

Table S1. Stable isotopes ( $\delta^{15}\text{N}$  and  $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ ) and elemental N (%N) and C (%C) composition of waste from salmon tanks, and of tissues (muscle bands, gonad, and intestine) in wild and captive (45 months under IMTA conditions) individuals of *Cucumaria frondosa*. Data are shown as means  $\pm$  s.d. (n = 4). Comparisons between captive and wild individuals were made using *t*-test; values with different superscript letters are significantly different.

	Waste	Male						Female					
		Muscle bands		Gonad		Intestine		Muscle bands		Gonad		Intestine	
		Wild	Captive	Wild	Captive	Wild	Captive	Wild	Captive	Wild	Captive	Wild	Captive
%N	3.2 $\pm$ 0.1	10.4 $\pm$ 0.7 <sup>a</sup>	11.8 $\pm$ 0.5 <sup>b</sup>	8.2 $\pm$ 1.5 <sup>b</sup>	6.5 $\pm$ 0.7 <sup>a</sup>	8.6 $\pm$ 0.3 <sup>a</sup>	9.5 $\pm$ 0.4 <sup>b</sup>	10.8 $\pm$ 0.6 <sup>a</sup>	12.0 $\pm$ 0.1 <sup>b</sup>	8.6 $\pm$ 0.8 <sup>b</sup>	7.1 $\pm$ 0.9 <sup>a</sup>	8.4 $\pm$ 0.6 <sup>a</sup>	9.9 $\pm$ 0.5 <sup>b</sup>
%C	27.0 $\pm$ 0.9	41.8 $\pm$ 1.9 <sup>a</sup>	46.0 $\pm$ 1.9 <sup>b</sup>	48.0 $\pm$ 2.0 <sup>a</sup>	55.6 $\pm$ 1.1 <sup>b</sup>	47.4 $\pm$ 3.1 <sup>a</sup>	48.9 $\pm$ 2.4 <sup>a</sup>	42.7 $\pm$ 1.5 <sup>a</sup>	46.1 $\pm$ 0.4 <sup>b</sup>	50.2 $\pm$ 1.4 <sup>a</sup>	54.1 $\pm$ 0.7 <sup>b</sup>	45.7 $\pm$ 1.8 <sup>a</sup>	49.2 $\pm$ 2.0 <sup>b</sup>
$\delta^{15}\text{N}$	11.8 $\pm$ 0.2	10.3 $\pm$ 1.2 <sup>a</sup>	11.4 $\pm$ 0.3 <sup>b</sup>	7.7 $\pm$ 1.2 <sup>a</sup>	10.8 $\pm$ 0.3 <sup>b</sup>	7.1 $\pm$ 0.2 <sup>a</sup>	12.0 $\pm$ 0.8 <sup>b</sup>	10.3 $\pm$ 1.0 <sup>a</sup>	11.7 $\pm$ 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	8.1 $\pm$ 1.6 <sup>a</sup>	10.5 $\pm$ 0.6 <sup>b</sup>	7.4 $\pm$ 0.7 <sup>a</sup>	12.1 $\pm$ 0.5 <sup>b</sup>
$\delta^{13}\text{C}$	-22.4 $\pm$ 0.3	-18.3 $\pm$ 0.4 <sup>a</sup>	-17.4 $\pm$ 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	-21.1 $\pm$ 0.4 <sup>a</sup>	-21.1 $\pm$ 0.4 <sup>a</sup>	-21.8 $\pm$ 0.3 <sup>a</sup>	-19.8 $\pm$ 0.5 <sup>b</sup>	-18.1 $\pm$ 0.5 <sup>a</sup>	-17.3 $\pm$ 0.2 <sup>b</sup>	-20.9 $\pm$ 0.7 <sup>a</sup>	-20.9 $\pm$ 0.3 <sup>a</sup>	-21.1 $\pm$ 0.8 <sup>a</sup>	-19.6 $\pm$ 0.1 <sup>b</sup>

Table S2. Results of PERMANOVA conducted on fatty acid profiles of salmon waste and of various tissues in males and females of *Cucumaria frondosa*.

