("LONG_INT","LAT_INT"))
```

```
    return(LINES_DF)
  }
```

```
}
```

```
##### DIST_DIR #####

#Change from Raster to SpatialPointsDataFrame to dataframe
DIST_DIR <-
as.data.frame(as(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km,"SpatialPointsDataFrame"))

#Add CELL numbers for later link to Raster
DIST_DIR$CELL <- raster::cellFromXY(LAND_MASK_RES_2000m_BUFFER_100km,
                                   xy= DIST_DIR[,c("x", "y")])

DIST_DIR[,c("lon", "lat")] <- DIST_DIR[,c("x", "y")]

##### MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST #####

# #list to house MIN_DIST calculations for each direction
# MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST <- list()
#
# # loop through each 36 directions
# for(j in c(0,30,60,90,120,150,180,210,240,270,300,330,
#           10,40,70,100,130,160,190,220,250,280,310,340,
#           20,50,80,110,140,170,200,230,260,290,320,350)){
#
# # data.frame to house pieces of MIN_DIST_DIR calculated piecemeal
# MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp <- data.frame(stringsAsFactors = F)
#
# # loop through the rows of DIST_DIR grabbing manageable chunks of data
# for(i in seq(1,nrow(DIST_DIR),by = 2000)){
#
# #handle end data range values that are not multiples of nrow(DIST_DIR)
# INDEX_temp <- ifelse(i+1999 < nrow(DIST_DIR), i+1999, nrow(DIST_DIR))
#
# # Print information on DIR and ROWS to track progress
# print(paste("DIR:",j,", ROWS:",i,"-",INDEX_temp,", TIME:", Sys.time()))
#
# # Grab a manageable chunk of cell coordinates from DIST_DIR to
# # avoid the system choking in creating SpatialLinesDataFrame
# DIST_DIR_temp <- DIST_DIR[i:INDEX_temp,c("CELL", "lon", "lat")]
# DIST_DIR_temp$BEARING <- j
# DIST_DIR_temp$DISTANCE <- 1000*1000
#
# # Change data.frame into a list consisting of data.frames
# # for each row in DIST_DIR_temp
```

```
# DIST_DIR_SL_temp <- split(x = DIST_DIR_temp,
#                           f = as.factor(DIST_DIR_temp$CELL))
#
# # Calculate initial system time for monitoring process
# PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
#
# # Run the DIST_DIR_SL_CALC function to create a list of SpatialLinesDataFrames
# # for each row in DIST_DIR_SL_temp
# DIST_DIR_SL_temp <- parallel::mclapply(X = as.character(DIST_DIR_temp$CELL),
#                                       DATA = DIST_DIR_SL_temp,
#                                       FUN = DIST_DIR_SL_CALC,
#                                       mc.cores = 12)
#
# # Compile this list into one overall SpatialLinesDataFrames
# DIST_DIR_SL_temp <- do.call("rbind",DIST_DIR_SL_temp)
#
# # Change the IDs of DIST_DIR_SL_temp to the cell numbers from STPP_COVAR
# DIST_DIR_SL_temp <- sp::spChFIDs(DIST_DIR_SL_temp,as.character(DIST_DIR_temp$CELL))
#
# # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME
# print(paste("DIST_DIR_SL calculation time:"))
# print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)
#
# # Calculate initial system time for monitoring process
# PROCESSING_TIME_temp <- proc.time()
#
# # Run the MIN_DIST_DIR_CALC function to create a data frame with
# # MIN_DIST_DIR calculated for each cell represented in DIST_DIR_SL_temp
# MIN_DIST_DIR_temp <- parallel::mclapply(X = DIST_DIR_SL_temp$CELL,
#                                       LINES = DIST_DIR_SL_temp,
#                                       COAST = COAST_MED_WAP,
#                                       FUN = MIN_DIST_DIR_CALC,
#                                       mc.cores = 12)
#
# # Compile this list into one overall SpatialLinesDataFrames
# MIN_DIST_DIR_temp <- do.call("rbind",MIN_DIST_DIR_temp)
#
# # Print information on PROCESSING_TIME
# print(paste("MIN_DIST calculation time:"))
# print(proc.time() - PROCESSING_TIME_temp)
#
# # Add rows from chunk of cell coordinates from DIST_DIR
# # to overall data.frame MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp
# MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp <- rbind(MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp,
```

