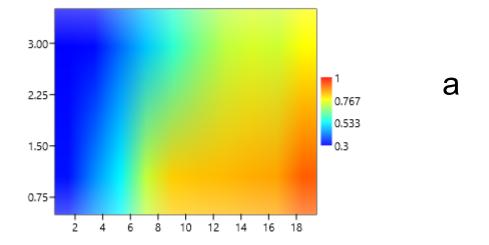
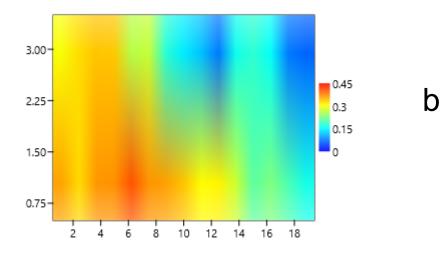


Species axis 1

Fig. S1. Graphical examples illustrating the inconsistency between structural synchrony in two synchronously sampled communities and the divergence/convergence estimated by a similarity index. Points represent the community states O observed in two spatial (sites 1 and 2) at two consecutive points of time ( $t_1$  and  $t_2$ ). Structural synchrony at time interval ( $t_2 - t_1$ ) is represented as the angle w between the vectors  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  (see text for explanation); dissimilarity between communities is represented as distances D between the points 1 and 2. (a,b) Equally synchronous changes in two communities (equal angles w) may lead to decreasing (a) or increasing (b) similarity. (c) Absolutely synchronous changes in communities (vectors  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are parallel, w = 0) do not affect the similarity.





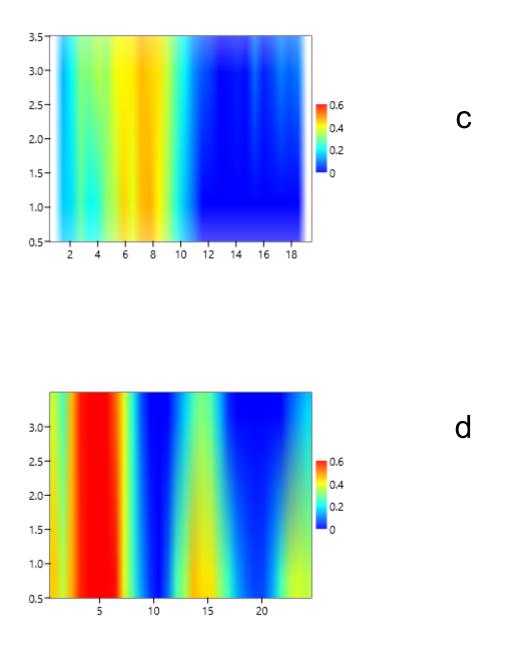


Fig. S2. Examples of synchrony maps obtained by computer simulations. (a) scenario 1 (local, spatially and temporally autocorrelated factors,  $a_{\text{DEM}} = a_{\text{ENV}} = 0.4$ , k = 0.8); (b) scenario 2 (long-term trend,  $a_{\text{DEM}} = a_{\text{ENV}} = 0.5$ , k = 0.025); (c) scenario 3 (one-time impact;  $a_{\text{DEM}} = 0.6$ ,  $a_{\text{ENV}} = 0.3$ , k = 3, moment of impact T = 6); (d) scenario 4 (periodic environmental fluctuations;  $a_{\text{DEM}} = a_{\text{ENV}} = 1.5$ , phase k = -5.5, period T = 10). Degree of synchrony (*W* value) is denoted by color (calibrated scale is shown on the right).

Text S1. Synchrony.bas is code for structural synchrony computation. Code is written on QB64 (QuickBasic 4.5 Plus-compatible editor and C++ compiler for Windows).

Dataset parameters YEAR (year of survey, optional), S (total number of species), SAMPLE (number of sites or sampling points), T (number of sampling sessions) are set in source code heading before compilation/run.

Initial data are read from the text files (.dat) named as ABUNDANCES.dat (species absolute abundances or %), DATES.dat (dates of sampling sessions) and COORDINATES (*x-y* coordinates of sampling sites). These files must exist before running the code.