Sex	Tissues	Contrast	<i>P</i> (perm)
Male	Muscle bands	Captive vs Wild	0.046
		Captive vs Waste	0.031
		Wild vs Waste	0.038
	Gonad	Captive vs Wild	0.027
		Captive vs Waste	0.024
		Wild vs Waste	0.023
	Intestine	Captive vs Wild	0.025
		Captive vs Waste	0.027
		Wild vs Waste	0.025
Female	Muscle bands	Captive vs Wild	0.031
		Captive vs Waste	0.029
		Wild vs Waste	0.033
	Gonad	Captive vs Wild	0.029
		Captive vs Waste	0.029
		Wild vs Waste	0.031
	Intestine	Captive vs Wild	0.034
		Captive vs Waste	0.034
		Wild vs Waste	0.027

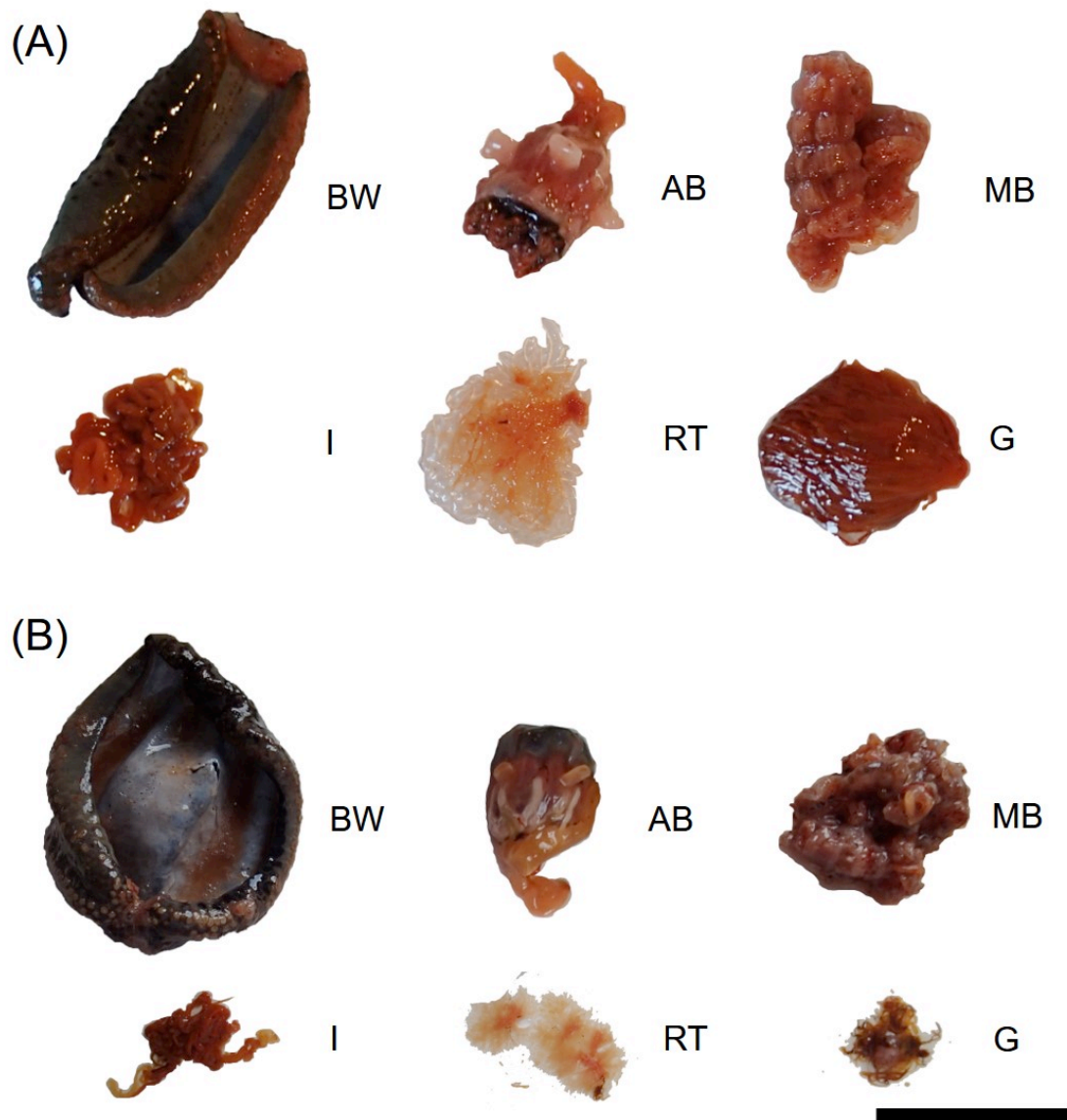


Figure S1. Morphometrics of (A) wild and (B) captive (45 months under IMTA conditions) individuals of *Cucumaria frondosa*. BW: body wall; AB: aquapharyngeal bulb; MB: muscle bands; I: intestine; RT: respiratory tree; G: gonad. Scale bar represents 3 cm.