```

#             MIN_DIST_DIR_temp)
#
# #Clean-up
# remove(MIN_DIST_DIR_temp, PROCESSING_TIME_temp,
#        DIST_DIR_temp, DIST_DIR_SL_temp, INDEX_temp); gc()
# }
#
# #Add data.frame of MIN_DIST_DIR calculated for each cell in DIST_DIR to the overall list
# MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST[[as.character(j)]] <- MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp
#
# # Save kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK to a separate .csv
# # (in case loop crashes or system times out)
# write.csv(MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp,
#           paste("/home/tjoyce/1_2016_Antarctic_Whale_Tracking/Data/Output_Data/",
#                 "MIN_DIST_DIR_",j,".csv",sep=""))
#
# # # Save kernel intensity values associated with each simulated TRACK to a separate .csv
# # # (in case loop crashes or system times out)
# # # write.csv(MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp,
# # #           paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
# # #                 "1_2016_Antarctic_Whale_Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
# # #                 "MIN_DIST_DIR_",i,".csv",sep=""))
# #
# # }
#
# #Clean-up
# remove(MIN_DIST_DIR_DF_temp,i,j); gc()
#
# # Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
# saveRDS(object = MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST,
#         file = paste("/home/tjoyce/1_2016_Antarctic_Whale_Tracking/Data/Output_Data/",
#                       "MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST.rds",sep=""))
#
# # Save kernel intensity values to a single overall .rds file
# saveRDS(object = MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST,
#         file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                       "1_2016_Antarctic_Whale_Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#                       "MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST.rds",sep=""))

# Import RDS files into local R environment in Ahi
MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST <- readRDS(file = paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
                                           "1_2016_Antarctic_Whale_Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
                                           "MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST.rds",sep=""))

```

```
##### MIN_DIST_DIR #####

MIN_DIST_DIR <- raster::brick(ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m)

for(i in names(MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST)){
  MIN_DIST_DIR[[paste("DIR_",i, sep = "")]] <- ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
  MIN_DIST_DIR[[paste("DIR_",i, sep = "")]][] <- NA
  MIN_DIST_DIR[[paste("DIR_",i, sep = "")]][as.numeric(MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST[[i]]$CELL)] <-
MIN_DIST_DIR_LIST[[i]]$MIN_DIST_INT
}

MIN_DIST_DIR <- raster::dropLayer(x = MIN_DIST_DIR,i = which(names(MIN_DIST_DIR) ==
"ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m"))

for(i in names(MIN_DIST_DIR)){
  MIN_DIST_DIR[[i]][MIN_DIST_DIR[[i]] >= 80*1000] <- 80*1000
  MIN_DIST_DIR[[i]][is.na(MIN_DIST_DIR[[i]])] <- 80*1000
  MIN_DIST_DIR[[i]] <- MIN_DIST_DIR[[i]] * ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m
}

#### MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m #####

# MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m <- raster::calc(MIN_DIST_DIR, mean, na.rm =
T)/(80*1000)
#
# # Write external .tif raster copy of MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m,
#                       filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#                                     "MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#                       format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m from saved raster
MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
          "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
          "MIN_DIST_DIR_MEAN_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

#### MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m #####
```

```
# MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m <- raster::calc(MIN_DIST_DIR, median, na.rm =
T)/(80*1000)
#
#
## Write external .tif raster copy of MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m,
#     filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#     "MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#     format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m from saved raster
MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
        "MIN_DIST_DIR_MED_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

##### COAST_CLASS #####

COAST_CLASS <- rgdal::readOGR(dsn=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline",sep=""),
        layer="Coastline_Feature_Classification")

##### COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m #####
#
# COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m <- raster::rasterize(x = COAST_CLASS,
#     y = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#     field = "CLASS")
#
## Write external .tif raster copy of COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m,
#     filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#     "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#     "COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#     format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m from saved raster
COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
        "COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))
```