Results are outputted in text file W.res; each row contains Year, Time interval, Distance, and  $(\cos w)$ -value for a pair of samples.

Code

'\$DYNAMIC

DEFINT I-N

DIM SHARED YEAR AS INTEGER: YEAR = 2000

DIM SHARED S AS INTEGER: S = 13: 'TOTAL NUMBER OF SPECIES DIM SHARED SAMPLE AS INTEGER: SAMPLE = 16: 'NUMBER OF SAMPLING POINTS (SITES) DIM SHARED T AS INTEGER: T = 5: 'NUMBER OF SAMPLING SESSIONS DIM SHARED N(S, SAMPLE, T) AS SINGLE: 'SPECIES ABUNDANCES DIM SHARED DATE(T) AS INTEGER: 'SAMPLING DATES DIM SHARED DATE(T) AS INTEGER, Y(SAMPLE) AS SINGLE: 'SITE COORDINATES DIM SHARED D(SAMPLE) AS INTEGER, Y(SAMPLE) AS SINGLE: 'SITE COORDINATES DIM SHARED D(SAMPLE, SAMPLE) AS SINGLE: 'DISTANCES DIM SHARED DT(T, T) AS INTEGER: 'TIME INTERVALS DIM SHARED DN1(S) AS SINGLE, DN2(S) AS SINGLE: 'ABUNDANCE DIFFERENCES DIM SHARED T1 AS INTEGER, T2 AS INTEGER: 'PAIRED DATES CHOSEN DIM SHARED SA1 AS INTEGER, SA2 AS INTEGER: 'PAIRED PLOTS CHOSEN DIM SHARED SA1 AS INTEGER, SA2 AS INTEGER: 'SUMS OF DIFFERENCES DIM NXY AS SINGLE, NX2 AS SINGLE, NY2 AS SINGLE: 'SUMS OF DIFFERENCES DIM SHARED COSN AS SINGLE: 'SUNCHRONY (cos w) VALUE

SCREEN 0: COLOR 15, 9 CLS

'INPUT OF INITIAL DATA OPEN "ABUNDANCES.DAT" FOR INPUT AS #1 FOR I = 1 TO S: FOR J = 1 TO T: FOR K = 1 TO SAMPLE: INPUT #1, N(I, K, J): NEXT K: NEXT J: NEXT I CLOSE #1 OPEN "DATES.DAT" FOR INPUT AS #3 FOR I = 1 TO T: INPUT #3, DATE(I): NEXT I CLOSE #3 **OPEN "COORDINATES.DAT" FOR INPUT AS #4** FOR I = 1 TO SAMPLE: INPUT #4, X(I), Y(I): NEXT I CLOSE #4 FOR I = 1 TO SAMPLE: FOR J = 1 TO SAMPLE  $D(I, J) = SQR((X(I) - X(J))^{2} + (Y(I) - Y(J))^{2})$ NEXT J: NEXT I 'SYNCHRONY CALCULATIONS OPEN "W.RES" FOR OUTPUT AS #2 FOR T1 = 1 TO T - 1: FOR T2 = T1 + 1 TO T FOR SA1 = 1 TO SAMPLE - 1: FOR SA2 = SA1 + 1 TO SAMPLE NXY = 0; NX2 = 0; NY2 = 0FOR I = 1 TO S DN1(I) = N(I, SA1, T2) - N(I, SA1, T1)DN2(I) = N(I, SA2, T2) - N(I, SA2, T1)NXY = NXY + DN1(I) \* DN2(I)NX2 = NX2 + (DN1(I)) ^ 2: NY2 = NY2 + (DN2(I)) ^ 2 NEXT I COSN = NXY / SQR(NX2 \* NY2) PRINT #2, USING "####"; YEAR; PRINT #2, " "; PRINT #2, USING "####"; DT(T1, T2); PRINT #2, " "; PRINT #2, USING "####.##"; D(SA1, SA2); PRINT #2, " "; PRINT #2, USING "##.###"; COSN;

PRINT #2, ""

NEXT SA2: NEXT SA1

NEXT T2: NEXT T1

CLOSE #2

END