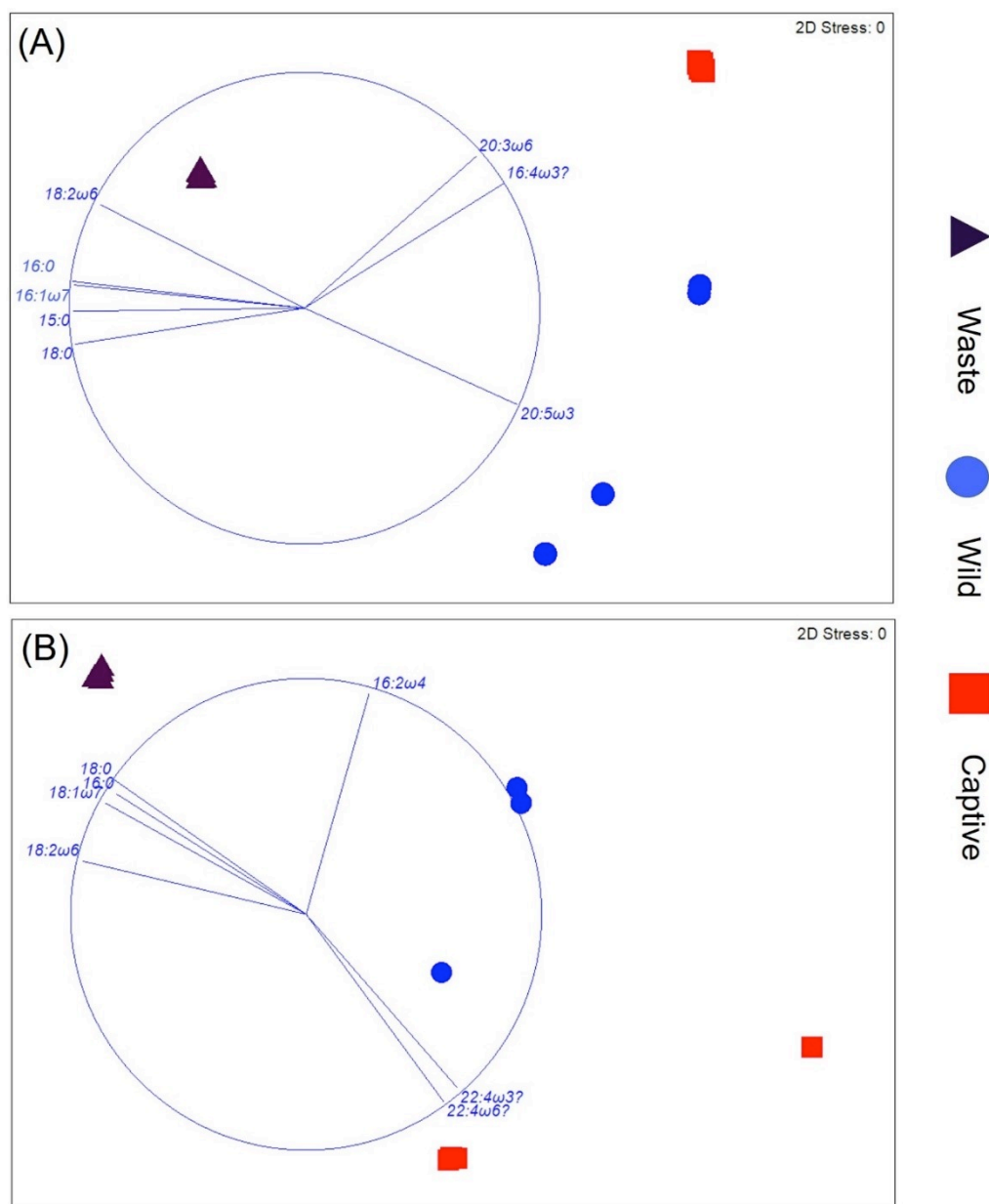


Figure S2. MDS plot of fatty acid composition of muscle bands in (A) male and (B) female individuals of wild and captive (45 months under IMTA conditions) *Cucumaria frondosa*, and in waste from salmon tanks (food for captive individuals).