```
##### COAST_CLASS_RES_2000m #####

# COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m <- raster::rasterize(x = COAST_CLASS,
#           y = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
#           field = "CLASS_GEN")
#
# # Write external .tif raster copy of COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m,
#   filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#   "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
#   "COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
#   format = "GTiff", overwrite=TRUE)

# Reconstitute COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m from saved raster
COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m = raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
           "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Coastline/",
           "COAST_CLASS_GEN_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""))

#### CHL ####

# CHL <- raster::stack()
#
# for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#   "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl Data",sep=""))){
#
# #Import NetCDF file as a raster
# CHL_temp=raster::raster(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#   "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl Data/",
#   i,sep=""), varname='chlor_a')
#
# #Assign a name based on year and platform (e.g. X2009_A for Aqua MODIS winter 2008-
# 2009)
# names(CHL_temp) <- paste("X",substr(i,9,12),"_",substr(i,1,1),sep = "")
#
# #Add to CHL stack
# CHL <- raster::stack(CHL,CHL_temp)
# }
#
# # Crop chlorophyll (CHL) data to the extent of study area (WAP MODIS analysis area)
# CHL <- raster::crop(CHL,raster::extent(c(xmin = -78,xmax = -52,ymin = -71,ymax = -61)))
#
#
```

```
# #Loop to combine Aqua MODIS and Terra MODIS rasters into a single raster per year
# for(i in names(CHL)[substr(names(CHL),7,7) == "A"]){
#
# #Average Aqua MODIS and Terra MODIS seasonal climatologies
# CHL_temp <- calc(x = CHL[[which(substr(names(CHL),2,5)%in%substr(i,2,5))]],
#                 fun = mean, na.rm = T)
#
# #Rename single raster per year
# names(CHL_temp) <- substr(i,1,5)
#
# #Add these rasters to CHL stack
# CHL <- raster::stack(CHL,CHL_temp)
# }
#
# #Clean up temp variables
# remove(CHL_temp)
#
# #Remove platform specific rasters from CHL (leaving mean rasters)
#
# CHL <- CHL[[which(nchar(names(CHL))<=5)]]
#
# # Save to individual raster files in common geotiff format (more secure and transferable than
# # .rds)
# raster::writeRaster(CHL,
#                     filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                   "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl Data/CHL_Cropped_Mean",
#                                   "CHL.tif",sep=""),
#                     format = "GTiff",bylayer = T,suffix = "names")
#
# Reconstitute CHL from saved individual rasters
#
CHL<- raster::stack()
#
for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
                        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_Cropped_Mean/",sep=""))){
#
# CHL_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
#                                             "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_Cropped_Mean/",i,sep="")))
#
names(CHL_temp) <- substr(i,5,9)
#
CHL <- raster::stack(CHL,CHL_temp)
```

```
}
```

```
remove(CHL_temp)
```

```
##### CHL_IDW_INTERP #####
```

```
# # Convert each CHL raster into a point object (that can be interpolated to fill unsampled areas)
```

```
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009.tif",
```

```
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2009_points.shp",  
#           raster_field="Value")
```

```
#
```

```
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2010.tif",
```

```
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2010_points.shp",  
#           raster_field="Value")
```

```
#
```

```
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2011.tif",
```

```
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2011_points.shp",  
#           raster_field="Value")
```

```
#
```

```
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2012.tif",
```

```
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2012_points.shp",  
#           raster_field="Value")
```

```
#
```

```
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2013.tif",
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2013_points.shp",
#           raster_field="Value")
#
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2014.tif",
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2014_points.shp",
#           raster_field="Value")
#
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2015.tif",
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2015_points.shp",
#           raster_field="Value")
#
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2016.tif",
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2016_points.shp",
#           raster_field="Value")
#
# arcpy.RasterToPoint_conversion(in_raster="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2017.tif",
#           out_point_features="C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2017_points.shp",
#           raster_field="Value")
#
# # Use inverse distance weighting algorithm to fill areas
# # not covered because of coarse global land mask (i.e., bays)
```

```
## Fixed interpolation range set to 0.35 degrees, and power set to 3 (to minimize influence of
distant points)
## First run extent to match CHL_X2009.tif under
## Environments > Processing Extent > Extent > "Same as layer CHL_X2009.tif"
## Thereafter this same environment is referenced in generating other years
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2009_points.shp",
#     "GRID_CODE",
#     "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif",
#     "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009.tif",
#     "3",
#     "FIXED 0.35",
#     "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2010_points.shp",
#     "GRID_CODE",
#     "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2010_IDW_INTERP.tif",
#     "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2010.tif",
#     "3",
#     "FIXED 0.35",
#     "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2011_points.shp",
#     "GRID_CODE",
#     "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2011_IDW_INTERP.tif",
#     "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2011.tif",
#     "3",
```

```
#         "FIXED 0.35",
#         "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2012_points.shp",
#         "GRID_CODE",
#         "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2012_IDW_INTERP.tif",
#         "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2012.tif",
#         "3",
#         "FIXED 0.35",
#         "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2013_points.shp",
#         "GRID_CODE",
#         "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2013_IDW_INTERP.tif",
#         "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2013.tif",
#         "3",
#         "FIXED 0.35",
#         "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2014_points.shp",
#         "GRID_CODE",
#         "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2014_IDW_INTERP.tif",
#         "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2014.tif",
```

```
# "3",
# "FIXED 0.35",
# ""
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2015_points.shp",
# "GRID_CODE",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2015_IDW_INTERP.tif",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2015.tif",
# "3",
# "FIXED 0.35",
# "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2016_points.shp",
# "GRID_CODE",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2016_IDW_INTERP.tif",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2016.tif",
# "3",
# "FIXED 0.35",
# "")
#
# arcpy.env.workspace = "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad
School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/GIS
Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2009_IDW_INTERP.tif"
#
# arcpy.gp.Idw_sa("C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic
Whale Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/chl_x2017_points.shp",
# "GRID_CODE",
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2017_IDW_INTERP.tif",
```

```
# "C:/Users/trevor.joyce/Documents/Grad School/Research/1_2016_Antarctic Whale
Tracking/Data/GIS Data/Chlorophyll/CHL_Cropped_Mean/CHL_X2017.tif",
# "3",
# "FIXED 0.35",
# ""

# Import interpolated rasters

CHL_IDW_INTERP<- raster::stack()

for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
                        "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP",sep=""))){

  CHL_IDW_INTERP_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad
School/Research/",
                                                         "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP/",i,sep="")))

  names(CHL_IDW_INTERP_temp) <- substr(i,5,9)

  CHL_IDW_INTERP <- raster::stack(CHL_IDW_INTERP,CHL_IDW_INTERP_temp)
}

remove(CHL_IDW_INTERP_temp)

raster::projection(CHL_IDW_INTERP) <- CRS("+init=epsg:4326")

##### CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m #####

CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m <- raster::projectRaster(from = CHL_IDW_INTERP,
                                                to = ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m,
                                                crs = CRS("+init=epsg:4326"),
                                                method = "bilinear")

CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m <- CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m *
ICE_MODIS_LAND_MASK_RES_2000m

names(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m) <- names(CHL_IDW_INTERP)

## Write external .tif raster copy of CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m
# raster::writeRaster(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m,
```



```
# filename=paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
# "1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m/",
# "CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m.tif",sep=""),
# format = "GTiff",bylayer = T,suffix = "names")

# Reconstitute CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m from individual saved rasters
CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m<- raster::stack()

for(i in list.files(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce/Grad School/Research/",
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m/",sep=""))){

CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp=raster::raster(rgdal::readGDAL(paste("/Users/trevorjoyce
/Grad School/Research/",
"1_2016_Antarctic Whale Tracking/Data/Chl
Data/CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m/",i,sep="")))

names(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp) <- substr(i,26,30)

CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m <-
raster::stack(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m,CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp)

}

remove(CHL_IDW_INTERP_RES_2000m_temp,i)
```