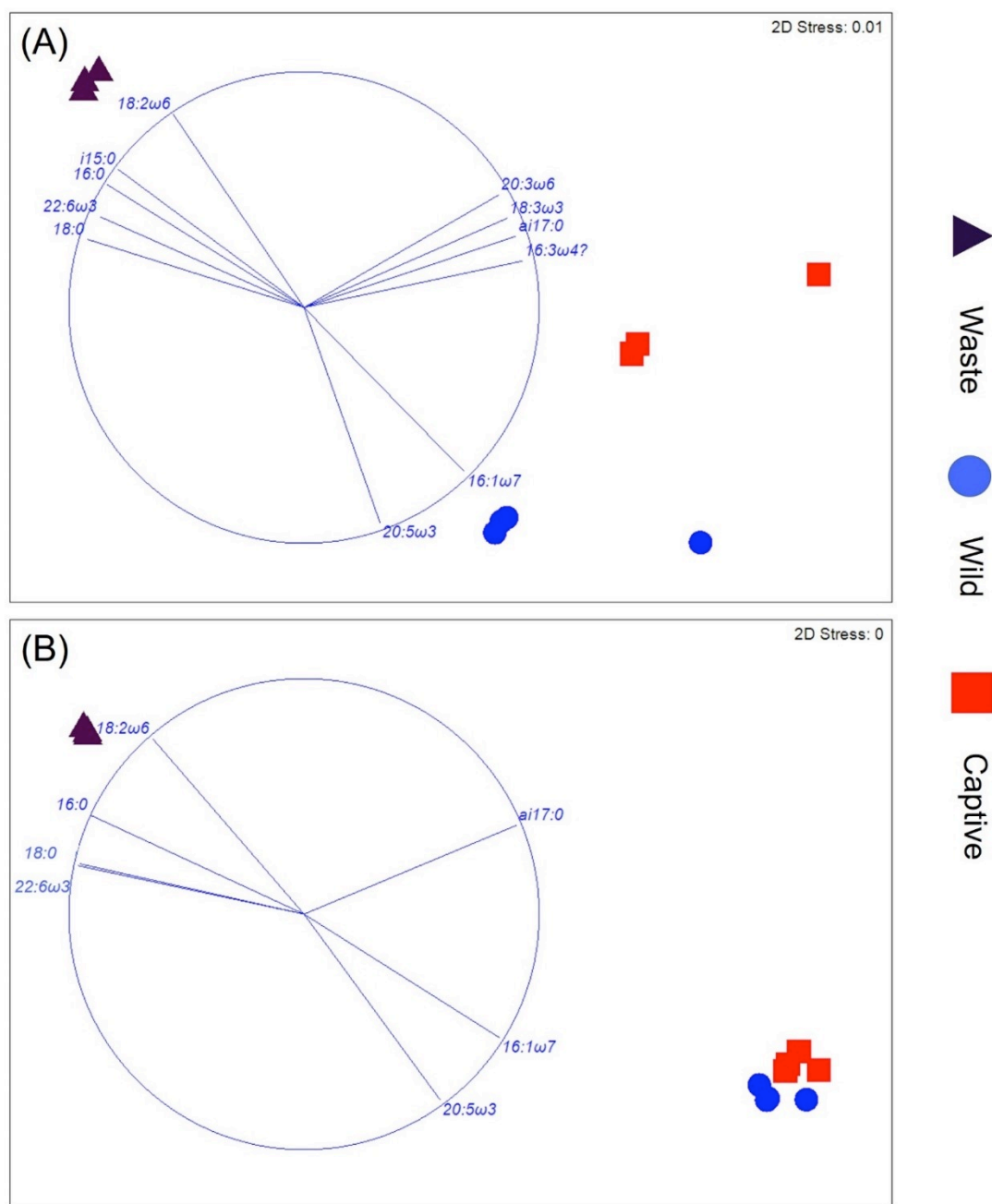


Figure S3. MDS plot of fatty acid composition of gonad in (A) male and (B) female individuals of wild and captive (45 months under IMTA conditions) *Cucumaria frondosa*, and in waste from salmon tanks (food for captive individuals).

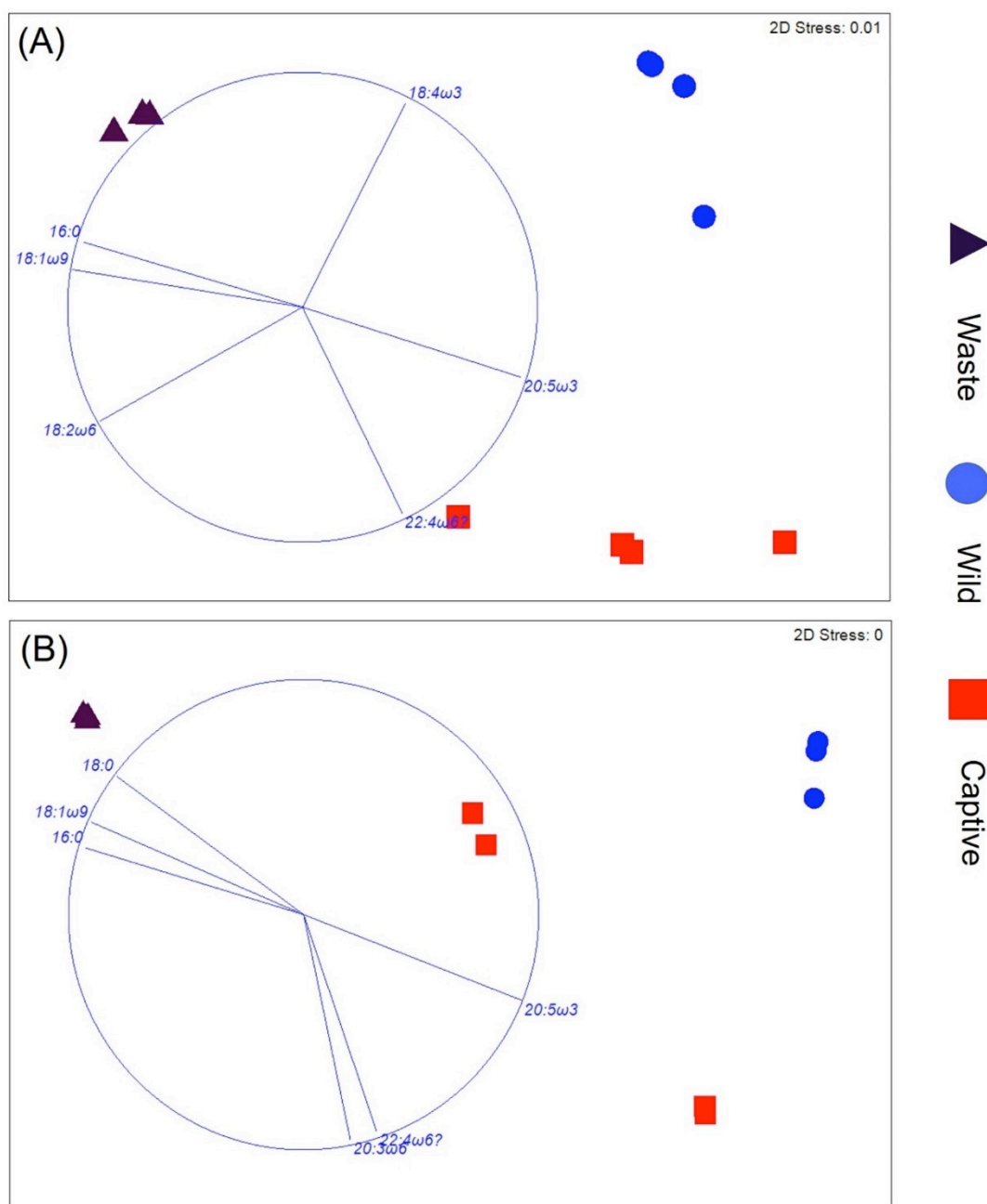


Figure S4. MDS plot of fatty acid composition of intestine of (A) male and (B) female individuals of wild and captive (45 months under IMTA conditions) *Cucumaria frondosa*, and in waste from salmon tanks (food for captive individuals).